

REP.Meb

MMO Economic Board

Meeting of 23 September 2015

- The 9th meeting of the MMO Economic Board took place on 23 September 2015, with the participation of experts from the various steps in the milk supply chain: CEJA (young farmers), COPA-COGECA (producers and cooperatives), EMB (European Milk Board), EDA (dairy industry), Eucolait (dairy trade) and Eurocommerce (retail). ECVC (Via Campesina) was not present. DG AGRI presentations and information exchanged during the meeting showed the following.
- EU milk production was up by 1.1% in the first 7 months of the year, but by 2.8% in the first 4 months after milk quota expiry. Production increases were registered in 16 MS in the 7 month period and in 19 MS in the period April-July.
- Average farm gate milk prices approximated 29.7 c/kg in July (12% below the last 5 years' average) and a further decrease is expected in August (-0.9%). Announcements for the months to come give a mixed picture: some expect further price cuts while others expect stable prices. Organic milk prices continue to offer better returns to producers.
- A slight recovery in the margin index was observed in the 2nd quarter thanks to decreasing feed costs. Immediate cash flow difficulties remain predominant. The solidarity package for farmers announced early September was positively received by farmers as a tool to help solve crucial financial problems at farm level, while market stabilising tools still need to show how effective they can be, depending on their uptake.
- Applications for private storage aid have reached 150 000 t butter and close to 50 000 t SMP since the opening of the scheme in the wake of the Russian import ban, while offers for sale into intervention now cover close to 20 000 t SMP.
- Dairy product quotations have shown signs of recovery over the last 2 weeks. On the world market, prices generally increased, especially for Oceania and the US. The last 3 GdT auctions closed with double digit increases in the global index, pushing market sentiment upwards.
- The assessment of EU stock levels based on a residual approach (production + imports consumption exports) confirmed important stocks

for SMP. The picture is more optimistic for cheese (where stocks are comparable to 2012 levels) and butter (declining trend started in July).

- At world level, milk production increased by some 1.8 million t in the first half of the year, mainly due to the EU (+ 833 500 t) and the US (+ 766 000 t). There is no sign of production slowdown in the EU but the USDA is revising downwards its world production forecast. World exports are decreasing, reflecting demand slow down, but EU exports remain dynamic for most dairy products. China imports are back to normal levels, i.e. below the 2013-2014 peak volumes but above 2012. Concerns remain with regard to possible difficulties in oil producing countries traditionally importing dairy products, given decreasing oil returns. Assessing the stock situation in importing countries remains an open question.
- With regard to EU internal consumption, latest 0 retail price decreases were depicted as resulting from the market surplus situation. Over the summer, retailers addressed local situations at individual level and supply chain dialogue was opened in a number of cases. Actions have been taken to promote internal consumption. Consumption patterns tend to be local, but overall a decrease in drinking milk volume sales is observed, while other dairy categories experience better performance.
- For the short-term outlook, cumulative EU milk deliveries in 2015 were estimated to increase by 1.1%. Milk production increases continue in IE, HU, NL, ES, PL, UK, while downward trends are expected in FR and DE. Production would continue to increase in 2016 but by no more than 0.9%. For 2015, increased milk production would translate into 1.3% more cheese (and a stock increase by 30 000 t), 7.5% more SMP (and +25 000 t stocks) and 4% more butter (and + 5 000 t stocks).
- Overall, there is some perception that the worst might be passed but nobody would bet on asserting that the slight recovery signs noticed in the latest weeks already point towards a lasting positive trend. While the supply/demand imbalance persists, market sentiment has improved.

ANNEX 1

Milk Market Situation

European Commission



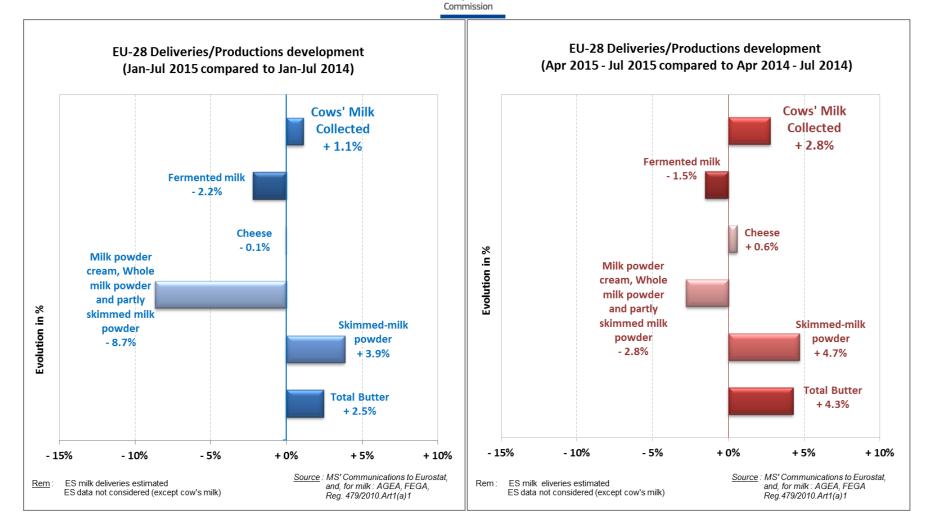


Milk Market Situation

Brussels, 23 September 2015

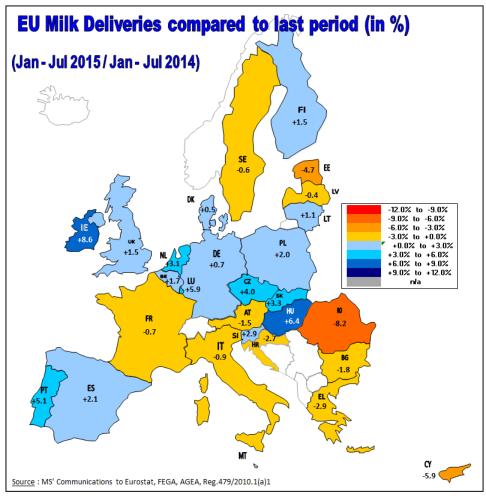
EU Productions

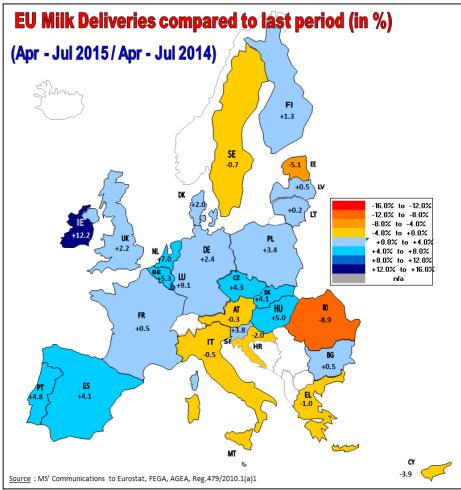




III Data from some Member States are confidential and are NOT included in this table III 23 Sep 2015

