

WORKSHOP ON PRODUCER ORGANISATION IN THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLES SECTOR

Brussels, Friday 7 June 2024

Session 3:
“Strengthening the benefits obtained by producers”



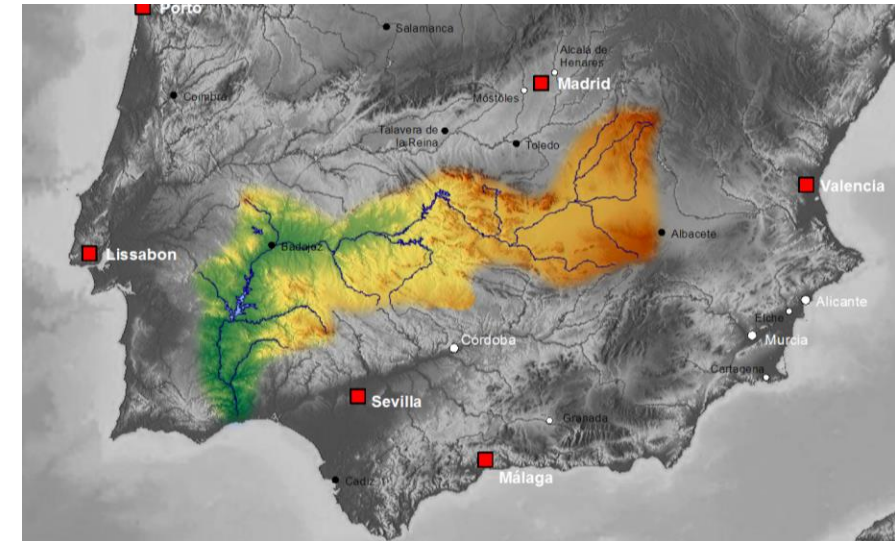
AUMENTANDO EL VALOR AGREGADO A TRAVÉS DE LA PUESTA EN COMUN DE LA TRANSFORMACIÓN EN EL SECTOR DEL TOMATE

TRANSFORMACIÓN DEL TOMATE EN ACOPAEX

ACOPAEX



- ▶ 2nd Degree Cooperative made up of 12 Cooperatives 1ST Degree:
 - Active Coop members: **800 producers (of which 242/tomato)**
- ▶ Established in 1991 and recognized as FVPO 1998.
- ▶ Headquarters in Extremadura, south-west Spain, Guadiana Valley.
- ▶ Main crops of Acopaex:
 - **FH: tomato processed, stone fruit, vegetables and almonds.**
 - Other agricultural products: oil, rice, cereals, etc. (outside the FVPO)



ACOPAEX

▶ ACOPAEX: **meets the objectives set for FVPO in the CAP**

1. **PRODUCTION:** planning, cost control, improving competitiveness, sustainability, quality
2. **CONCENTRATION OF SUPPLY,** Producers POSITION IN THE CHAIN
3. **VALORIZATION:** Product Processing

▶ All of this: through the aid system through **OP of the FVPO:** An effective, integrative and positive system.

ACOPAEX

ACOPAEX: meets the objectives set for FVPO in the CAP

- 1. PRODUCTION**
- 2. CONCENTRATION OF SUPPLY, POSITION IN THE CHAIN**
- 3. VALORIZATION:** Product Processing

1. Production of Tomato intended for processing

1st Objective of the PO ACOPAEX

- ▶ **PRODUCTION IMPROVEMENTS:** increase tonnes/ha, planning, cost management, joint supplies, technical assistance to members, efficient and sustainable water management, phytosanitary control, etc.
- ▶ **Tomato CULTIVATION:** Very specialized, very demanding, very professionalized (Average Cost: 12.000€/Ha vs 3.000€/Ha corn)...
- ▶ Need to guarantee supply of our industry:
PROFESSIONALIZATION

Only by being effective,
sustainable, stable and
competitive in
the production of the
RAW MATERIAL
We can consider taking the
step to the
PROCESSING

1. Production of Tomato intended for processing

► Tomato production yields:

- Before 2004, production was less than 50 tons/ha.
- 2004-2010, production between 50 and 60 tn/ha.
- Current production, last years: 85 and 95 tn/ha.
- **Target 100 tn/ha**, average production in California, world leader in the production of Industrial Tomatoes.

► Riego:

- Infrastructure actions, focused on localized irrigation, sustainable water management
- 100% of the tomato hectares are currently under **localized irrigation**. (In Spain, 30,000 hectares).

