

REP.Meb

## **MMO Economic Board**

#### Meeting of 26 January 2016

- The 12<sup>th</sup> meeting of the MMO Economic Board took place on 26 January 2016, with the participation of experts from the various steps in the milk supply chain: CEJA (young farmers), COPA-COGECA (producers and cooperatives), ECVC (Via Campesina), Eucolait (dairv trade) and (retail). Experts Eurocommerce from EMB (European Milk Board) and EDA (dairy industry) could not attend due to other commitments. DG AGRI presentations and information exchanged during the meeting showed the following.
- EU milk collection was up by 2.2% in the first 11 months of 2015. Increases are particularly strong in IE, LU, BE, NL, HU, SI in % terms, but are also the strongest in volume terms in IE, NL and DE. These figures relate to milk collection, i.e. milk collected by dairies and reported by those dairies to their national authorities, irrespective of whether the milk comes from producers located in the same MS or in another one.
- Average farm gate milk prices approximated 30.8 c/kg in November and a slight decrease is expected for December (30.7 c/kg). The price gap between MS has increased. Favourable trends in costs (fertilizers, energy, feed) may have allowed farmers to cover variable costs but the situation is not tenable for all in the long run.
- Applications for private storage aid reached 141 500 t butter and 52 000 t SMP in 2015. Uptake continues in 2016. With regard to offers for sale into intervention, uptake increased in the first week of 2016 (6 400 t), but has been more moderate in the following 2 weeks (5 500 t in week 2 and 5 000 t in week 3).
- Dairy product prices continue to suffer from downward pressure given increased supply. SMP prices oscillate around intervention level. On the world market, prices expressed in US\$ generally decreased compared to their level at the time of the last MMO meeting (end of November 2015). The butter market continues to be the exception in the overall bearish picture.
- The assessment of EU stock levels based on a residual approach (production + imports consumption - exports) confirmed important stocks for SMP, above normal needs and increasing, weighing on the market. The picture is clearly

better for butter whose stock level is normal and declined. With regard to cheese, stocks increased. The increase of milk production after its lowest point in November is likely to put pressure on cheese production, once drying towers have reached full capacity.

- At world level, milk production increased by some 0 1.3% in the first 11 months of the year, mainly due to the EU (+ 3 million t) and the US (+ 1 million t). EU milk production continues strongly, in particular in North-Western Europe without signs of slowdown. US production growth was lower than expected (+ 1.2%). The USDA forecast for 2016 is + 1.7%. NZ forecasts lower production for the new season (- 5% in the herd, adverse weather and lower prices). Although demand has basically not been growing on the world market in 2015, EU exports performed particularly well in volume terms, but at lower price levels. China's imports have been showing promising signs since the summer. The US, Mexico and Iran have been driving import demand in 2015 for butter, Japan, the US and South Korea for cheese.
- With regard to EU internal consumption, mixed results were reported at retail level for BE, FR, IT, PT, ES and the UK. Supply chain dialogue continues in an effort to bring elements of stabilisation for all actors concerned.
- A dedicated presentation was made by ZMB on the 0 milk market outlook for 2016 showing that starting stock levels are higher as demand did not grow in line with production in 2015. According to ZMB, milk production is likely to increase outside the EU as faster growth is expected in the USA, policy change in Argentina, only mild El Nino impact in the Southern Hemisphere, etc. On the positive side, the comeback of Iran as an importing region and the competitive euro might be outpaced by uncertainties related to the real economic situation in China, the purchasing power in oil exporting countries, future political relations with Russia, political instability in different milk importing regions, etc. Experience has shown that the weather is also a significant element to be taken into account.
- Overall, bearish market sentiment persists. Improvement in the supply/demand equation remains necessary.

## ANNEX 1

## **Milk Market Situation**

**European Commission** 





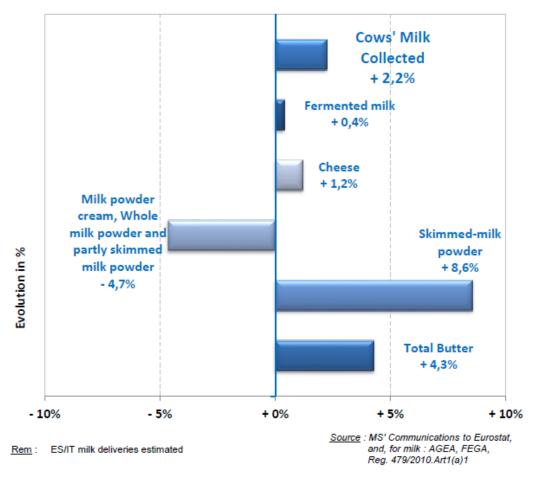
## Milk Market Situation

Brussels, 26 January 2016

### **EU Productions**



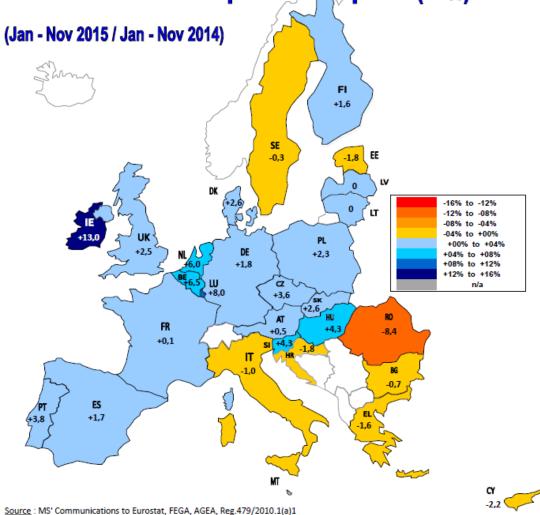
#### EU-28 Deliveries/Productions development (Jan-Nov 2015 compared to Jan-Nov 2014)