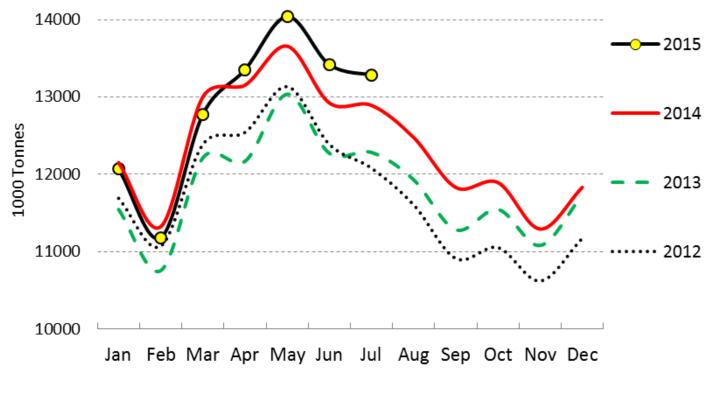


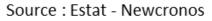






EU - Cows' milk collected



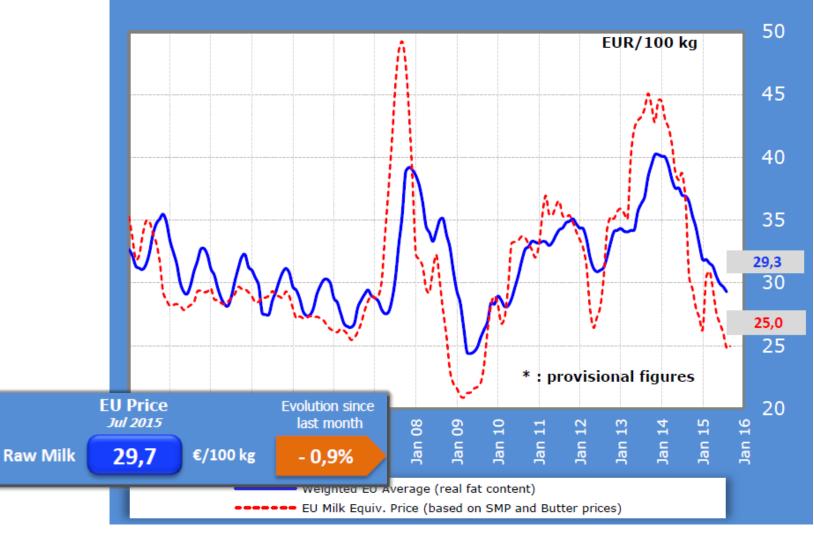


Last update : Jan-Jul



Commission

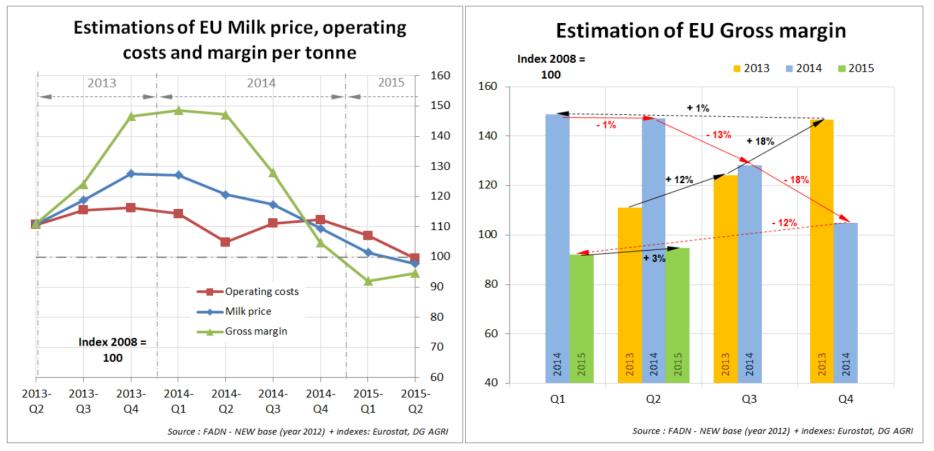
EU Raw Milk Prices Evolution (up to August 2015*)



23 Sep 2015



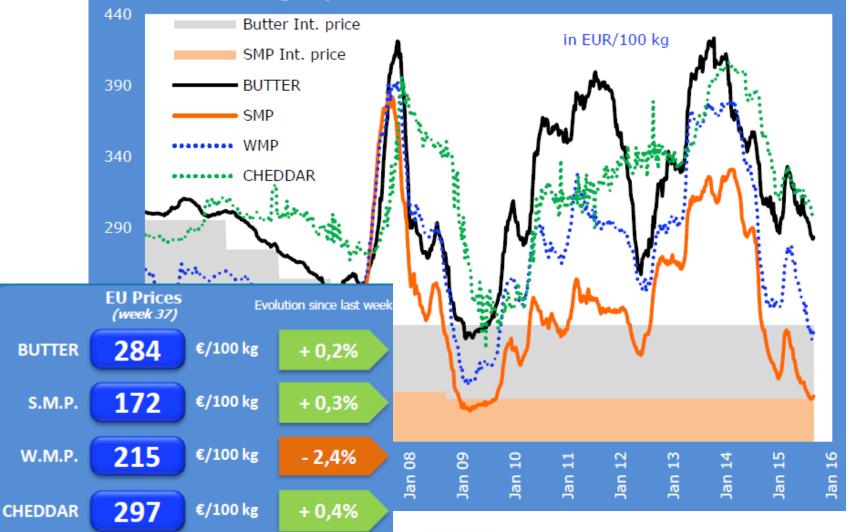
EU GROSS MARGIN (2nd Quarter 2015)



Source : FADN - NEW base : year 2012 + indexes: Eurostat, DG AGRI



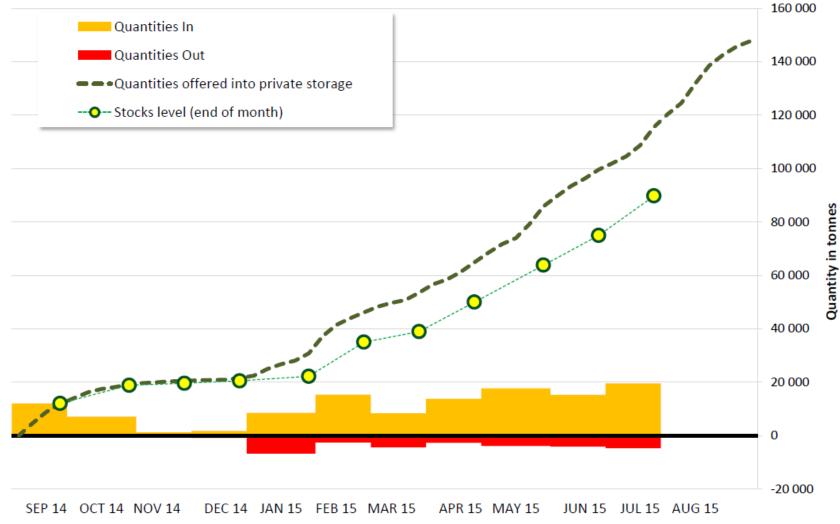
EU average quotations of main commodities



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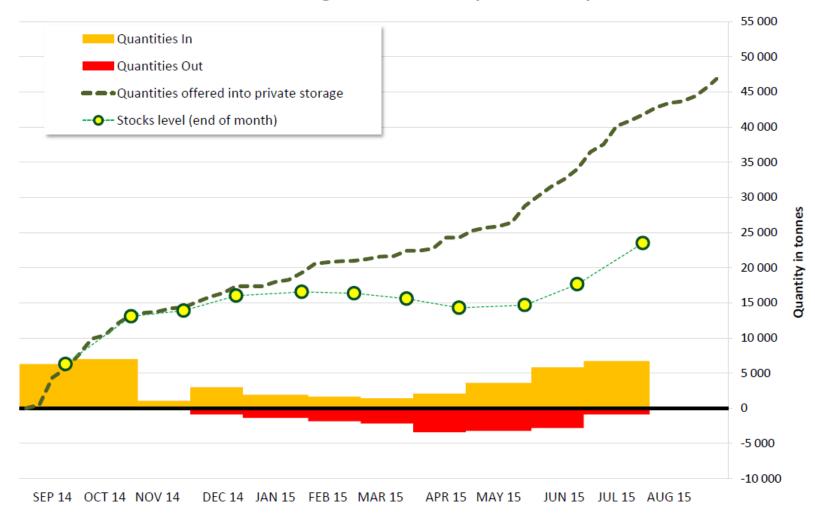


Private Storage Aid Scheme (2014-2015) - BUTTER





Private Storage Aid Scheme (2014-2015) - S.M.P.





