



The EU Protein Plan

State of play

Workshop 2
Agronomic practices & environmental Benefits
11 June 2018



Agenda

1. Context
2. Preliminary results
3. Progress on work plan



Context: a lot of interest

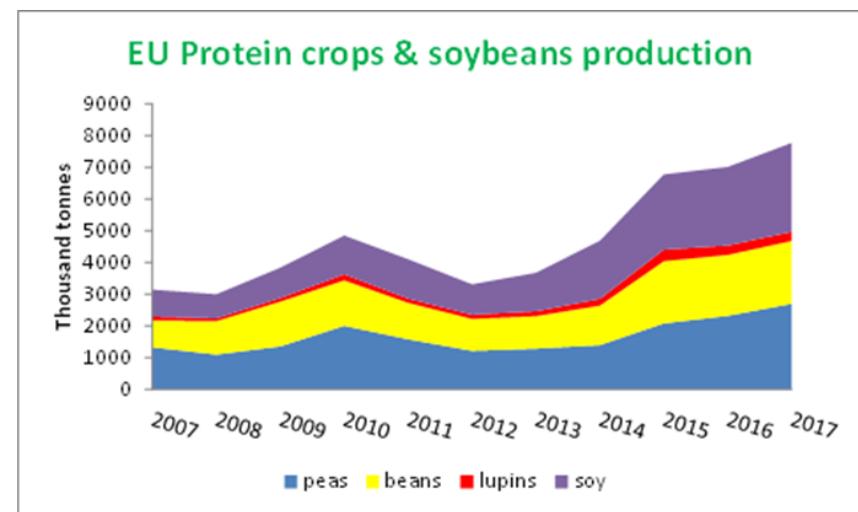
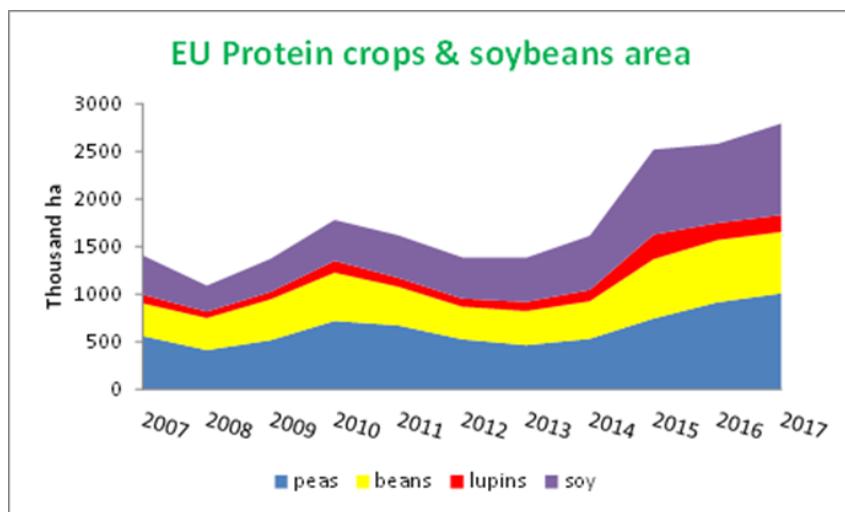
- Various requests from **stakeholders** on "plant proteins" (e.g. FEFAC Conference June 2017)
- **Council:** discussions on plant proteins at Council level mid-2017 on "**Soya Declaration**" + February 2018 about work programme for the EU protein plan – broad support from Member States for EU protein plan
- **European Parliament:** April 2018 adoption of initiative report (MEP Denanot) on a "**European strategy for the promotion of protein crops**"
- **European Commission:** preparation of "**Protein Plan for Europe**" to be published as Commission Report end 2018
- **Austria** (as EU Presidency) will host **EU conference on Plant Proteins** on 22/23 November 2018