III Data from some Member States are confidential and are NOT included in this table III 26/01/2016



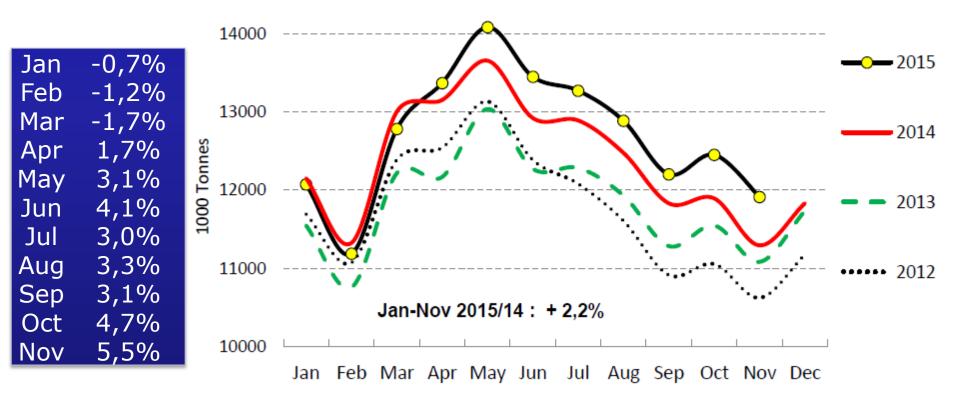
#### EU Milk Deliveries compared to last period (in %)