Latest World Quotations of Dairy Products

	Latest Quotations		Week - 2						
In US\$/t	20/09/2015		06/09/2015			% change (previous quotation)			
	EU	Oceania	USA	EU	Oceania	USA	EU	Oceania	USA
Butter	"(3 201	 2 988	5 814	3 159	2 825	5 525	+ 1.3%	1 + 5.8%	1 + 5.2%
SMP	JUI 1 943	1 938	1 973	1 914	1 788	1 926	💛 + 1.5%	🕈 + 8.4%	
WMP	2 425		2 811	2 455	2 025	2 811	ڬ - 1.2%	🕈 + 13.6%	- 🔶
Cheddar	JII 3 343	JU 3 000	3 681	3 292	3 000	3 737	+ 1.5%	- 🔶	<u>\</u> - 1.5%

Source : Member States Notifications, USDA

ANNEX 2

EU dairy products monthly stock situation at the end of July, 2015

EDA

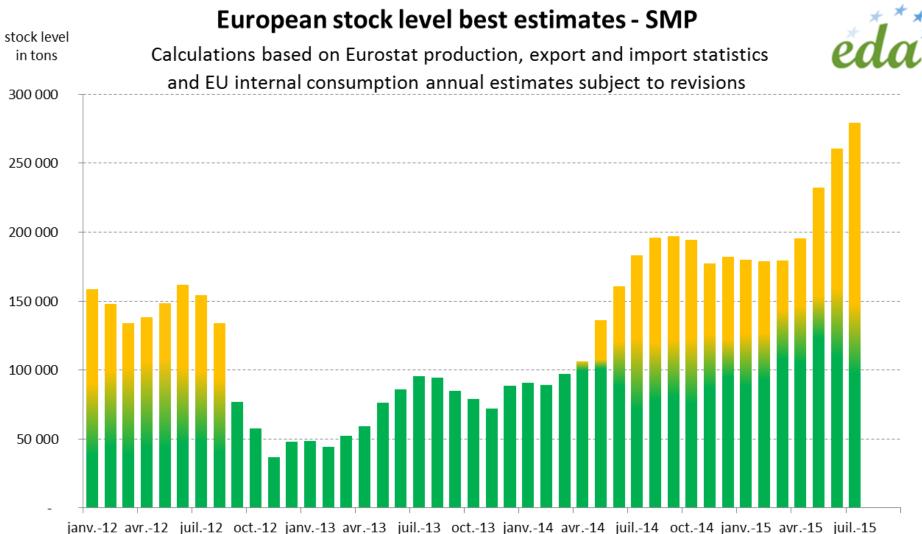


EU dairy products monthly stock situation at the end of July, 2015

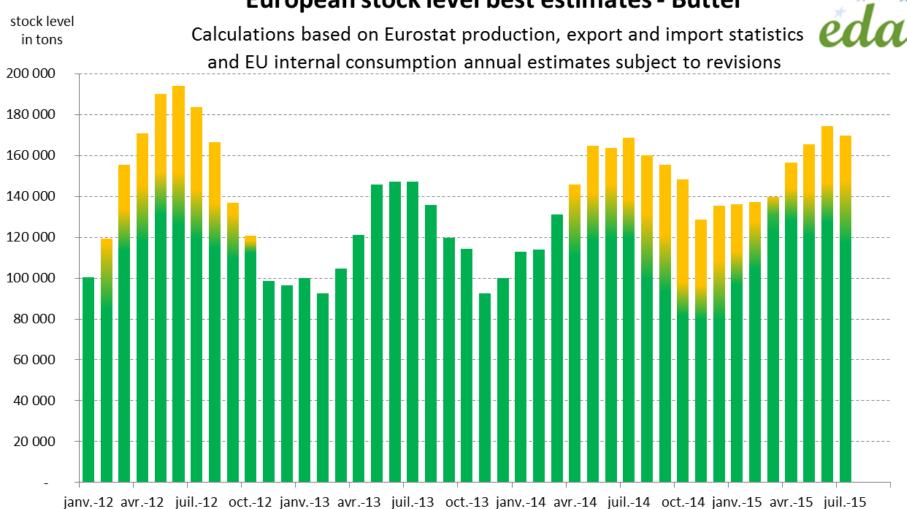
Milk Market Observatory Economic Board September 23rd, 2015

Methodology

- For each dairy product and each month, the stock estimates are based on the equation:
 - **Stock variation** = EU production + EU import EU internal consumption EU exports
- ZMB balance sheets and forecasts have been used as references for :
 - End of year stocks levels in 2012 and 2013
 - Yearly consumption levels in 2012, 2013, 2014 and forecast for 2015
- Monthly production statistics are based on ZMB Dairy World publications.
- Exports and imports figures are based on MMO website figures.
- The initial stocks entered in the model at the beginning of 2012 are :
 - SMP: 152 000 t
 - Butter: 80 000 t
 - Cheese: 200 000 t (arbitrary basis)
- The green parts in each graph mean that this stock level can be considered as normal for the month.
- The orange part means that this stock level can be considered as too high for the month
- These qualifications are based on the EDA analysts' personal views and past market observation.







European stock level best estimates - Butter

European stock level best estimates - Cheese stock level Calculations based on Eurostat production, export and import statistics in tons and EU internal consumption annual estimates subject to revisions 400 000 350 000 300 000 250 000 200 000 150 000 100 000 50 000 janv.-12 avr.-12 juil.-12 oct.-12 janv.-13 avr.-13 juil.-13 oct.-13 janv.-14 avr.-14 juil.-14 oct.-14 janv.-15 avr.-15 juil.-15