Context: EU protein crops and EU soya Production on the rise

Area/production more than doubled since 2013

EU protein crops (peas, beans, lupins): 5 Mio tonnes

EU soya: 2.8 Mio tonnes





Results: Stakeholder Survey

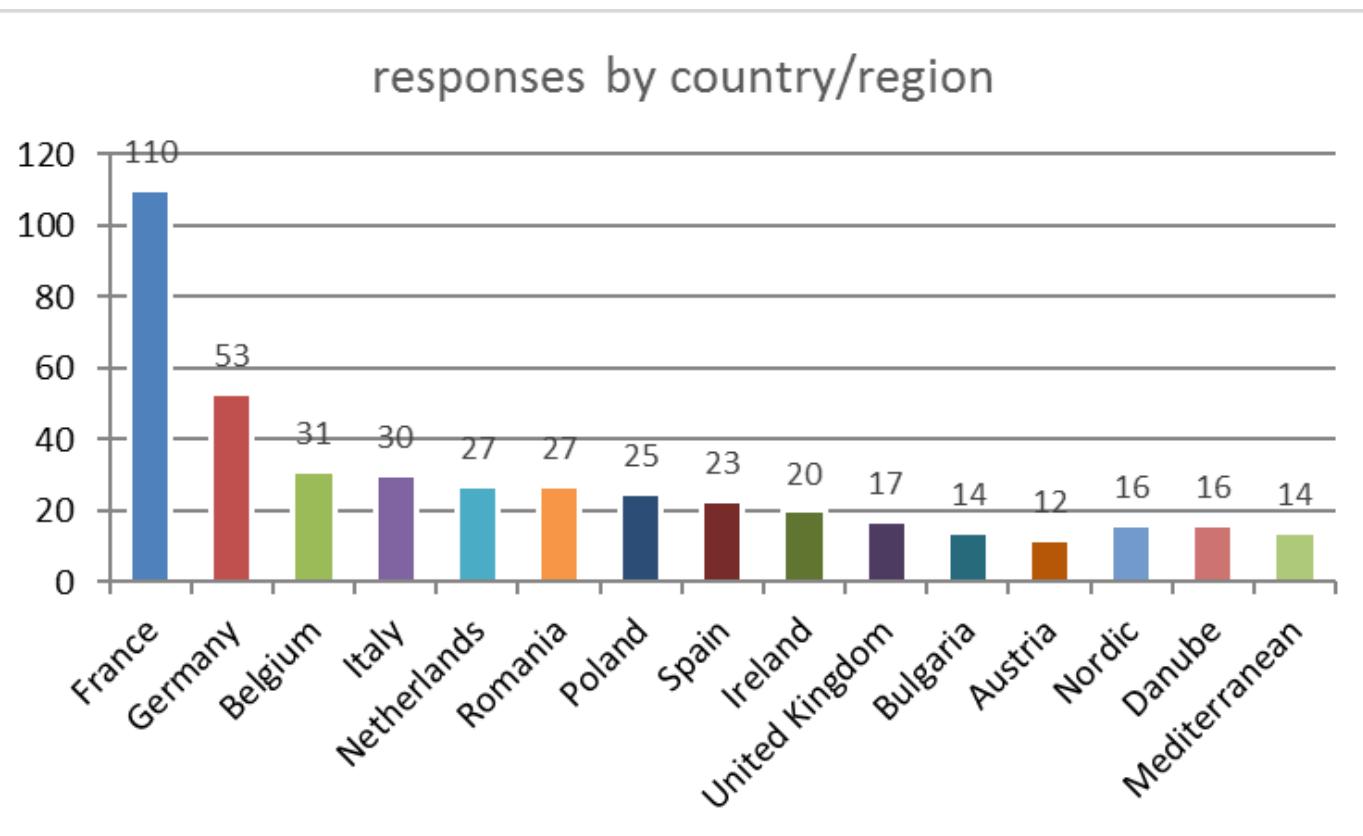
- Launched on same day as Council meeting (19th February)
- Total of 15 questions on plant proteins addressing scope, policy, markets, research
- Communicated through e-mail notification to 300 stakeholders and announced on DG Agri website
- In total 444 responses