26/01/2016



#### EU - Cows' milk collected



Source : Estat - Newcronos

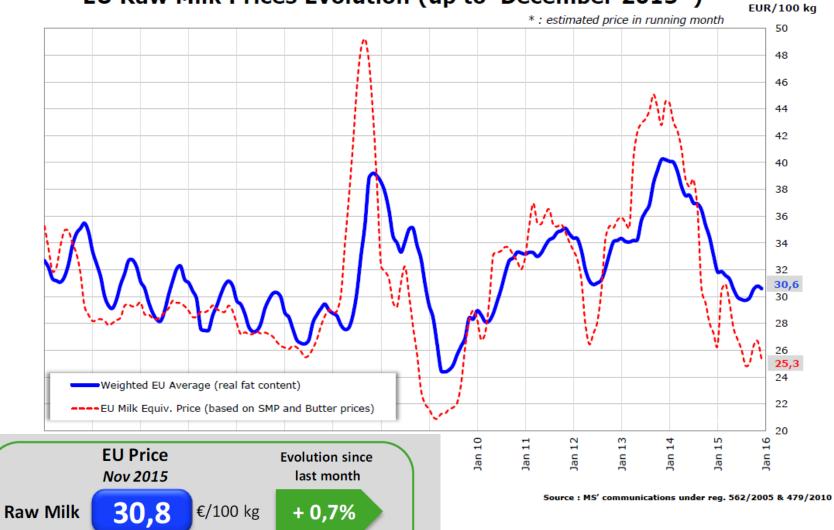
Last update : Jan-Nov

Source: MS' communications to Eurostat

26/01/2016

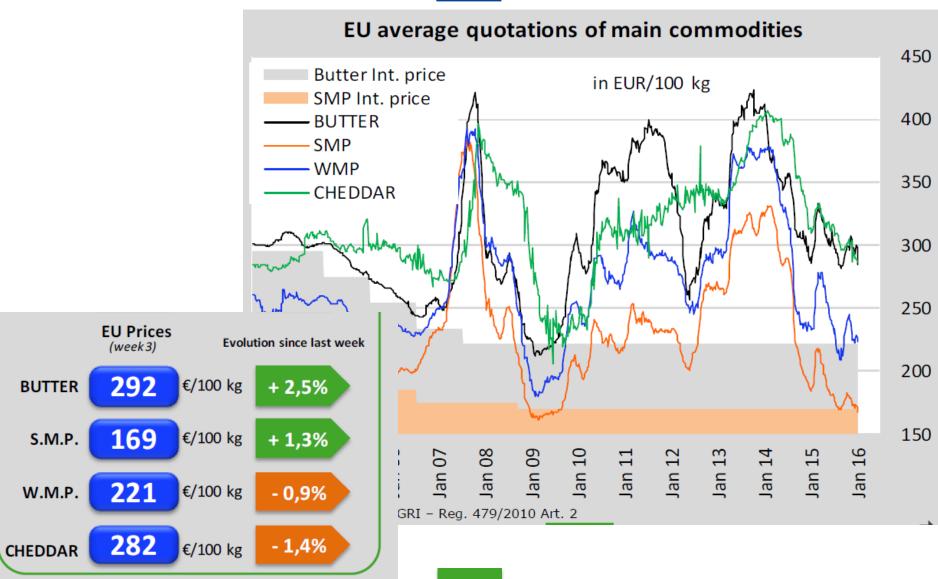


#### EU Raw Milk Prices Evolution (up to December 2015\*)



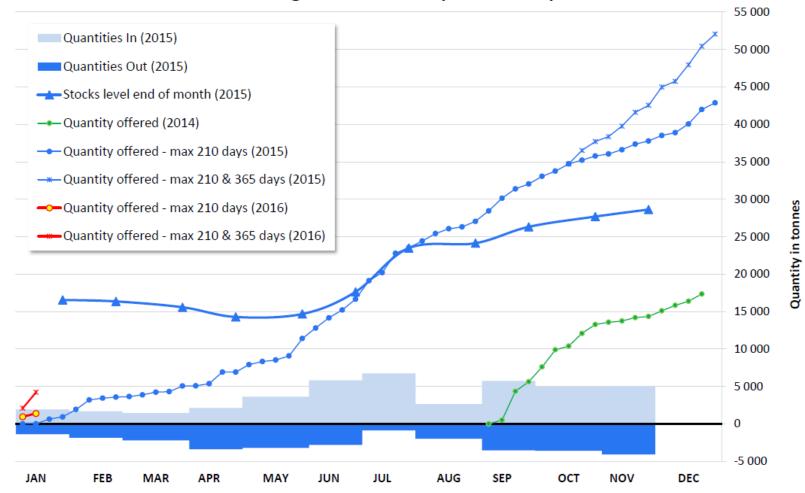
20,01,2010







#### Private Storage Aid Scheme (2014-2016) - S.M.P.



26/01/2016



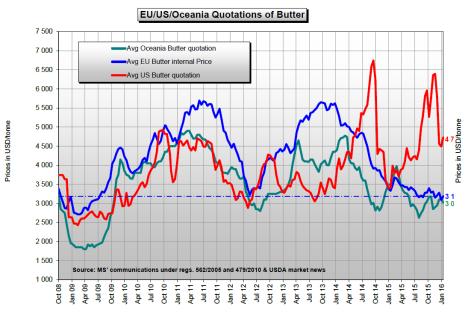
#### Private Storage Aid Scheme (2014-2016) - BUTTER



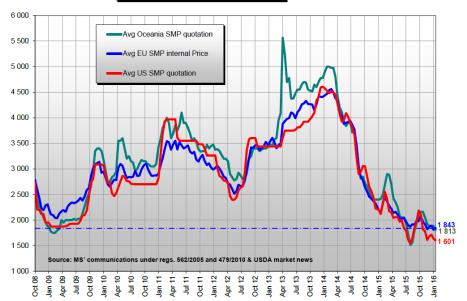


#### Latest World Quotations of Dairy Products

-																	
	Latest Quotations				Week - 2				Year - 1								
In US\$/t	24/01/2016			10/01/2016		% change (previous quotation)			January 2015			% change (1 year)					
	EU		Oceania	Ľ	JSA	EU	Oceania	USA	EU	Oceania	USA	EU	Oceania	USA	EU	Oceania	USA
Butter	J 31	87	al <b>i 3 025</b>	.oll	4 726	3 094	3 100	4 491	7 + 3.0%	9 - 2.4%	<b>1</b> + 5.2%	3 330	3 475	3 417	9 - 4	% 🦊 - 13% '	<b>1</b> + 38%
SMP	J 18	43	1 813		1 601	1 811	1 888	1 640		9 - 4.0%	9 - 2.4%	2 130	2 413	2 119	🦊 - 13	% 🦊 - 25% •	- 24%
WMP	JU 24	16	al <b>i 2 100</b>	.oll	2 800	2 426	2 100	2 965	- 0.4%	- ♠	4 - 5.6%	2 620	2 500	3 164	- 8	% 🦊 - 16% י	4 - 11%
Cheddar	30	80	al <b>i 2 963</b>	all	3 257	3 108	3 175	3 260	- 0.9%	- 6.7%	- 0.1%	3 540	3 700	3 252	🦊 - 13	% 🦊 - 20% 🛙	+ 0%