ANNEX 3

Perspectives from the Dairy Trade

Eucolait



Perspectives from the Dairy Trade

Milk Market Observatory Meeting 23 September 2015



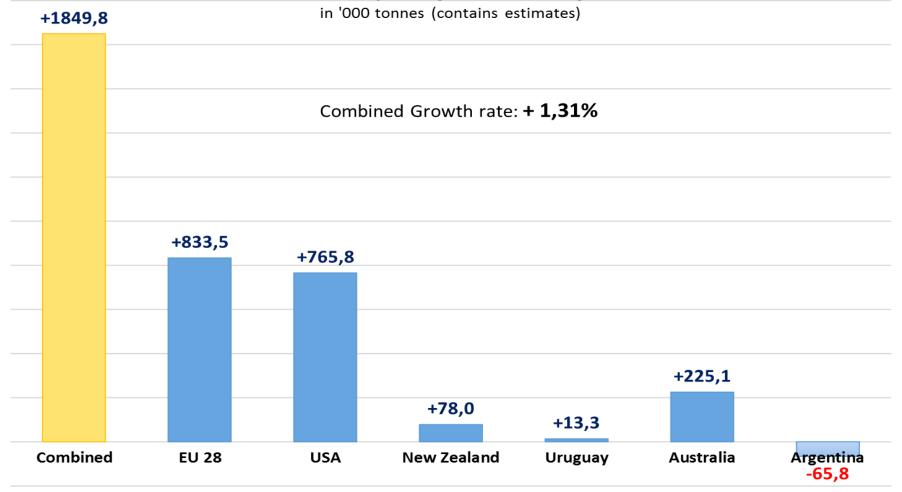
Outline

- Global Supply
- Global Exports
- Global Demand
- Conclusions



H1 2015 milk production in key export regions

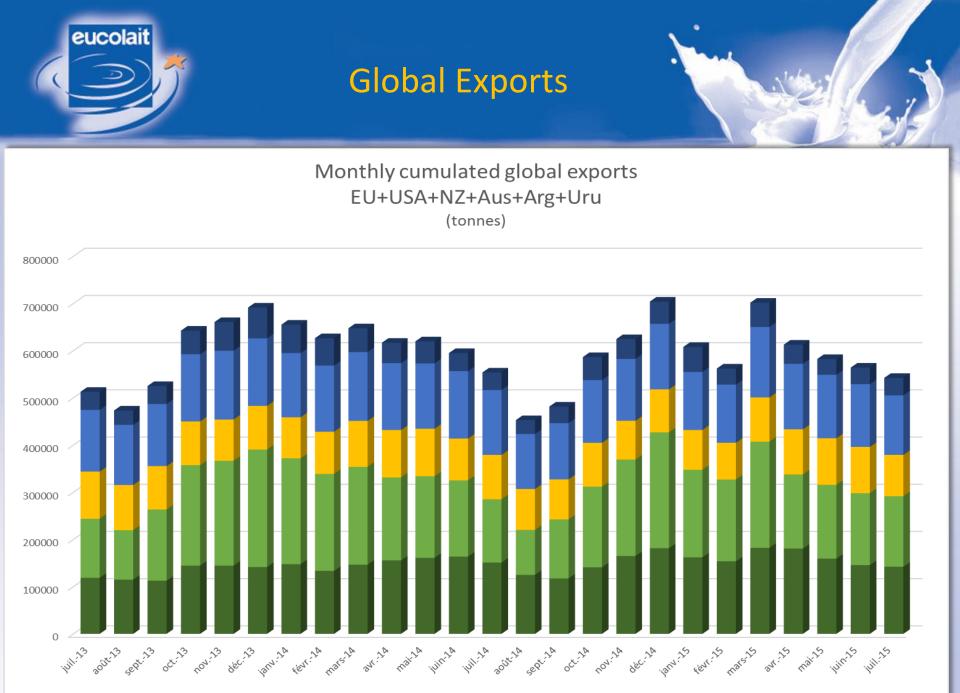
Comparing H1 2015 milk production with H1 2014 in main exporting countries/regions,





Production outlook

- EU some slow-down of growth detectable?
- US production forecast for 2015 unchanged at +1,4% or 94,7 M tonnes; 2016 forecast lowered to +2%
- NZ: Fonterra forecast for the 2015/16 season at 1,589 million kgMS (-2 to -3%)
- Australia: forecast for 2015/16 season unchanged at + 2% (9,6-9,7 billion liters)



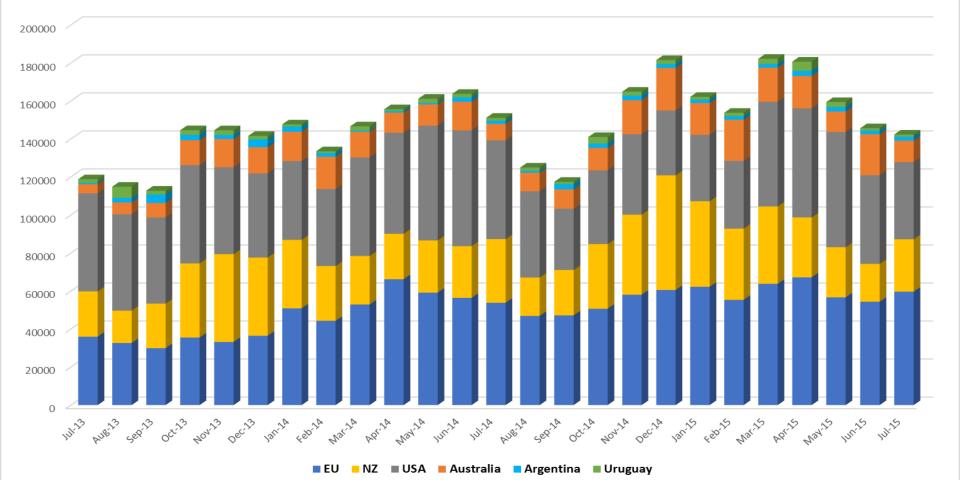
■ SMP ■ WMP ■ Whey ■ Cheese and Curd ■ Butter



Global SMP Exports

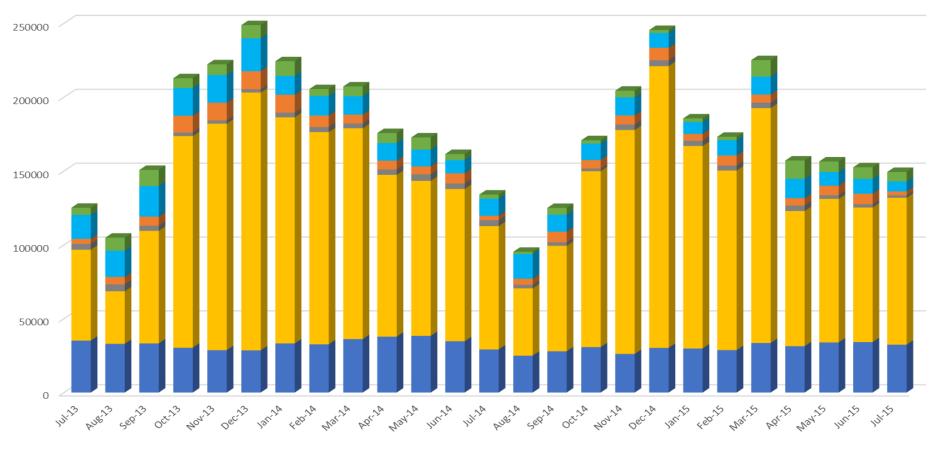


Monthly cumulated SMP exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)





