



The 2016 EU Agricultural Outlook Conference

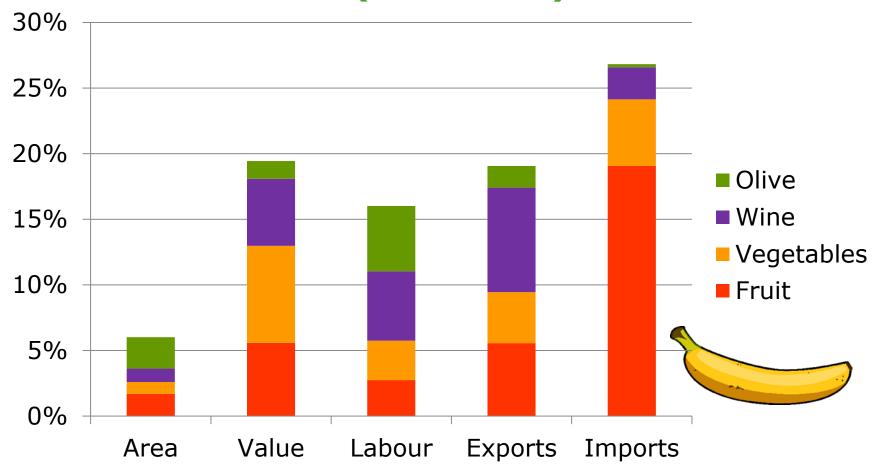
Wine, olive oil, fruit and vegetables

Brussels, 6-7 December





Important sectors for EU agriculture (% of total)





Diversity makes it complicated



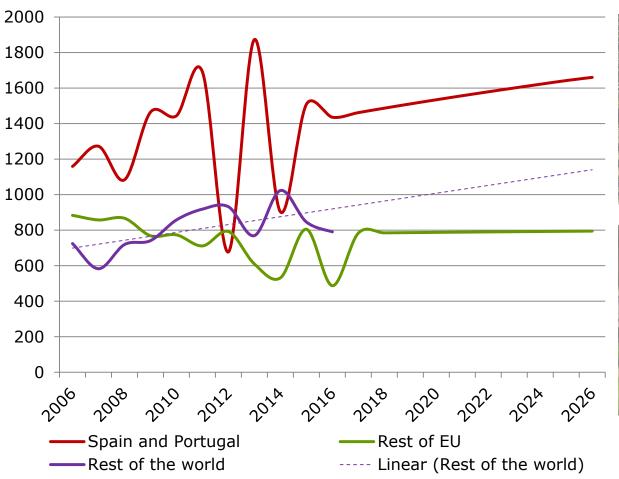








Olive oil – diverging trends in production (1000 t)

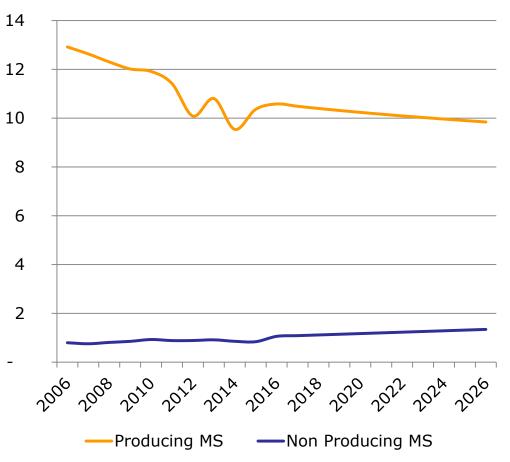








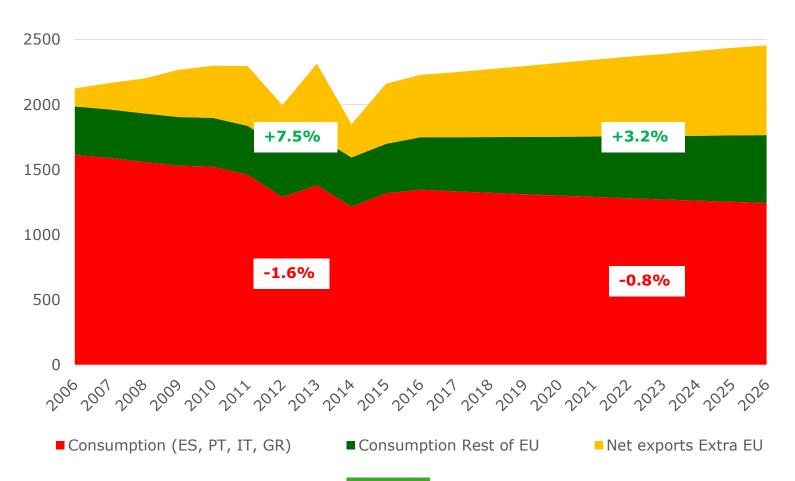
Olive oil - diverging trends in consumption (kg/capita)