#### EU/US/Oceania Quotations of SMP



26/01/2016

## ANNEX 2

## EU dairy products monthly stock situation at the end of October 2015

**EDA** 

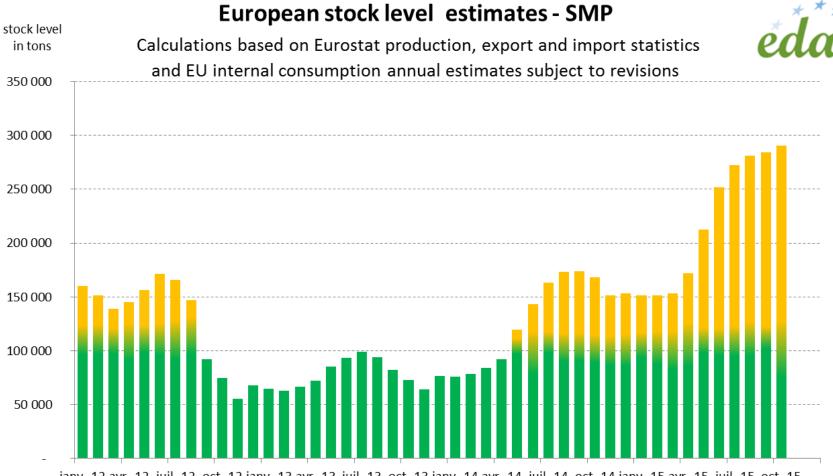


## EU dairy products monthly stock situation at the end of October 2015

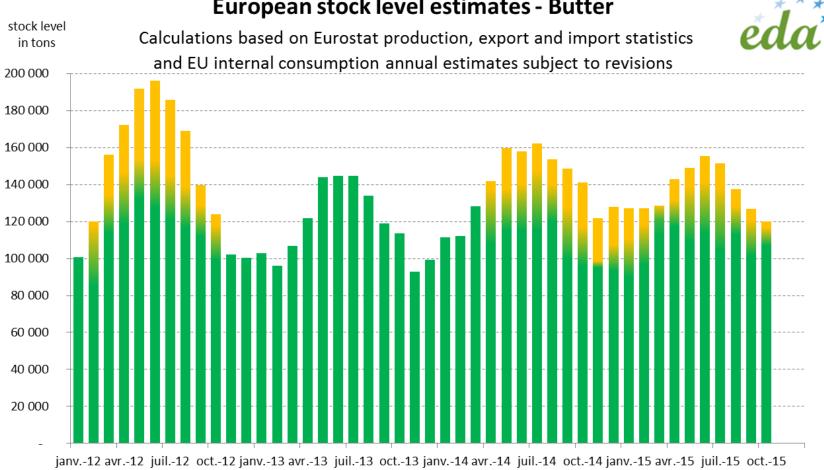
Milk Market Observatory Economic Board January 26<sup>th</sup>, 2015

## Methodology

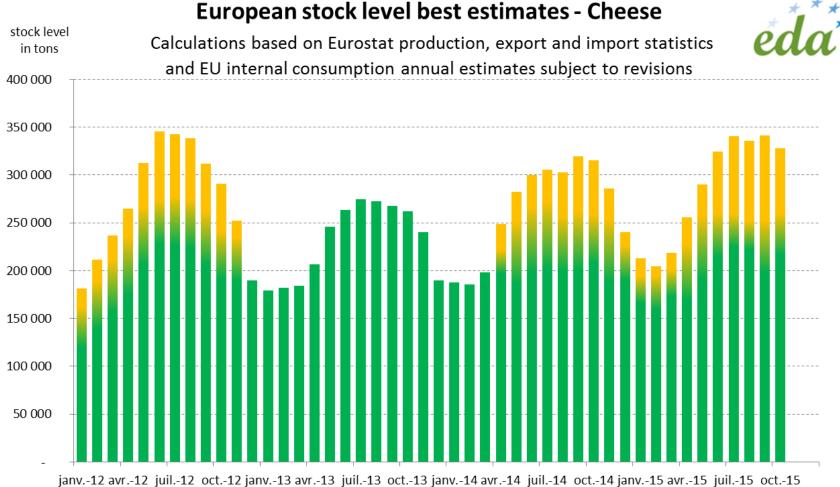
- For each dairy product and each month, the stock estimates are based on the equation:
  - **Stock variation** = EU production + EU import EU internal consumption EU exports
- ZMB balance sheets and forecasts have been used as references for :
  - End of year stocks levels in 2012 and 2013
  - Yearly consumption levels in 2012, 2013, 2014 and forecast for 2015
- Monthly production statistics are based on ZMB Dairy World publications.
- Exports and imports figures are based on MMO website figures.
- The initial stocks entered in the model at the beginning of 2012 are :
  - SMP: 152 000 t
  - Butter: 80 000 t
  - Cheese: 200 000 t (arbitrary basis)
- The green parts in each graph mean that this stock level can be considered as normal for the month.
- The orange part means that this stock level can be considered as too high for the month
- These qualifications are based on the EDA analysts' personal views and past market observation.



