

Round tables on the green architecture of the CAP

Brussels, 12 November 2018

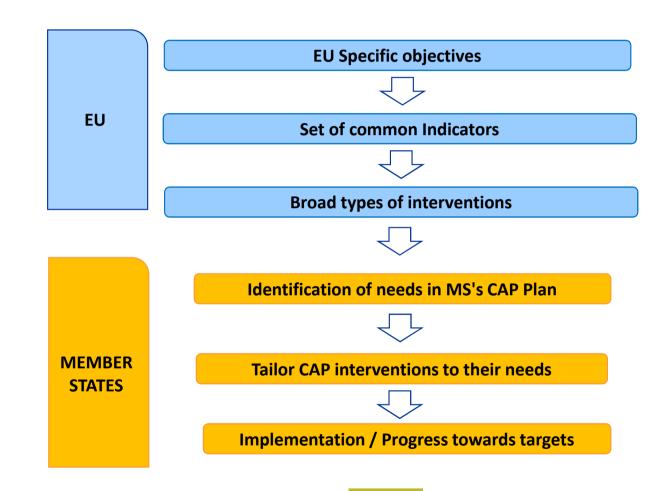
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#FutureofCAP



THE NEW DELIVERY MODEL OF THE CAP





FOCUS ON PERFORMANCE

Multi-annual programming approach for the whole CAP

COMMON OBJECTIVES INDICATORS TYPES OF INTERVENTIONS

Assurance

Annual Performance Clearance
Linking expenditure to output

Common Output Indicators

Monitoring

Annual Performance ReviewChecking progress towards targets



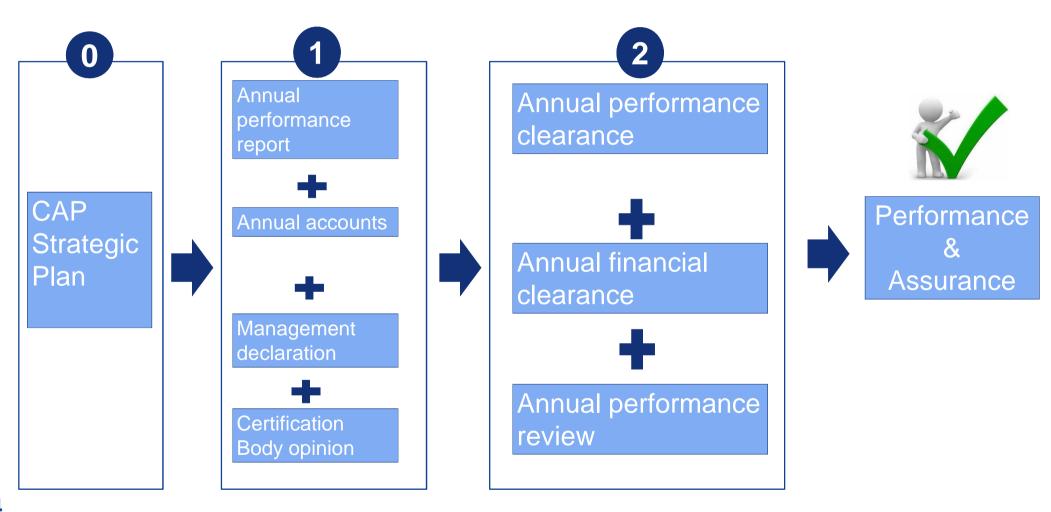
Policy performance

Interim Evaluation

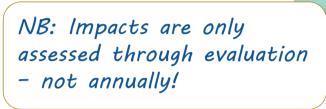
Assessing performance towards objectives



PLANNING - REPORTING - ASSURANCE - PERFORMANCE



ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND PERFORMANCE CLEARANCE AND PERFORMANCE REVIEW





Annual financial clearance (art 51)

EXPENDITURE

 Completeness, accuracy and veracity of the annual accounts



Annual performance clearance (art 52)

OUTPUTS

 Correspondence of outputs and expenditure



Annual performance review (art 121(8)&(9) SPR and 39 HZR)

RESULTS

 Possible action plans in cases of deviations >25%

INDICATORS IN THE CAP STRATEGIC PLANS

Common Output Indicators



The output indicators serve the purpose of counting what is immediately generated by an intervention

Output counts each intervention once, but one intervention can contribute to several results

Common Result Indicators



Result indicators serve the purpose of linking interventions to their policy objectives

Result indicators are used for target setting in CAP plans and monitoring progress towards those targets

To be planned in CAP Strategic Plan and reported in Annual Performance Report (APR)