Responses by Geographical Origin

Responses from 26 MS

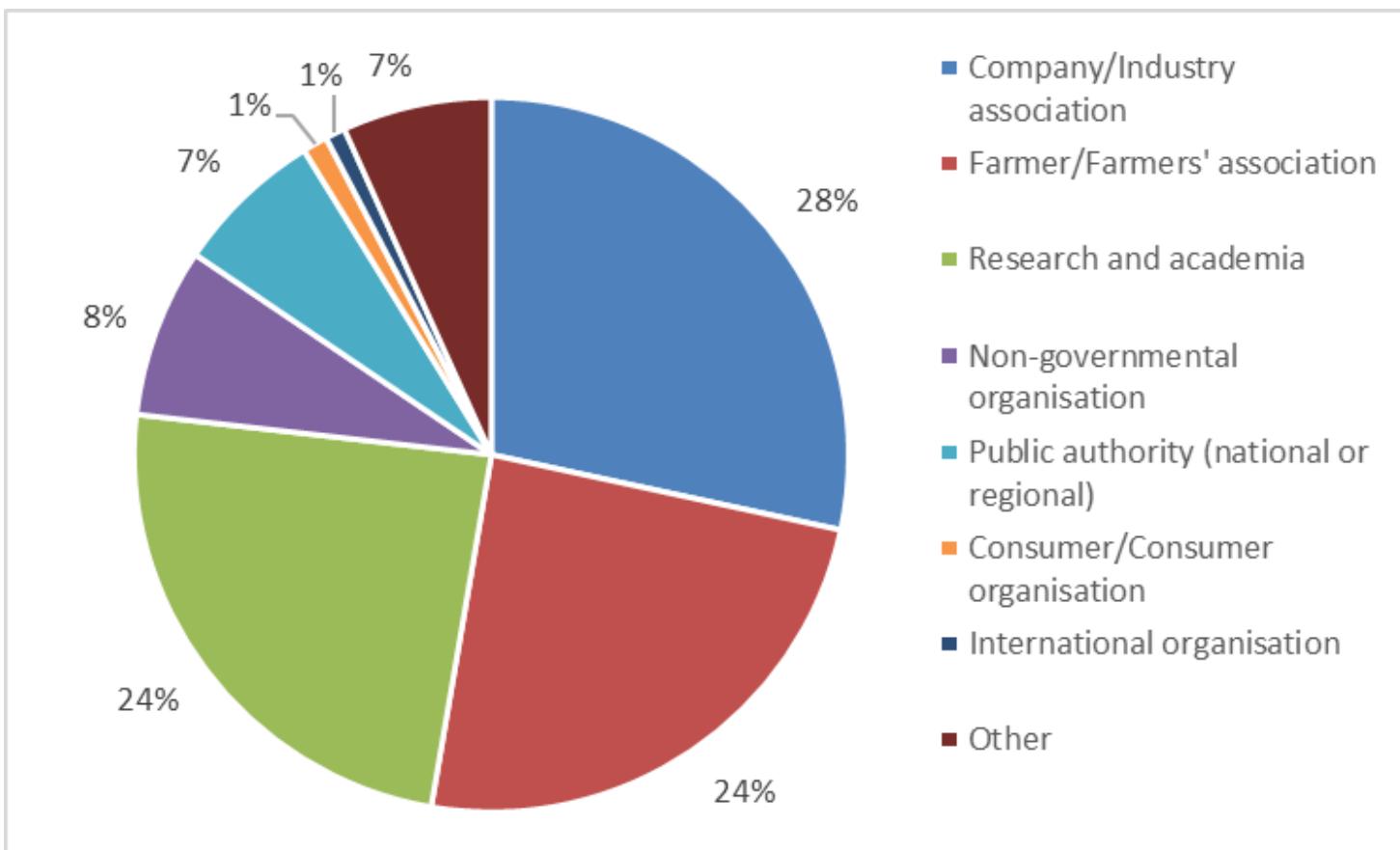
Most responses from France and Germany





Responses by type of organisation

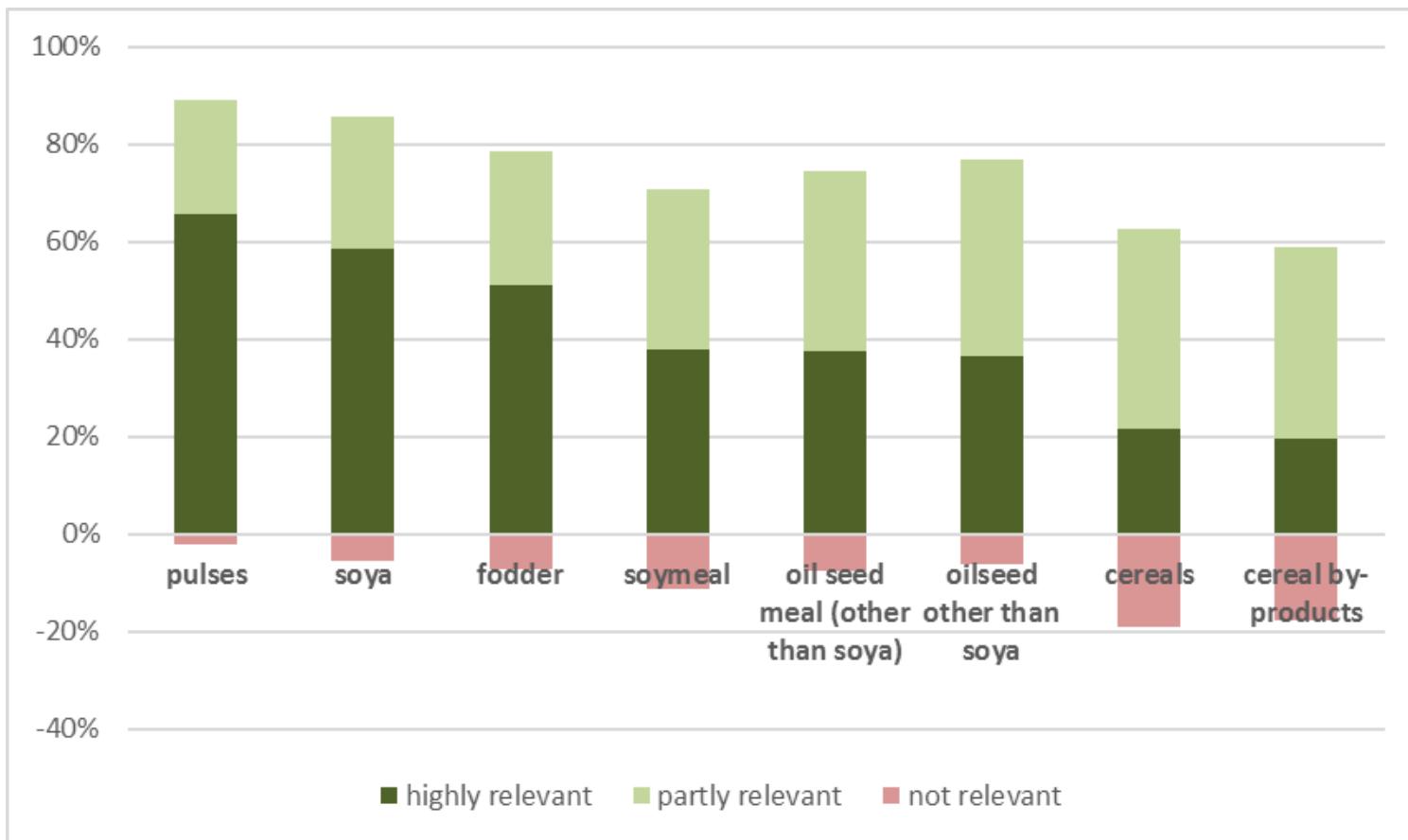
75% by companies, farmers and research





Sources of plant proteins