#### janv.-12 avr.-12 juil.-12 oct.-12 janv.-13 avr.-13 juil.-13 oct.-13 janv.-14 avr.-14 juil.-14 oct.-14 janv.-15 avr.-15 juil.-15 oct.-15



#### **European stock level estimates - Butter**



#### **European stock level best estimates - Cheese**

## ANNEX 3

## **Perspectives from the Dairy Trade**

Eucolait



## Perspectives from the Dairy Trade

MMO Economic Board 26 January 2016



## Outline

- Global Supply
- Global Exports
- Global Demand
- Conclusions



Combined Growth rate:	Comparin	-	015 milk produ exporting count				- 2000
+ 1,34%		in '000	) tonnes (contains o	estimates)			- 3000
	1,97%						- 2500
							- 2000
	_						— 1500
		1,21%					- 1000
					2,38%		- 500
Combined	EU 28	USA	New Zealand -1,40%	Uruguay - <b>2,05%</b>	Australia	Argentina -1,52%	— 0



### Production outlook

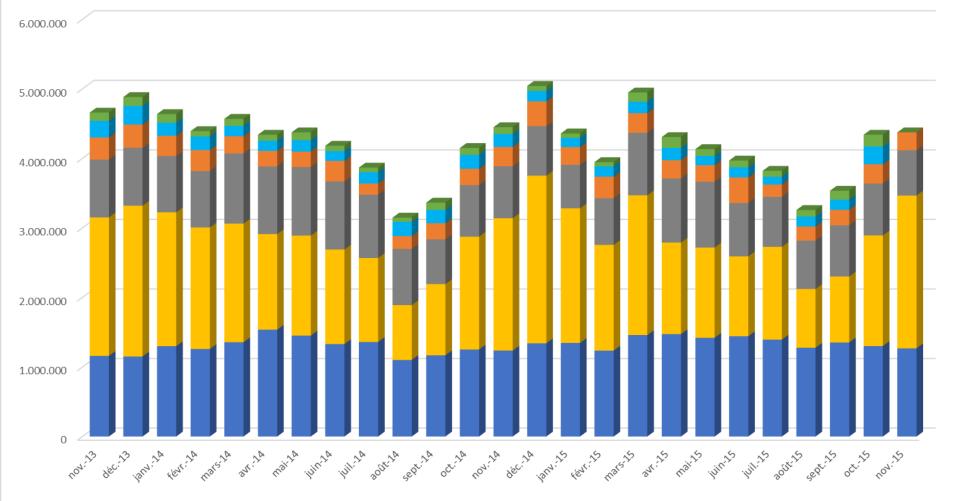
- EU milk production continues strong, in particular in North-Western Europe, without any signs of slowdown.
- US production growth picked up pace slightly in November (+0,6%). USDA estimate for whole year 2015 +1,16%. Expected growth of +1,7% in Q1 2016
- New Zealand: milk output is -1,4% ytd in November; herd size is down, El Nino drought has effected production (particularly in the North Island) but there has subsequently been January rainfall
- Australia: yoy -3,4% (November 2015 vs November 2014). YTD +0,8%. Effects of El Nino?



## Dairy exports of main market players in ME



Monthly global exports (Butter+ Butteroil + Cheese + SMP + WMP + Whey) (in tonnes, Milk Equivalent\*)

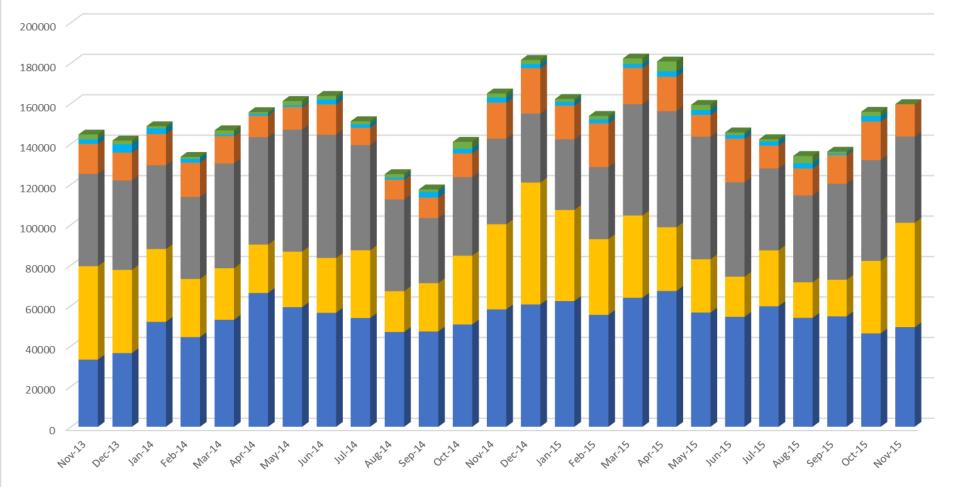




## SMP exports of main market players



Monthly SMP exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)

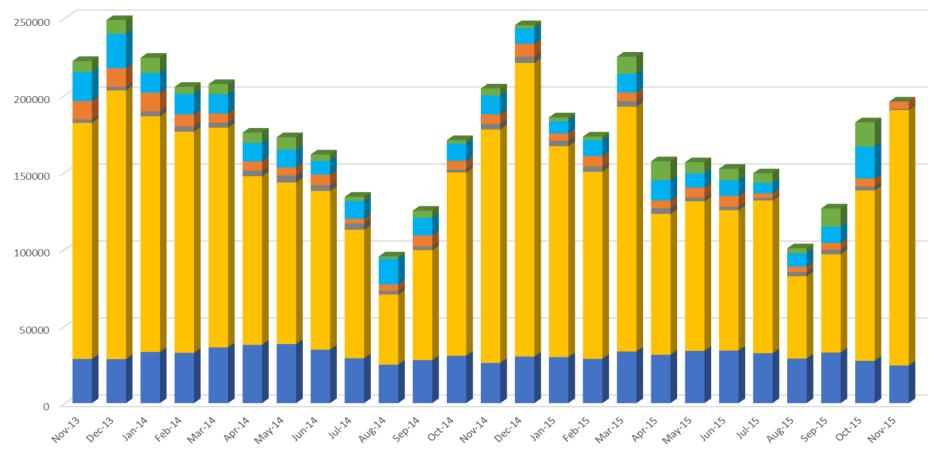




# WMP exports of main market players



Monthly WMP exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)



