

## WHAT IS INCLUDED IN THIS "BASELINE"

#### An assumption of fixed present policy environment...

- The CAP is as it is today
- BREXIT is still not in (but UK-specific data are also presented...)
- Only ratified trade agreements included

### ...with greater emphasis on analysing environmental impacts of the Outlook...

- Emissions are calculated based on livestock numbers (but excluding net removals from LULUCF)
- Impacts on soil, water and biodiversity, at regional level
- More specific analysis is carried out on the impact of climate change

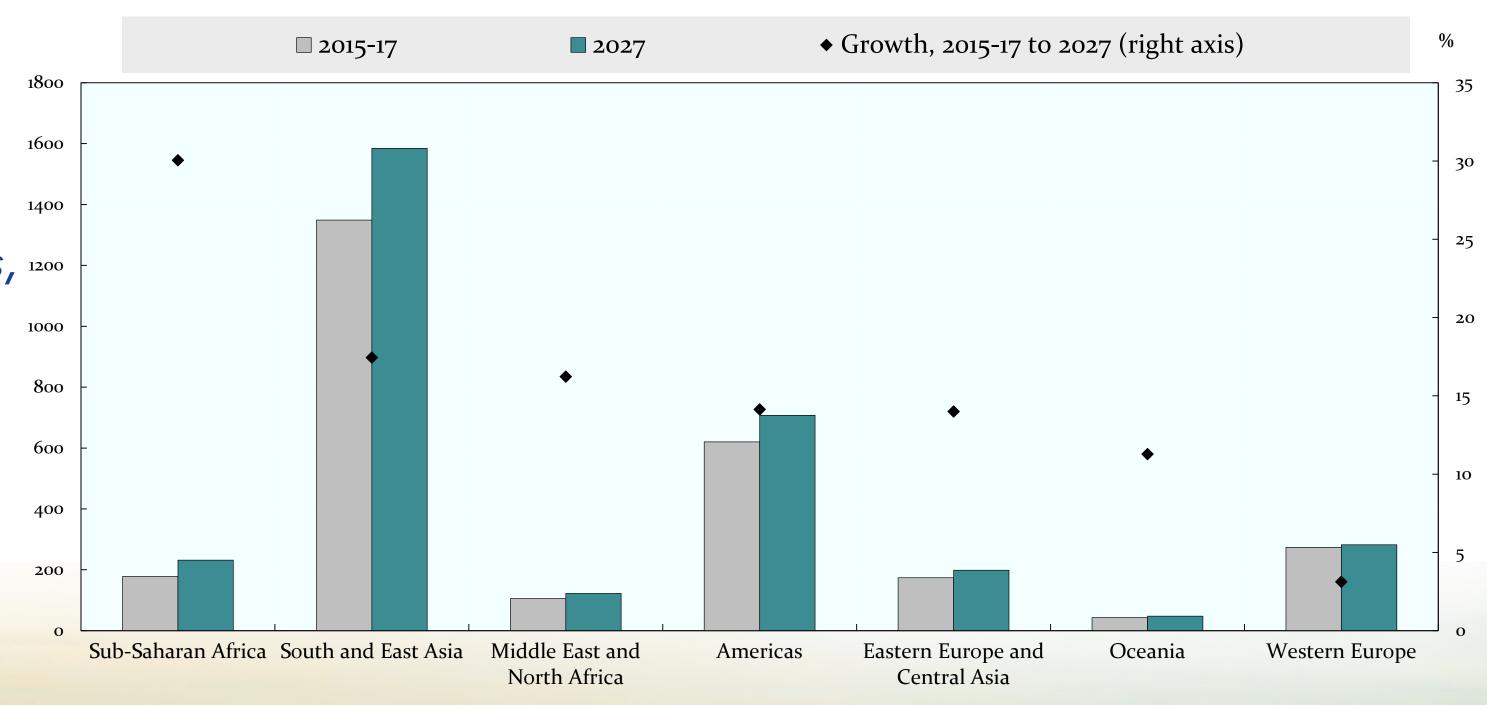
### ...but uncertainty scenarios attempt to shed light on alternative outcomes

- Scenarios on the impact of Chinese-US trade tensions on soya and pigmeat
- Drivers of protein-rich crop development in the EU
- EU food waste reduction impacts