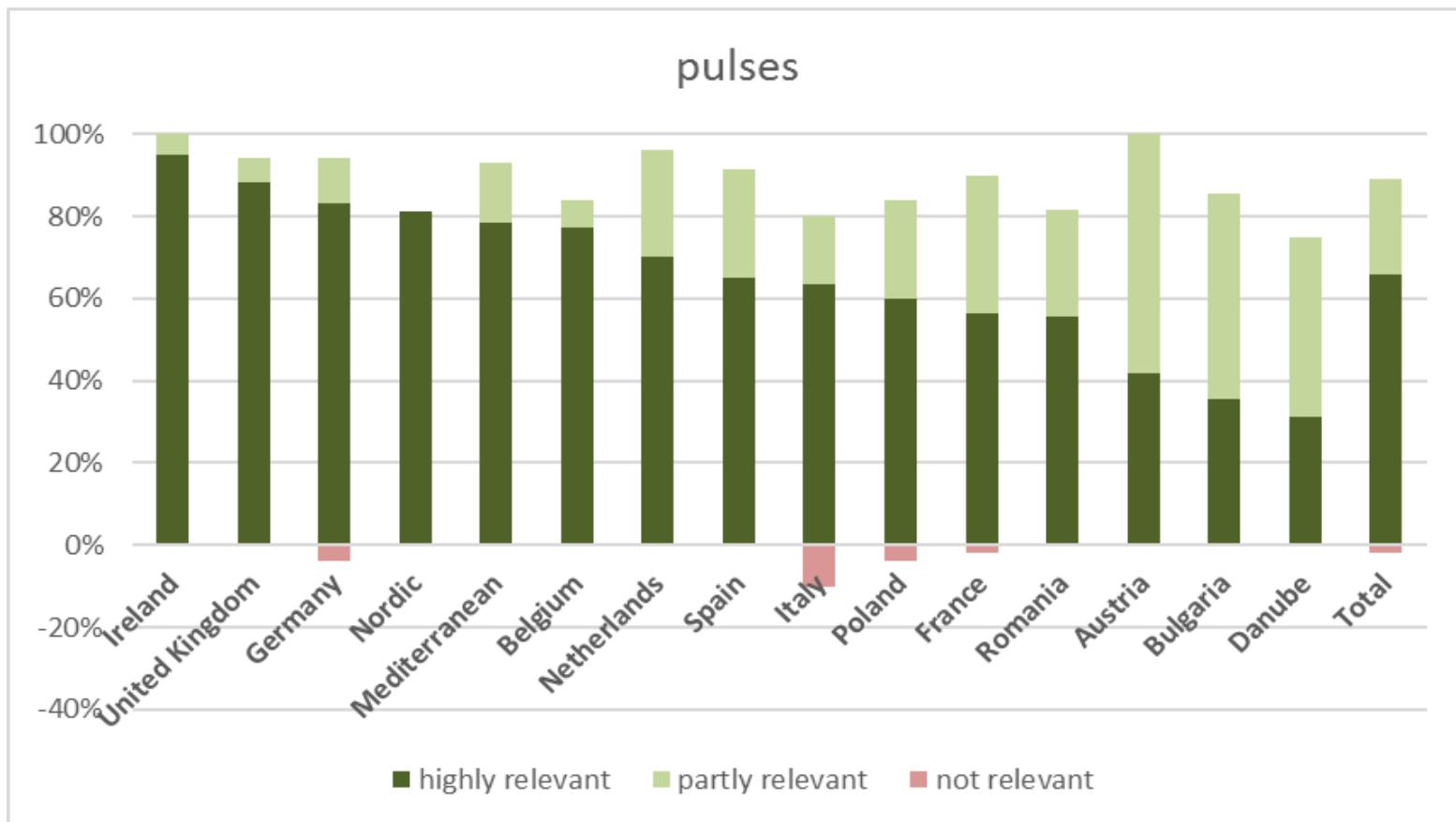
Soya, pulses and fodder most relevant





Pulses

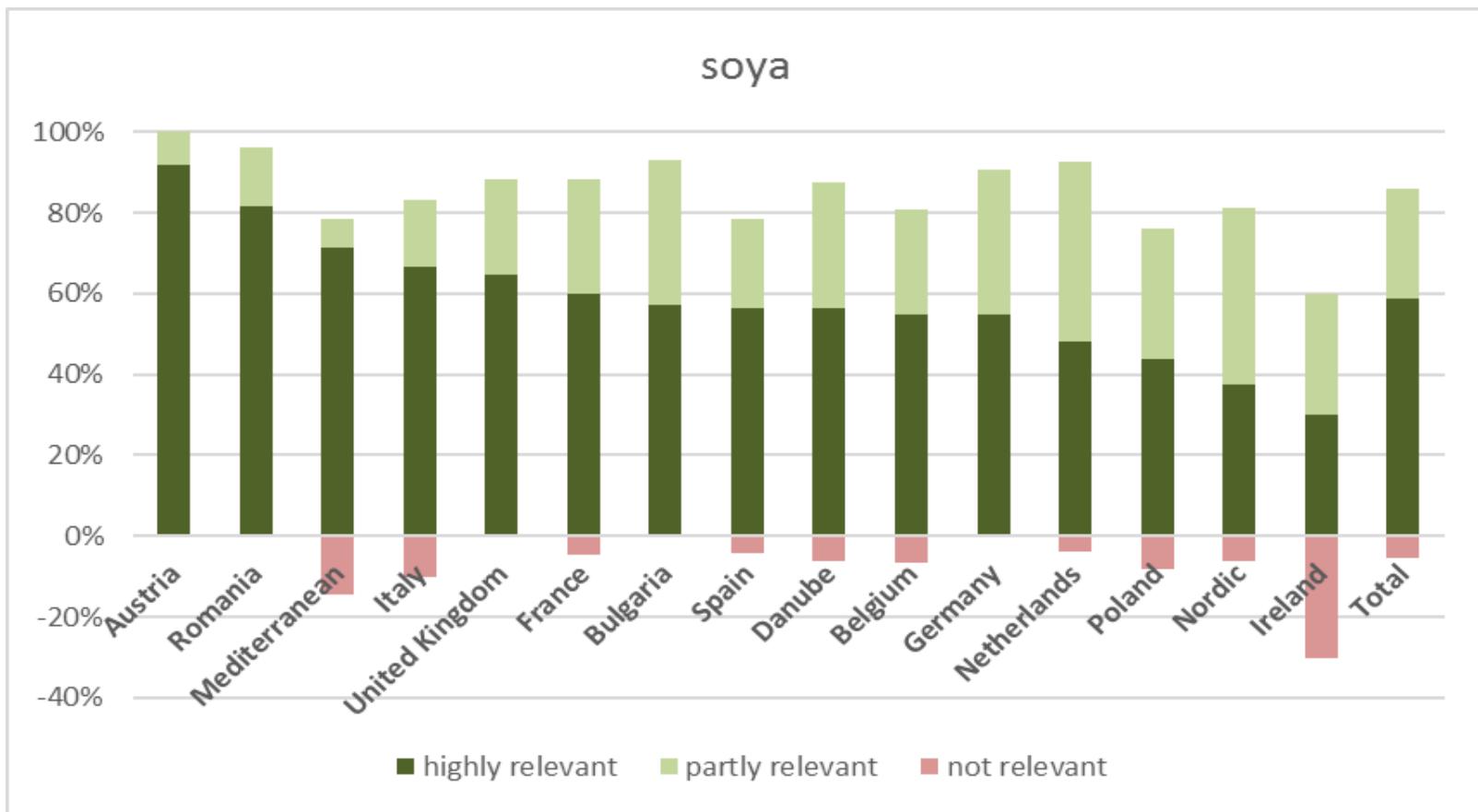
Northwest EU and Mediterranean





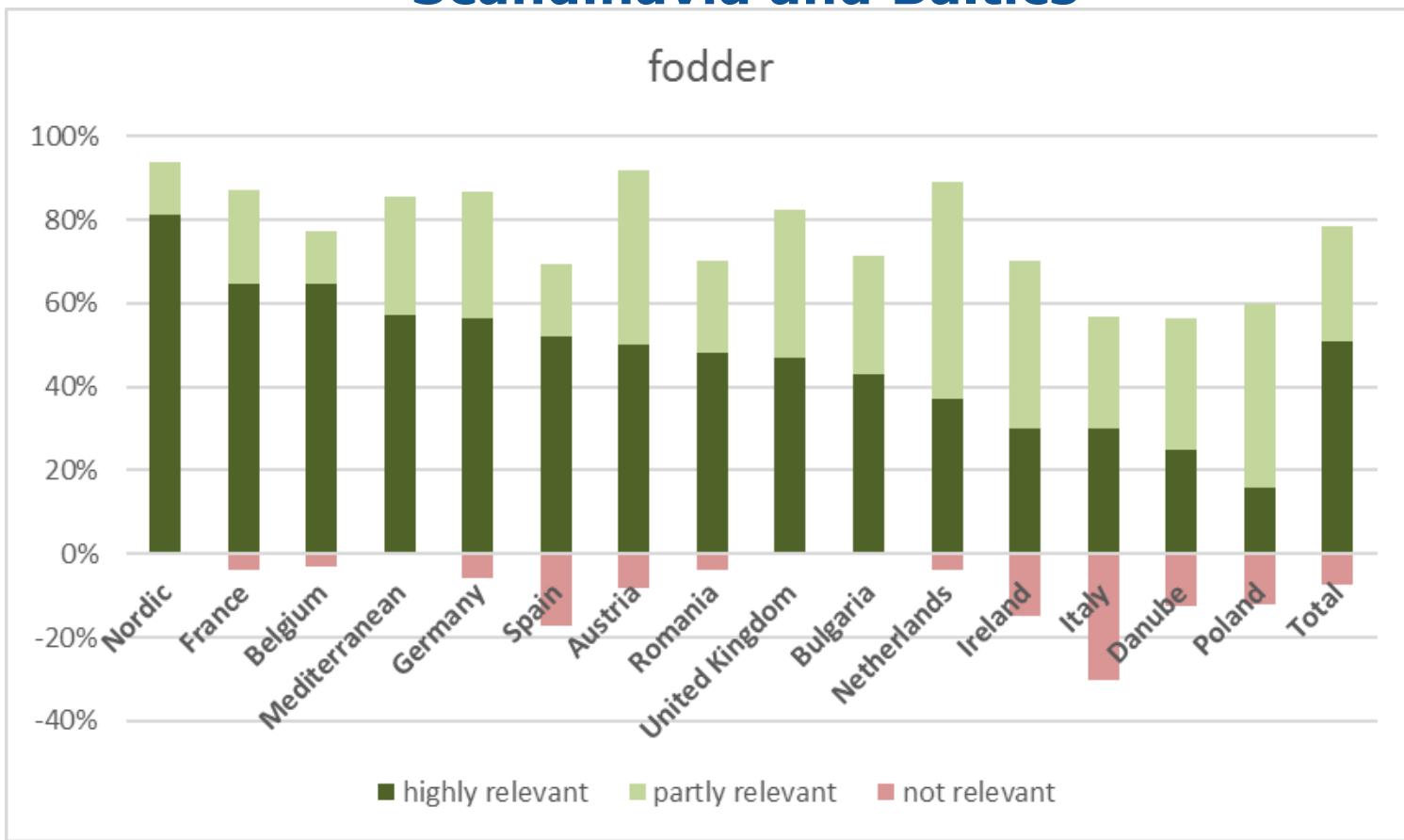
Soya

Danube region & Mediterranean



Fodder