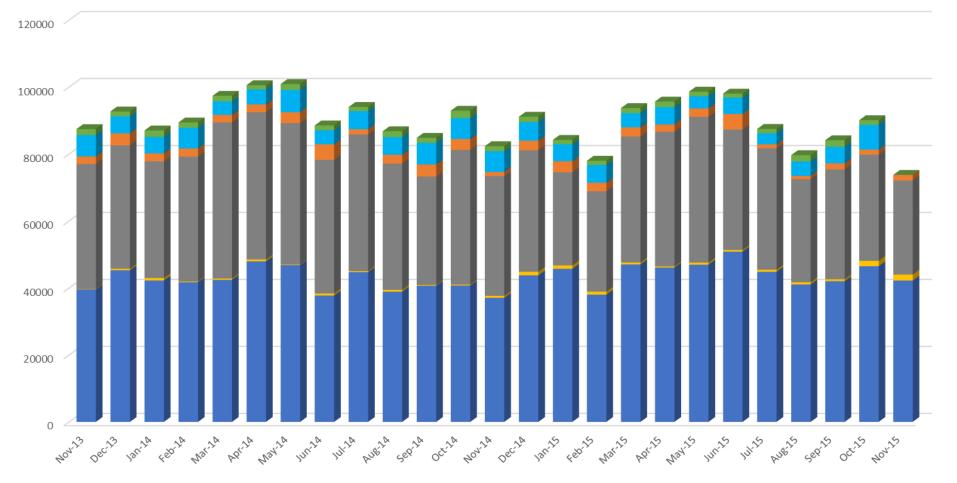
EU NZ USA Australia Argentina Uruguay



# Whey powder exports of main market players



Monthly Whey exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)

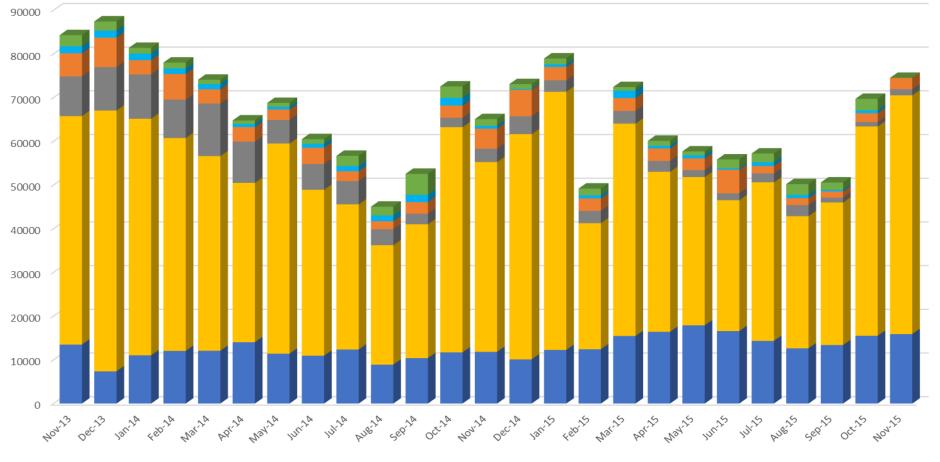




## Butterfat exports of main market players



Monthly Butter and Butteroil exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)



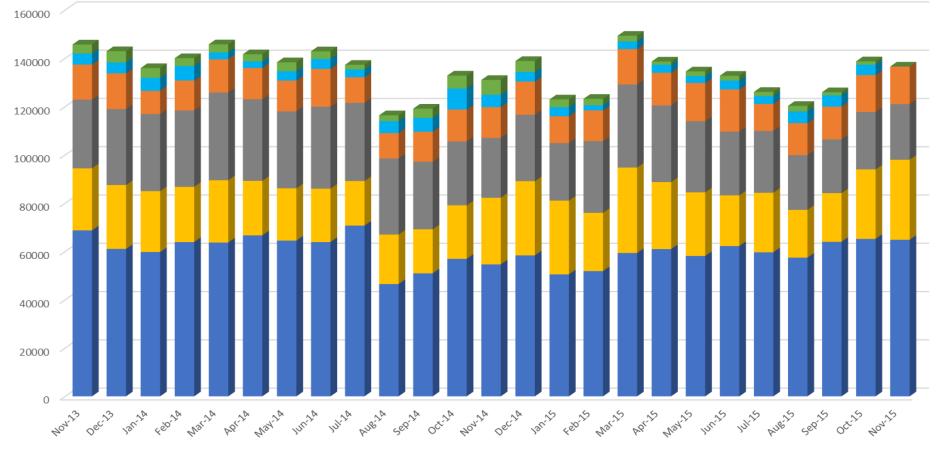
EU NZ USA Australia Argentina Uruguay



## Cheese exports of main market players



Monthly cheese exports EU+USA+NZ+Aus+Arg+Uru (tonnes)