Common Impact Indicators

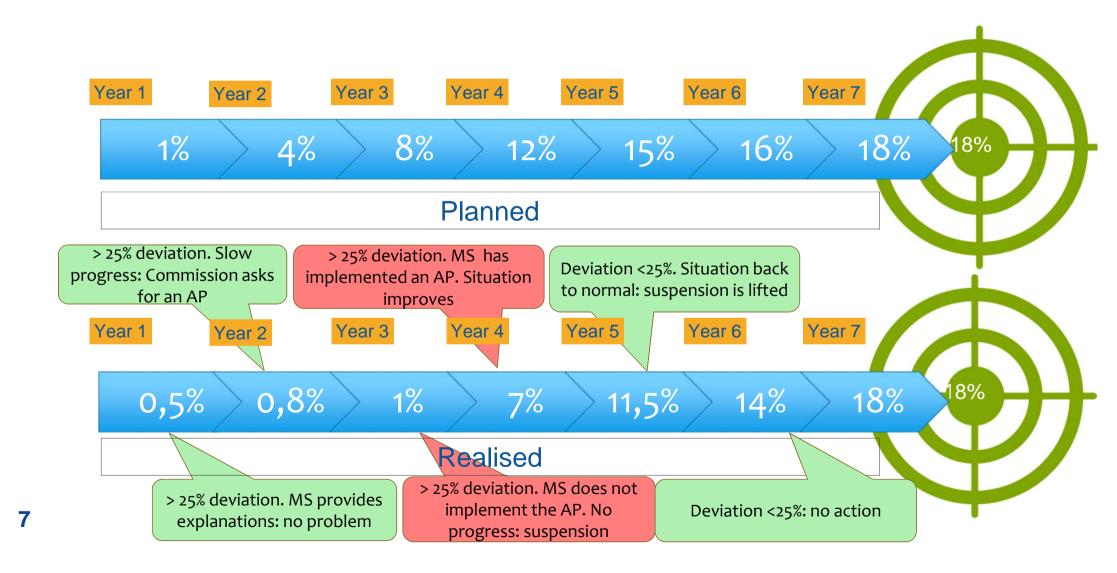


CAP Policy Performance

Impact indicators are used to evaluate policy performance at the level of overall objectives

Not to be set as targets in CAP Strategic Plan and reported in APR

REPORTING ON PROGRESS TOWARDS TARGETS





ANNEX



WHAT FOR: THE NEW ARCHITECTURE OF CAP OBJECTIVES

BROADER CAP OBJECTIVES

FOSTER A
RESILIENT FARM SECTOR

BOLSTER ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE

STRENGTHEN
FABRIC IN RURAL AREAS

SPECIFIC CAP OBJECTIVES

Economic

Ensure fair income
Increase Competitiveness
Rebalance power in food chains

Environment & Climate

Climate change action Environmental care Landscapes and biodiversity

Social

Generational renewal Vibrant rural areas Food and health quality

CROSS-CUTTING CAP OBJECTIVES

Sustainability

Modernisation

Simplification



Conditionality rules•Enhanced with regard to environment and climate

OVERVIEW OF THE NEW DIRECT PAYMENTS

Reduction of all direct paymentsAbove EUR 60 000 and capping at 100 000



To RD and/or to DP (with priority for redistributive income support for sustainability)

Coupled support

 Wide range of sectors (new: non-food products with potential to replace fossil material in the bio-economy)

• Up to 10% (+ 2 % for protein crops) of DP envelope (with exceptions)	
Complementary income support for young farmers	Eco-schemes
 Additional payment per hectare For young farmers who are newly set up for the 1st time 	 For practices beneficial to environment and climate Requirements and amount per hectare to be determined by MS
Complementary redistributive income support for sustainability	
 Additional amount per hectare not exceeding national average From bigger to smaller and medium-sized farms 	 Amount(s) per hectare, ranges of hectares and max number of hectares to be determined by MS
Basic Income support for sustainability	
 Payment per eligible hectare Possibly differentiated by groups of territories facing similar socio-economic of agronomic conditions Minimum requirements (min. farm size) 	- maximum value of PE

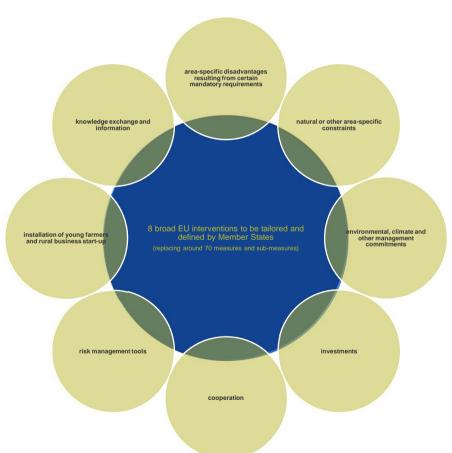
Round-sum payment for small farmers

- Round sum payment to be determined by MS
- Replacing all DPs
- Optional for farmers

Definitions (specified by MS): Genuine farmers, young farmers, agricultural activity, eligible hectare, agricultural area (arable land, permanent crops, permanent grassland)



FUTURE OF RURAL AREAS



HIGHLIGHTS

Minimum budget ringfencing of **total EAFRD** contribution:

- 30% for interventions addressing the three environmental/ climate objectives
- **5%** for LEADER

Overview of the coordination, demarcation and complementarities between EAFRD and other EU funds in rural areas in the CAP Plan

Mandatory to programme risk management tools (no minimum budget requirements)

Possibility to enhance
synergies with and fund
LIFE projects and
Erasmus-type
exchanges for young
farmers

Possibility of using financial instruments (incl. working capital), also in combination with grants

Increase of the maximum amount of aid for the installation of young farmers (up to EUR 100 000)



Integrated in the CAP plan regulation

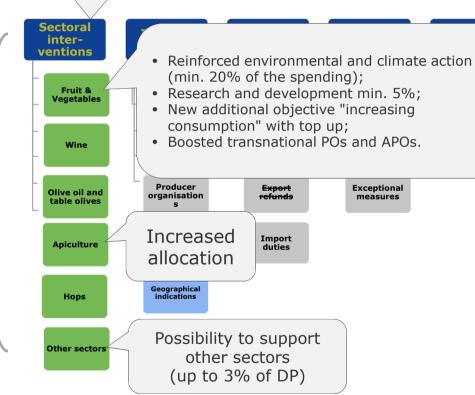
ORK FOR MARKETS

NEW: CAP plan Reg.

Reg. 1308/2013 (CMO) and amendments

Reg. 1151/2012, 251/2014 and amendments

Reg. 228/2013, 229/2013 and amendments



Other schemes

School Fruit & Milk

POSEI and Smaller Aegean Islands