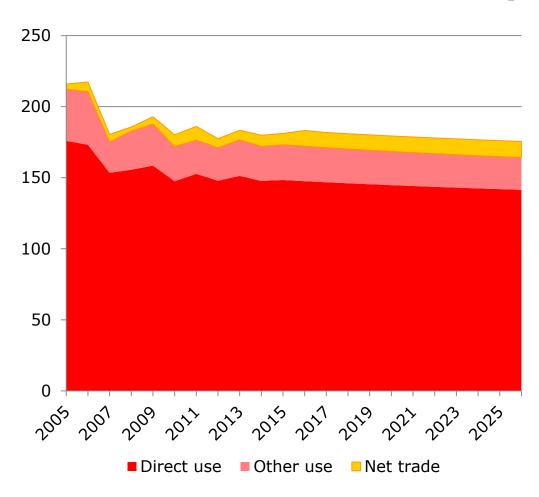


Olive oil – towards more net exports





Wine: new consumption trends

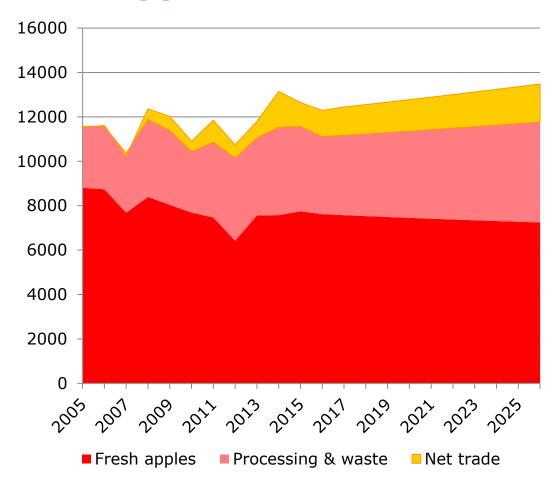




- Fresh / easy wines (in particular sparkling)
- Trade in bulk
- Segment of premium classical
- Growth in Asia / America



Apples: less fresh fruit, more exports



Fresh apples per capita in the EU

17.8 kg in 2005-06

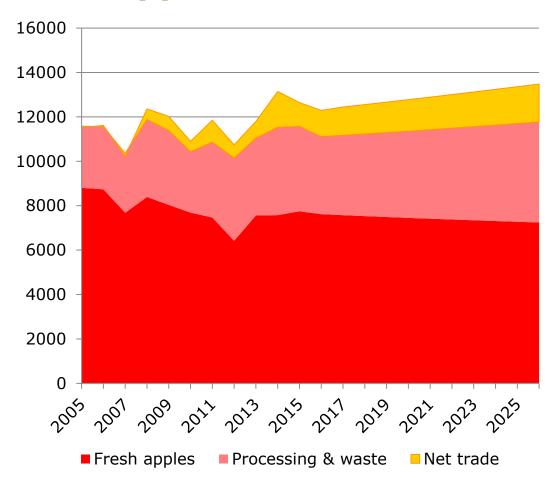
15.0 kg in 2015-16 14.2 kg in 2025-26

2.4 apples a week in 2005





Apples: less fresh fruit, more exports



Fresh apples per capita in the EU

17.8 kg in 2005-06

15.0 kg in 2015-16

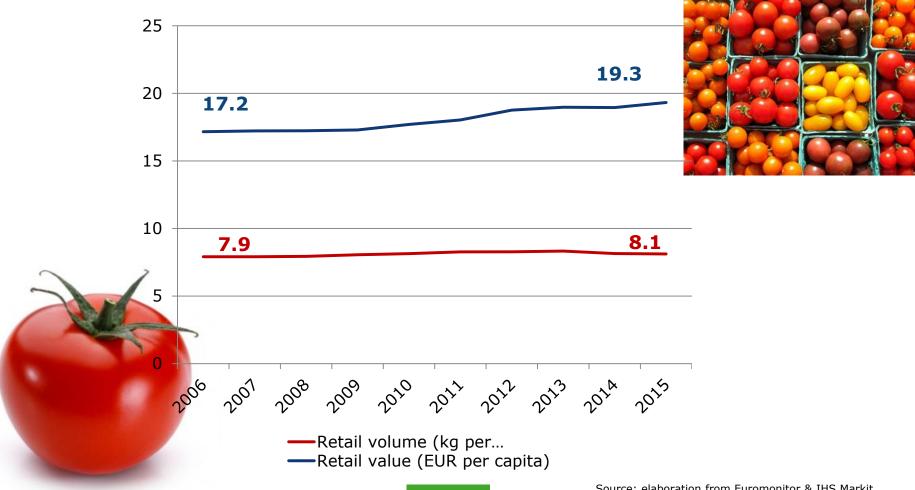
14.2 kg in 2025-26

1.9 apples a week in 2015





Tomatoes: stagnating consumption, value adding





Main messages



Important sectors but diversity of situations



Relative stagnation / decline of domestic consumption



Trade should play a role to balance



Value adding is key for such sectors