EU NZ USA Australia Argentina Uruguay



## EU export destinations (Jan-Oct 2015)

EU WMP EXPORTS					
Main destinations	% of shares				
Oman	16%				
Algeria	9%				
Nigeria	8%				
<b>Jnited Arab Emirate</b>	5%				
Cuba	5%				
Saudi Arabia	4%				
Lebanon	4%				
Angola	4%				
Kuwait	3%				
Dominican Republic	3%				
RoW	39%				

EU SMP EXPORTS						
Main destinations	% of shares					
Algeria	17%					
Egypt	8%					
China	7%					
Indonesia	7%					
Thailand	5%					
Philippines	5%					
Saudi Arabia	4%					
Nigeria	3%					
Malaysia	3%					
Vietnam	3%					
RoW	38%					

EU BUTTER EXPORTS					
Main destinations	% of shares				
United States	14%				
Saudi Arabia	11%				
Egypt	9%				
Singapore	7%				
China	4%				
Turkey	4%				
Morocco	4%				
<b>Jnited Arab Emirate</b>	4%				
Japan	3%				
Taiwan	3%				
RoW	38%				

EU CHEESE EXPORTS						
Main destinations	% of shares					
United States	20%					
Japan	10%					
Switzerland	8%					
Saudi Arabia	5%					
Korea South	5%					
Algeria	3%					
Egypt	3%					
Australia	3%					
Lebanon	2%					
<b>Jnited Arab Emirate</b>	2%					
RoW	39%					

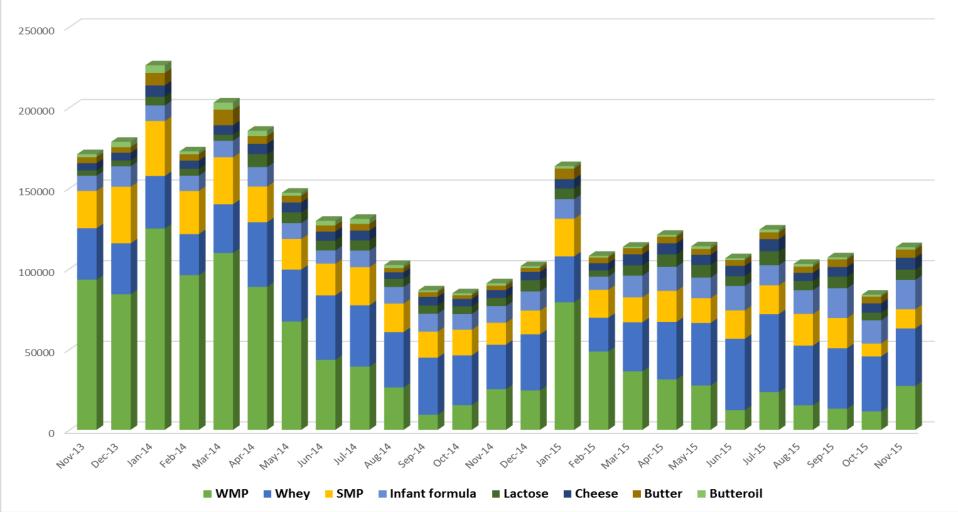
EU WHEY EXPORTS						
Main destinations	% of shares					
China	30%					
Indonesia	15%					
Malaysia	10%					
Thailand	8%					
Vietnam	4%					
Singapore	3%					
Japan	3%					
Pakistan	2%					
New Zealand	2%					
Philippines	2%					
RoW	22%					