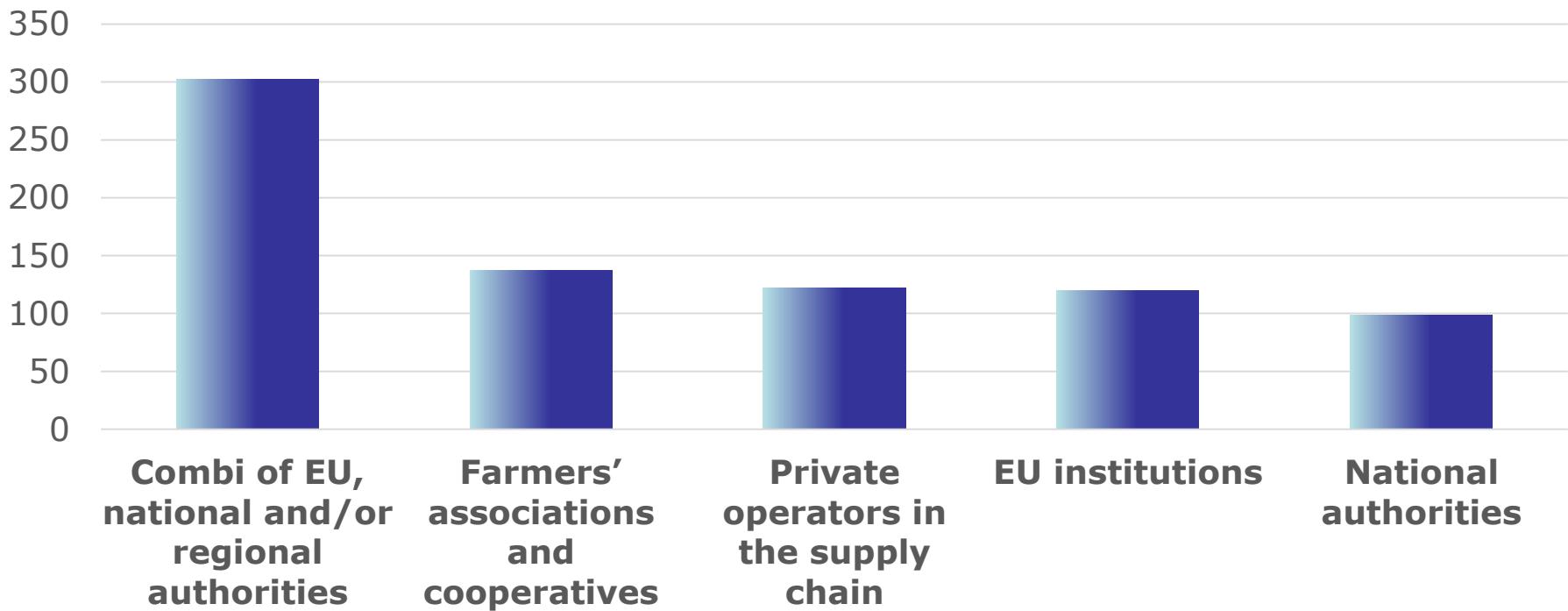
Scandinavia and Baltics





Actors for protein plan

Joint effort by authorities and sector





Priorities for protein plan

Highest priority: research and innovation

	Company/ Industry association	Farmer/ Farmers' association	Research & academia	NGO & Consumer Organisation	Other national or regional authority	Total	
Research and innovation	67%	69%	85%	51%	77%	67%	71%
Yield improvement	60%	67%	46%	58%	67%	47%	58%
Protein quality	64%	45%	52%	53%	57%	63%	55%
Profitability/price	59%	68%	37%	23%	43%	67%	52%
Agricultural practices	40%	57%	59%	63%	60%	63%	54%
Environmental benefits	41%	64%	56%	70%	53%	53%	55%
Food supply chain	25%	29%	42%	33%	40%	40%	33%
Feed supply chain	57%	32%	36%	49%	43%	30%	43%
Food market demand	16%	19%	21%	21%	7%	13%	18%
Feed market demand	25%	22%	12%	14%	13%	17%	19%