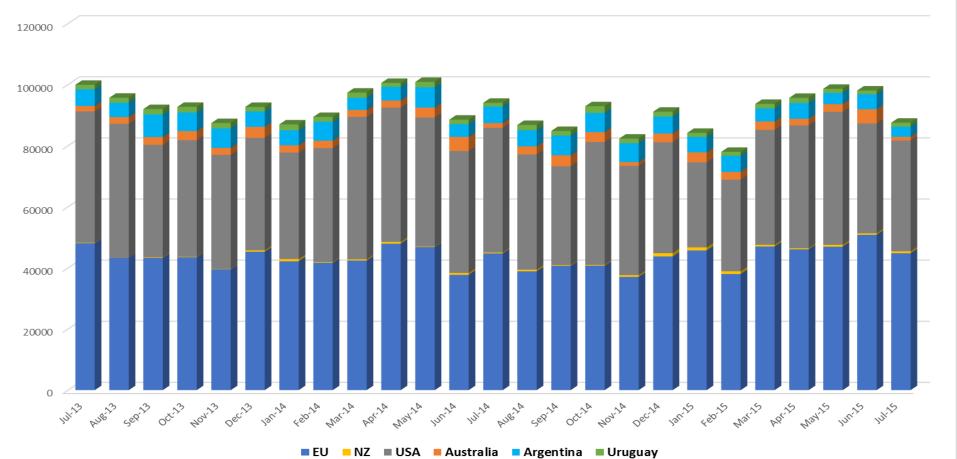
Monthly cumulated WMP exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)



EU NZ USA Australia Argentina Uruguay

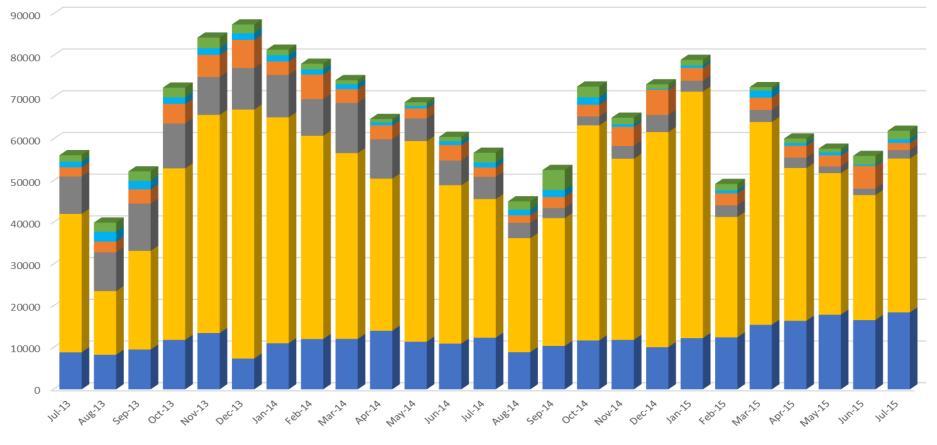


Monthly cumulated Whey exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)





Monthly cumulated Butter and Butteroil exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)



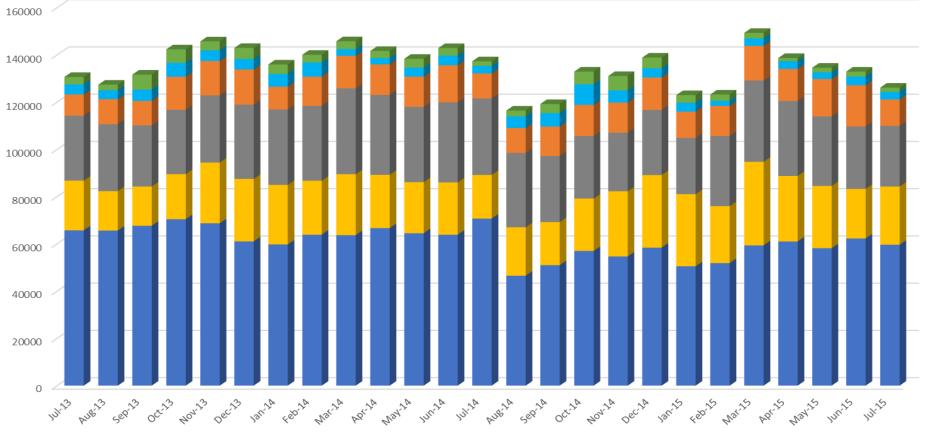
EU NZ USA Australia Argentina Uruguay



Cheese Exports



Monthly cumulated cheese exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)



EU NZ USA Australia Argentina Uruguay



Main markets for EU dairy products in H1 2015

EU SMP EXPORTS

Main destinations	% of shares in quantities
Algeria	15%
Egypt	10%
China	7%
Indonesia	6%
Thailand	5%
Philippines	4%
Vietnam	4%
Saudi Arabia	4%
Pakistan	4%
Malaysia	4%
RoW	37%

EU WMP EXPORTS			
Main destinations	% of shares in quantities		
Oman	17%		
Algeria	11%		
Nigeria	7%		
Cuba	6%		
Saudi Arabia	4%		
Lebanon	4%		
Jnited Arab Emirate	4%		
Kuwait	3%		
Angola	3%		
Dominican Republic	2%		
RoW	39%		

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EU WHEY EXPORTS				
Main destinations	% of shares			
China	31%			
Indonesia	15%			
Malaysia	10%			
Thailand	7%			
Vietnam	4%			
Pakistan	3%			
Japan	3%			
Singapore	2%			
Philippines	2%			
Korea South	2%			
RoW	22%			

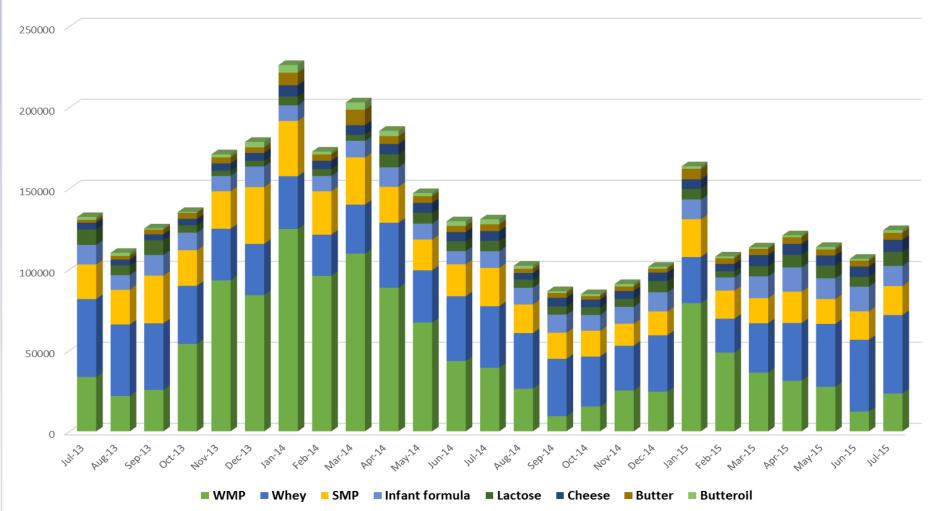
EU BUTTER EXPORTS			
Main destinations	% of shares		
Saudi Arabia	13%		
Egypt	12%		
United States	10%		
Singapore	7%		
Morocco	4%		
Turkey	4%		
Jnited Arab Emirate	4%		
China	4%		
Taiwan	3%		
Uzbekistan	3%		
RoW	36%		