## THE WORLD BIG PICTURE - MACRO AND AGRICULTURE

### Agriculture and fisheries production, billion USD (constant 2004-06 prices)

- Global production matches the strong demand, in spite of low prices.
- Growth mostly due to yield gains, 1200 less from area expansion.
- Outlook assumes continued economic growth, mostly in emerging economies
- Energy prices expected to grow moderately

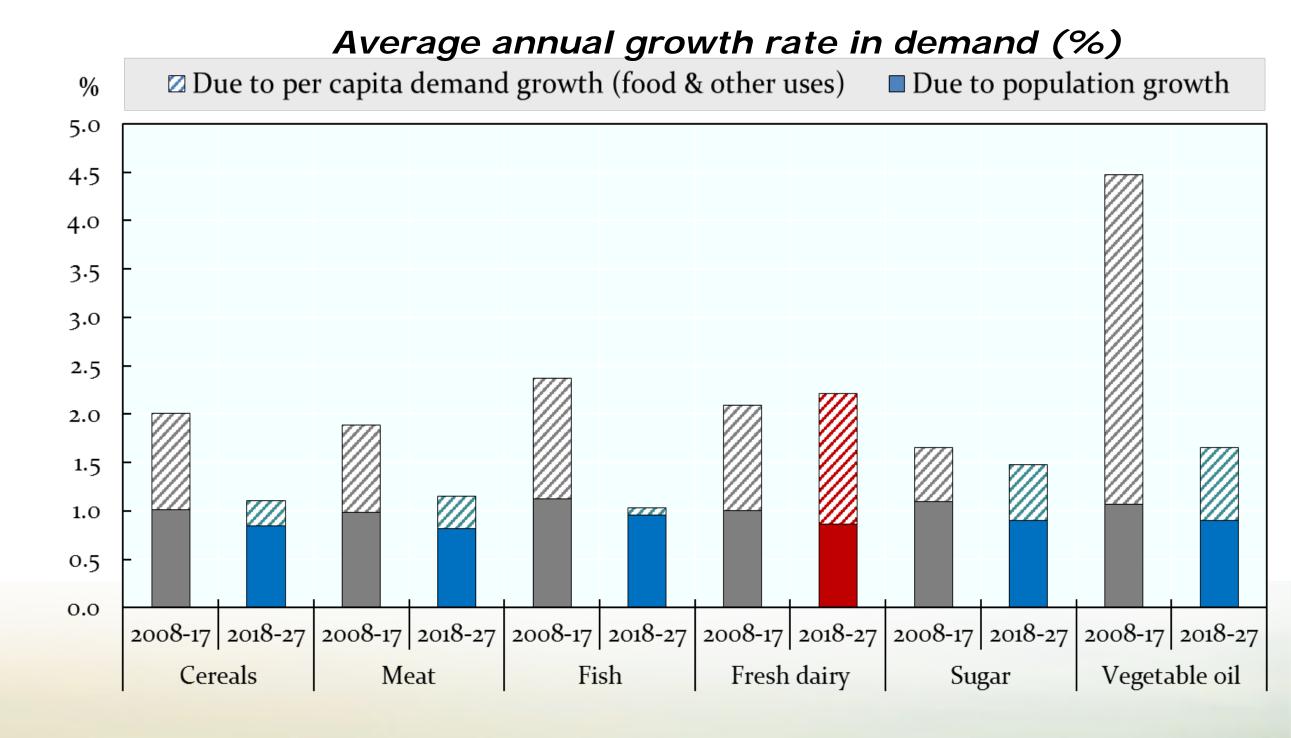


Source: OECD Agricultural Outlook 2018-2027



# THE WORLD BIG PICTURE - GLOBAL FOOD DEMAND

- Growth in demand for agricultural commodities slows down – except for dairy
- Consumers aspire to value-added products
- Population and income growth impact asymmetrically demand