► Labor, phytosanitary control



ACOPAEX

ACOPAEX: meets the objectives set for FVPO in the CAP

1. PRODUCTION
2. **CONCENTRATION OF SUPPLY**, POSITION IN THE CHAIN
3. VALORIZATION: Product Processing

2. Tomato for processing CONTRACT

- ▶ An essential tool to be able to grow tomatoes with a minimum guarantee (High Risk: High Investment - Perishable Product)
- ▶ **CONTRACT: The Importance of the "Who" and the "When":**
 - In the past, each farmer negotiated his contract with the industry: a position of weakness
 - NOW: it is the OPFH that negotiates and signs the contract: it brings together the offer, a single interlocutor
 - No hectare of tomatoes is planted if there is no contract. Contract deadline: January 31

Smart decision of the COMMISSION:
"former tomato aid: " linked to
contract by PO



2. Tomato for processing CONTRACT

- ▶ Currently: all tomato producers are in different FVPOs, regulation that favor it: EU coupled aid → All the tomato production intended for processing is covered by a Contract.
- ▶ The Contract (signed before planting...), defines:
 - VOLUME
 - PRICE
 - DELIVERY DATES
 - QUALITY
 - “Tomato board”
 - PAYMENT DATE

2. Tomato for processing CONTRACT

- Still, negotiation is difficult every year
- Challenge: to maintain the link coupled aid/contracting by the PO

THANKS TO A STRONG
POSITION IN CONTRACTING,
WE MANAGED TO MAKE THE
LEAP TO PROCESSING:
Capture of added value

ACOPAEX

ACOPAEX: meets the objectives set for FVPO in the CAP

1. PRODUCTION
2. CONCENTRATION OF SUPPLY, POSITION IN THE CHAIN
3. **VALORIZATION: Product Processing**

3. Tomato Processing

The incorporation of tomato producers into the value chain

- ▶ Tomato producers did not participate in processing (change in regulation in 2000).
- ▶ Decision by the PO-Acopaex to promote, among its producers, a factory for the **tomatoes first processing** (Year 2001) (tomato paste)
- ▶ Industry is a SUBSIDIARY: PO's shares by means of its OP to facilitate capital formation through measure 8 (Acquisitions).



3. Tomato Processing

Benefits Obtained:

- ▶ Ensure the crop, which has a **guaranteed output** and continuity
- ▶ Securing producers' **investments in their farms** (thanks to stability)
- ▶ **Schedule production**
- ▶ **Food Safety, Quality Control**
- ▶ Loyalty and ensuring production for customers: shortening the chain, avoiding intermediaries
- ▶ Benefit obtained in the processing: **Added value reverted to the producer.**
 - ▶ In addition to receiving the price of the raw material, the member receives the added value from its his industry: +30-50%
- ▶ 1000 tons of tomato raw material, doubles the value when we transform it into tomato paste.

3. Tomato Processing

... The Next Step in the Move Forward in the value chain:
The **Second Transformation**:

- ▶ Decision in 2013 to acquire the second transformation factory, with its own brand (Apis, Fruco) : production of tomato sauces in cartons, cans and glass.
- ▶ 1000 tn of Tomato paste quadruples the value when transformed into a final product: Fried Tomato, Crushed Tomato and Tomato Sauces.



3. Tomato Processing

- ▶ **Current situation in Spain of the collective of PO-cooperatives in this sector:**
 - We have **five Factories** linked to OPFH for First Transformation and one for final product. They represent **40% of the amount processed in Spain**.
 - Without this **concentration of supply** in terms of OP FH, it would have been impossible for the producer to participate in capturing the added value of the chain through its entry into the processing.
- ▶ **We have talked about Spain and tomatoes, but in Italy we would find similar and even more evolved F&V processed cooperative examples.**
- ▶ **Particularity of the "cooperative industry". It means:**
 - Rootedness to the territory: **not offshoring**
 - Guarantee and **autonomy of supply**: short circuit (vs China)
 - **European quality**: "from farm to fork"
 - Benefit for the partner, benefit for the territory, local development, environment. Maintenance of agricultural activity, generational renewal: 242 member producers, 4591 hectares.

CONCLUSION:

The ACOPAEX strategy is fully **aligned with the objectives of EU** aid to FHs. Our trajectory **would't have been the same...:**

- ▶ Without the improvement of the position of the farmer thanks to be a member of the **OPFH**
- ▶ Without EU funding to our **OP**
 - The OP gives priority to the individual actions of tomato **growers** (investments in irrigation; state-of-the-art agricultural machinery.
 - It includes actions related to **marketing , valorisation and quality improvement.**

**Looking ahead to the post-
2027 CAP Reform:
"Let's maintain and reinforce
what works..."**



Thank you for your
attention