EU CHEESE EXPORTS			
Main destinations	% of shares		
United States	19%		
Japan	10%		
Switzerland	8%		
Saudi Arabia	5%		
Korea South	5%		
Algeria	3%		
Egypt	3%		
Australia	3%		
Libya	3%		
Jnited Arab Emirate	2%		
RoW	39%		



CHINA MONTHLY CUMULATED GLOBAL IMPORTS

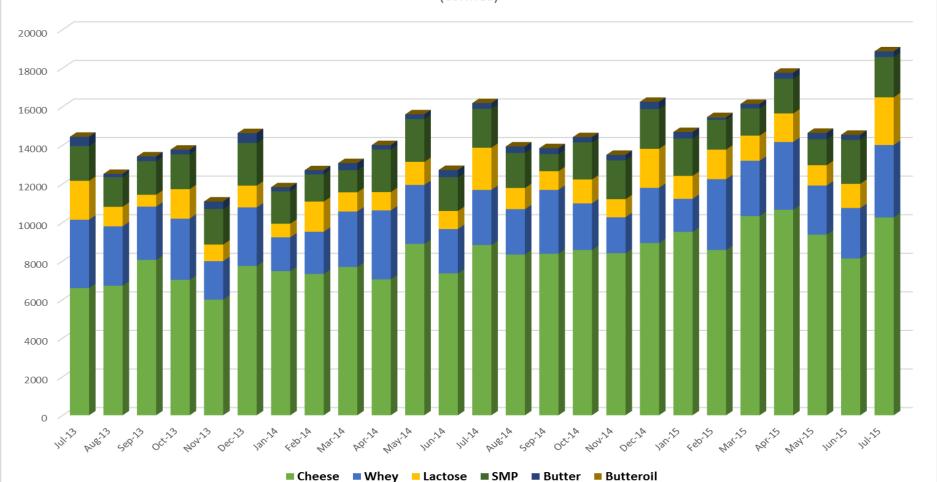
(tonnes)