Research priorities

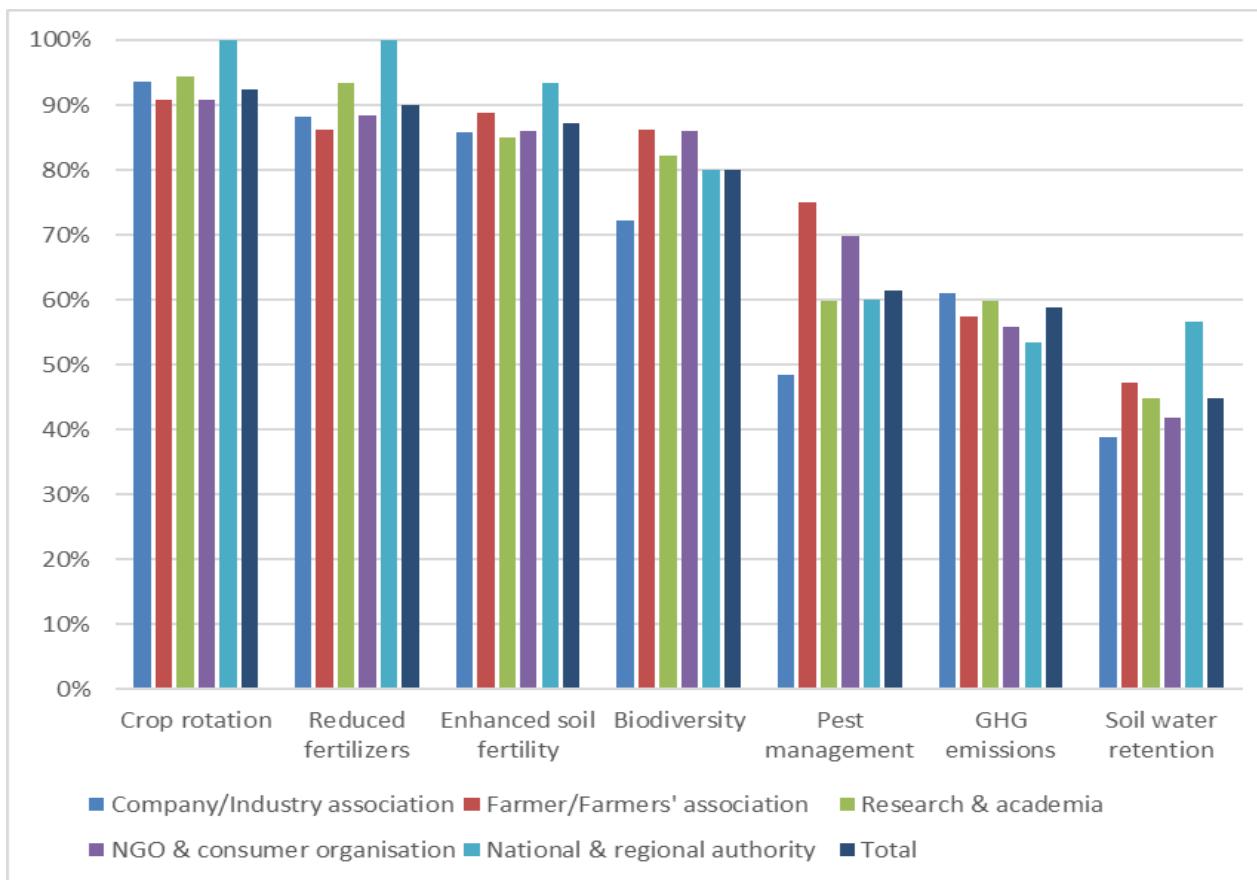
Breeding and sustainability first priorities

Research priorities

- Breeding (yield improvement)
- Breeding (nutrition)
- Environmental benefits
- Sustainable cropping (rotation)
- Use of pesticides / nutrients
- Breeding (better harvesting)
- Breeding (value chain)

Agronomic and environmental benefits

Crop rotation, reduced fertilizers & soil fertility





Results: Workshop 1 Research and Innovation

45 experts participated

1. **breeding and genetics** for improved production and resilience
2. integration of protein crops in **cropping systems and agricultural landscapes**
3. integration of plant proteins in **food and feed systems**



Preliminary results workshop 1

- *Research in better varieties is needed*
 - **More stable and higher yields**
- *Protein crops often too small for private breeding companies*
- *Farmers not sufficiently aware of the effects of legumes on the next crop*
- *Feed and food are very different markets*
 - **Feed is about amino acid and digestibility**
 - **Food is about taste**



Upcoming activities

- *Workshops*
 - 3. Supply chains**
 - 11/12 July in Chalon sur Saone, France
 - 4. Market Segments**
 - 17/18 September in the Netherlands.
- *High Level Conference in Vienna 22/23 November*