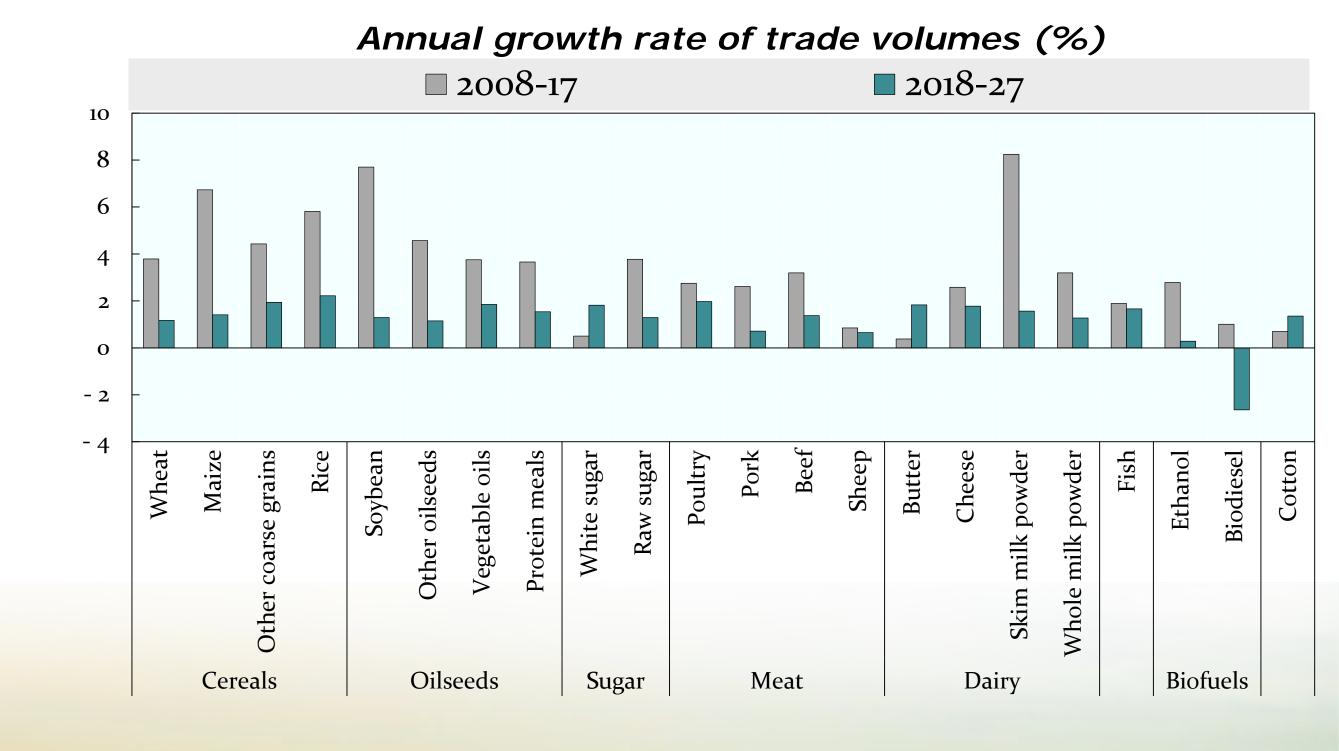


Source: OECD Agricultural Outlook 2018-2027



# THE WORLD BIG PICTURE - AG TRADE

- As demand growth slows down, so do trade volumes
- The slowdown is bigger in the meat and consequently in the feed sectors
- The "food versus fuel" tension seems to be over in trade flows



Source: OECD Agricultural Outlook 2018-2027



## **BRIDGING YESTERDAY'S THEMES WITH TODAY**

#### The supply side

- Rapidly expanding use of Farming 4.0 technologies affects asymmetrically productivity
- Smart farming applications speed up both physical and human capital renewal
- Efficiencies in chemical applications and best practices are crucial for reversing biodiversity loss

#### The demand side

- Blockchain used to better pass information between producer and consumer along the food chain
- Consumers are increasingly aware of link of food to plant, animal and human health issues
- Consumers are also more demanding on information linked to the environment footprint of food

#### The market and trade side

- Expected outlook price path less volatile, but remaining uncertainties impact income expectations
- Increasing innovative solutions have the potential for a net jobs and growth effect
- The livestock sectors are expected to face most difficulties in addressing emission trade-offs

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# Thank you for your attention!

https://ec.europa.eu/info/files/report-eu-agricultural-outlook-markets-and-income-2018-2030\_en