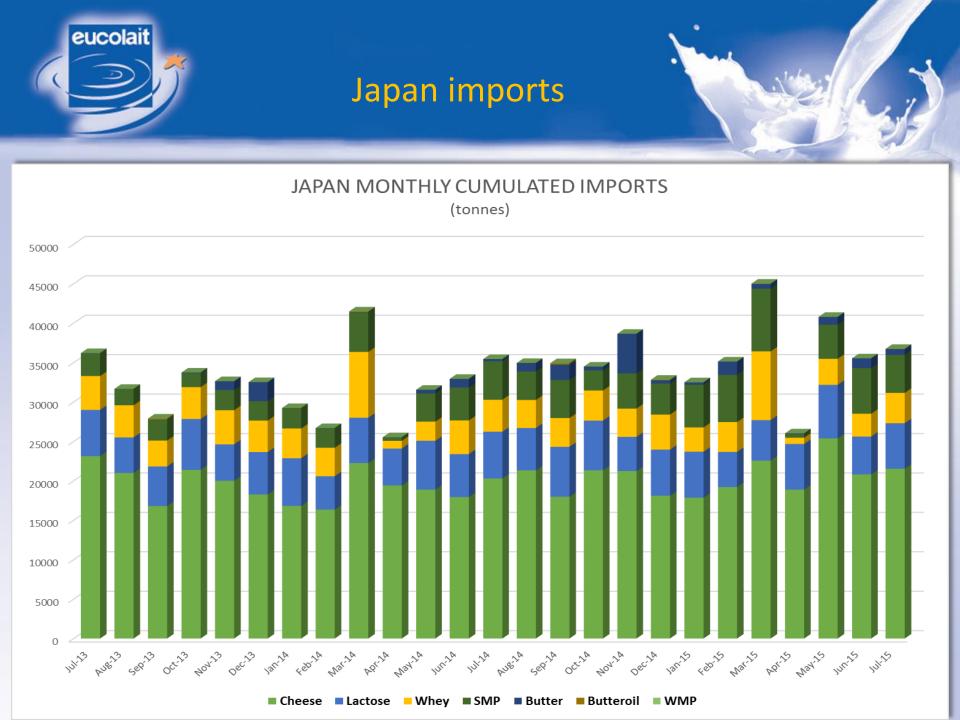


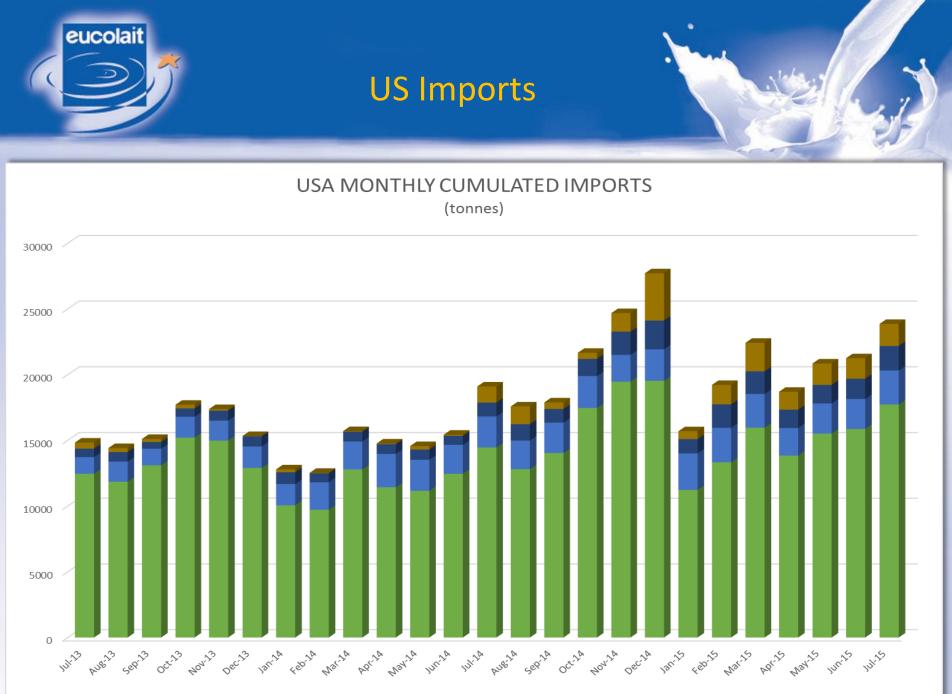


South Korea imports

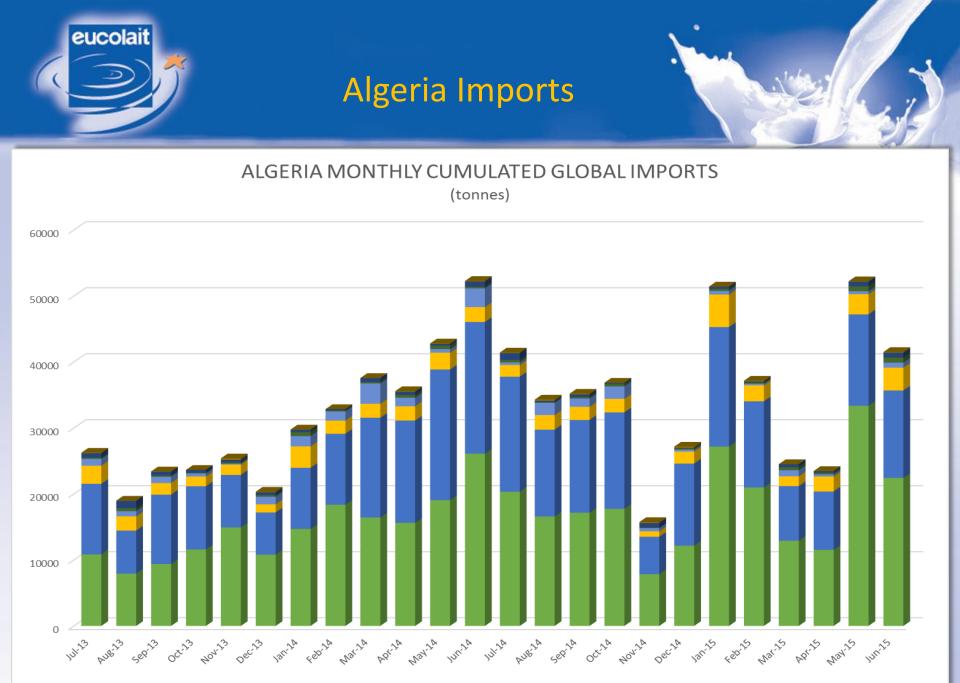
SOUTH KOREA MONTHLY CUMULATED IMPORTS (tonnes)







Cheese Whey Butter Butteroil



■ WMP ■ SMP ■ Cheese ■ Butteroil ■ Whey ■ Butter ■ Lactose



Conclusions

Sentiment has somewhat improved although the supply/demand imbalance persists

- China imports return to more normal volumes, no significant increases expected
- Concerns about demand in emerging markets (Middle East, Africa)
- US demand and relative absence on the world market continues to help Europe
- It appears the bottom has been reached but no immediate recovery is in sight
- No change in the medium-long term fundamentals



Thank You

<u>Sources used in presentation</u>: GTIS, EU Commission, USDA, Dairy Australia, DCANZ, Fonterra, Clal, Inale

Eucolait <u>www.eucolait.eu</u> info@eucolait.eu

ANNEX 4

Short-term forecasts Dairy

EUROPEAN COMMISSION







Short-term forecasts Dairy

MMO 23 Sept 2015

Sophie Hélaine

DG Agriculture and Rural Development European Commission

Agriculture and Rural Development

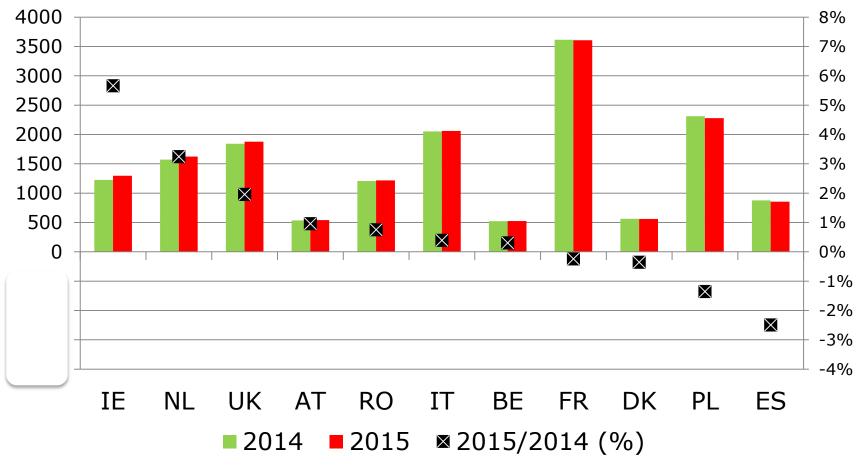


Outline

- Number of dairy cows
- Cow slaughterings
- Deliveries
- Product use, trade and stocks

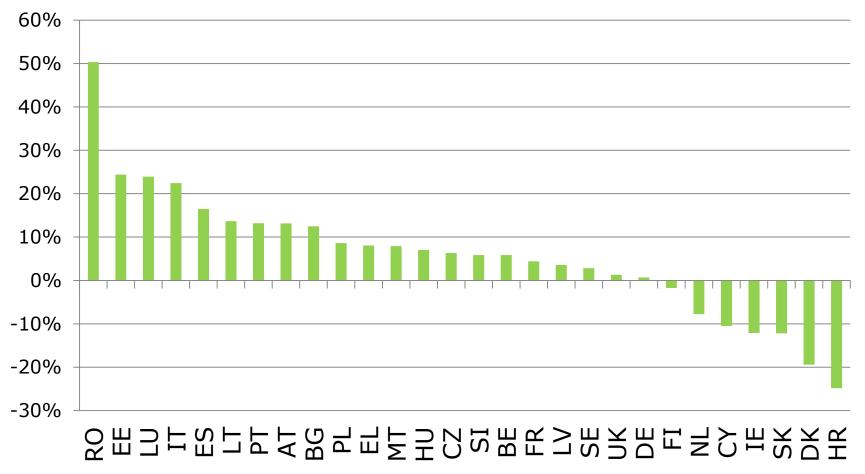


Number of dairy cows (1000 heads) May/June survey





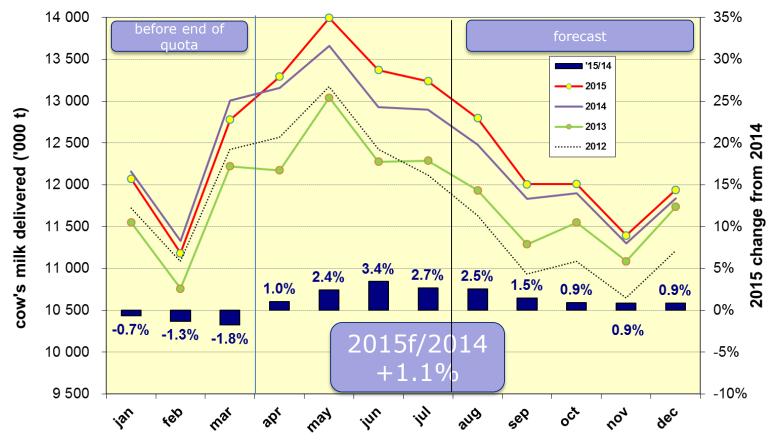
Change in (beef and dairy) cow slaughterings Jan-June 2015/2014



Source: Eurostat



An expected slow down in EU milk deliveries growth in the coming months

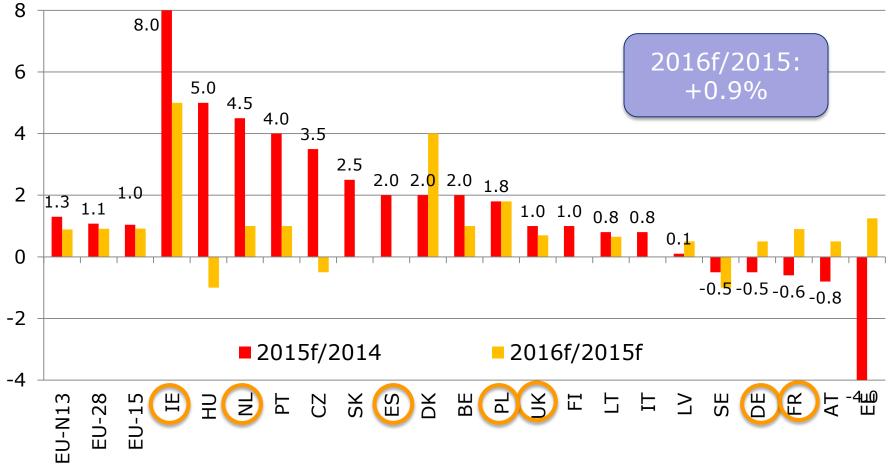


Source: DG Agriculture and Rural Development, forecasts

DE: based on ZMB data (not accounting for foreign milk), ES: MS notifications, IT: Assolatte



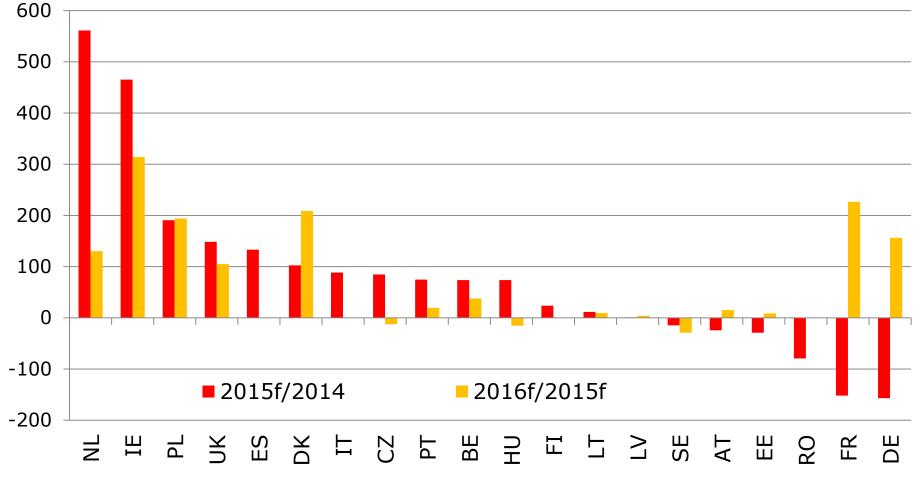
Different MS profiles for milk deliveries annual growth (%)



Source: DG Agriculture and Rural Development, forecasts



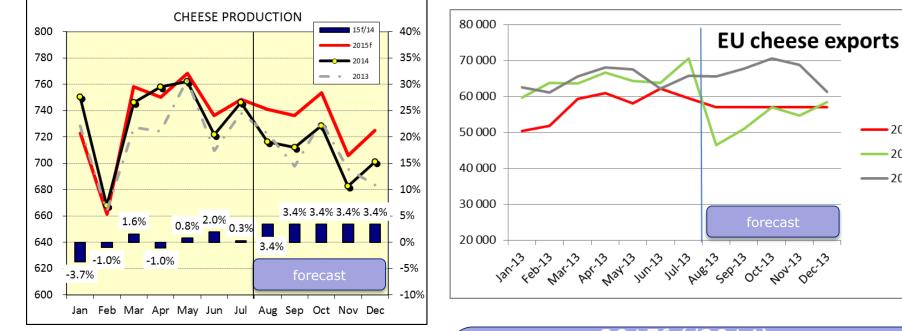
Milk deliveries annual growth (1000 t)



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Use of milk: Cheese



2015f (/2014): Prod. 9.69 Mt (+1.3%) Exp. 690 000 t (-4.5%) Per cap. cons 19.1 kg/cap (+1.1%) Stocks change: + 30 000 t

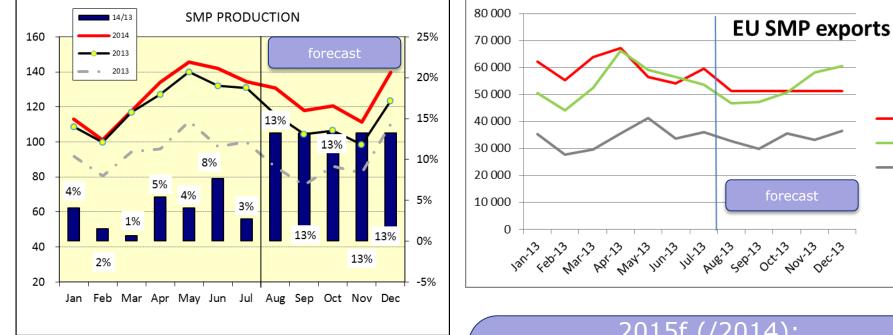
2015

2014

-2013



Use of milk: SMP



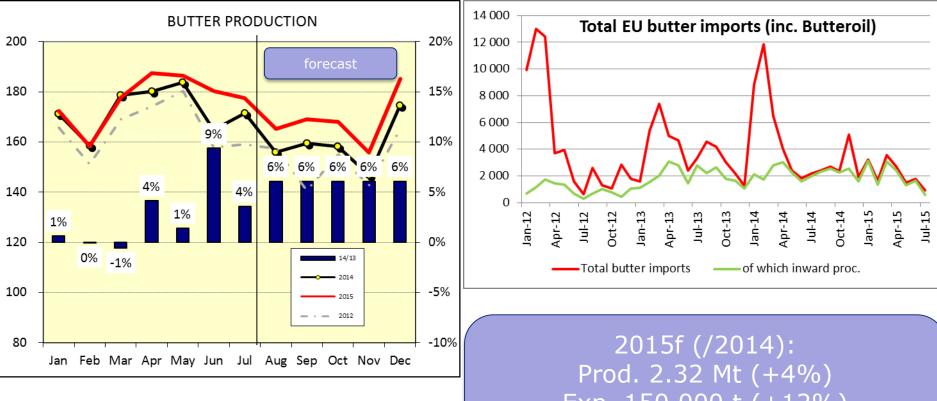
2015f (/2014): Prod. 1.5 Mt (+7.5%) Exp. 675 000 t (+4.5%) Stocks: Private stocks: +25 000 t Intervention: + 55 000 t 2015

2014

-2013



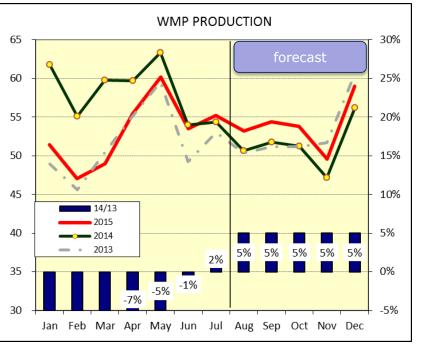
Use of milk: Butter



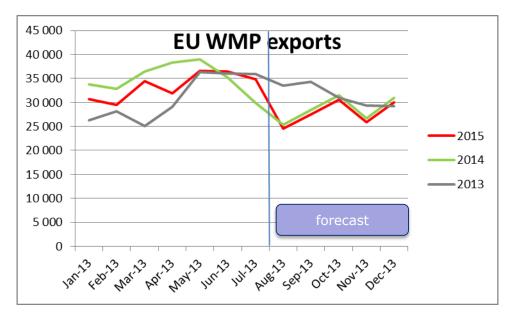
Exp. 150 000 t (+12%) Per cap. cons: 4.3 kg/cap (+3.4%) Private stocks: +5 000 t

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Use of milk: WMP



2015f (/2014): Prod. 740 000 t (-3.5%) Exp. 370 000 t (-4%)

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