### **China Imports**

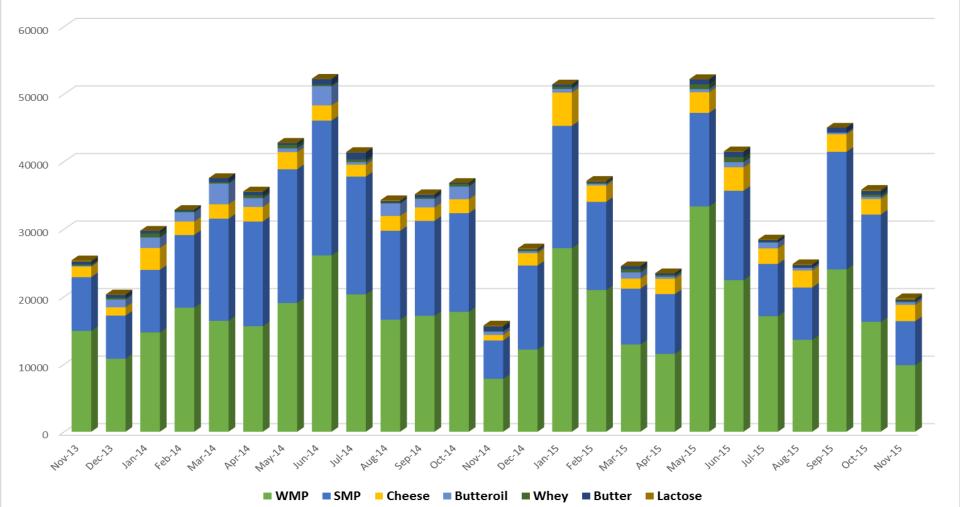


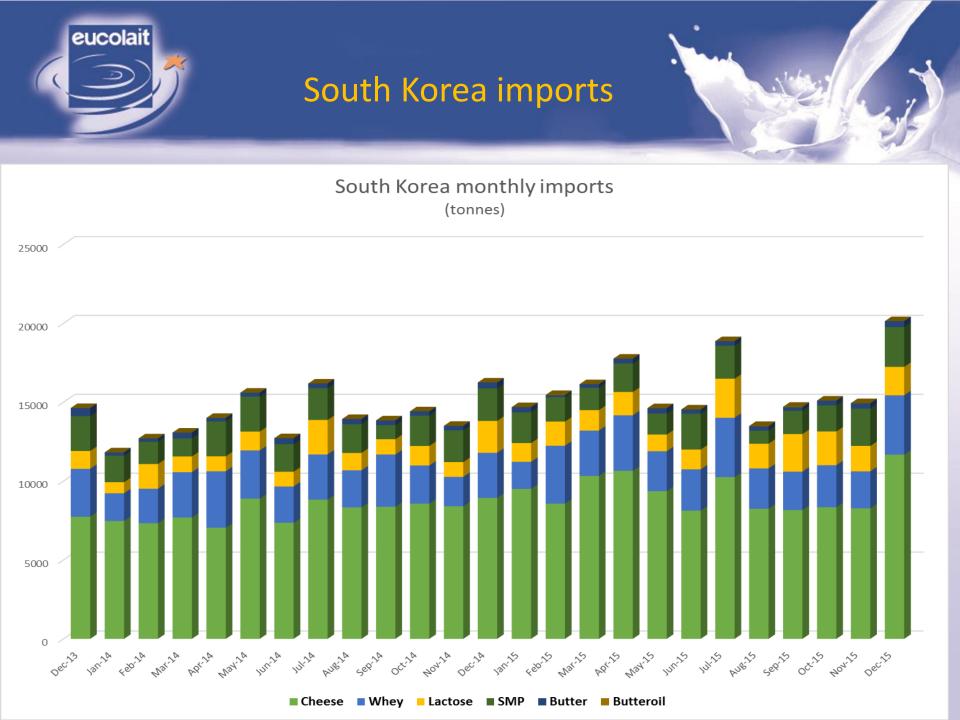
China monthly imports (tonnes)

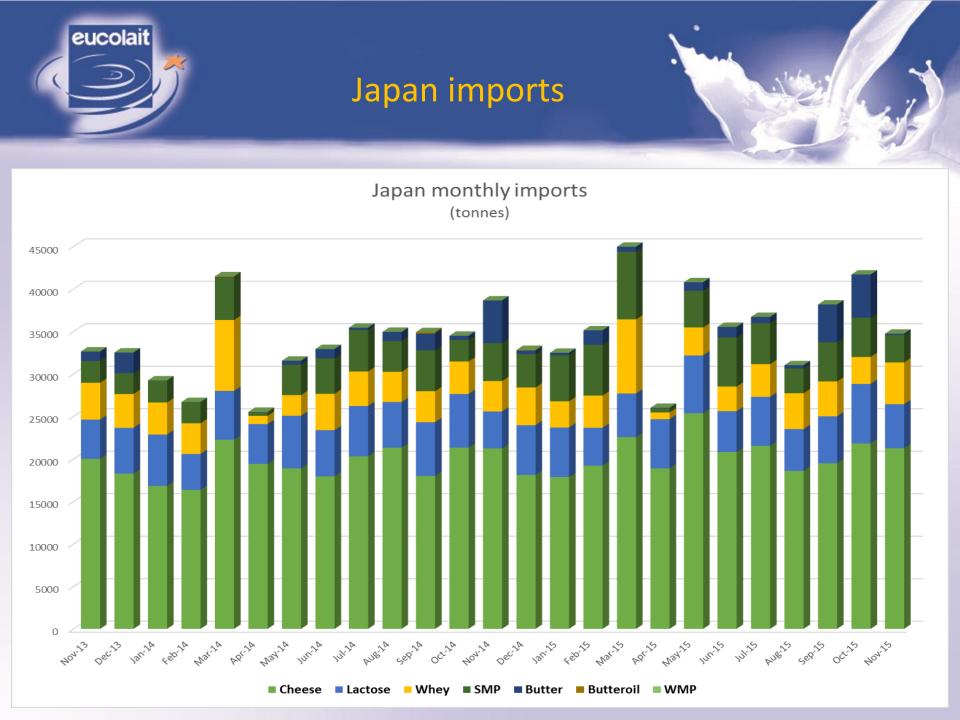


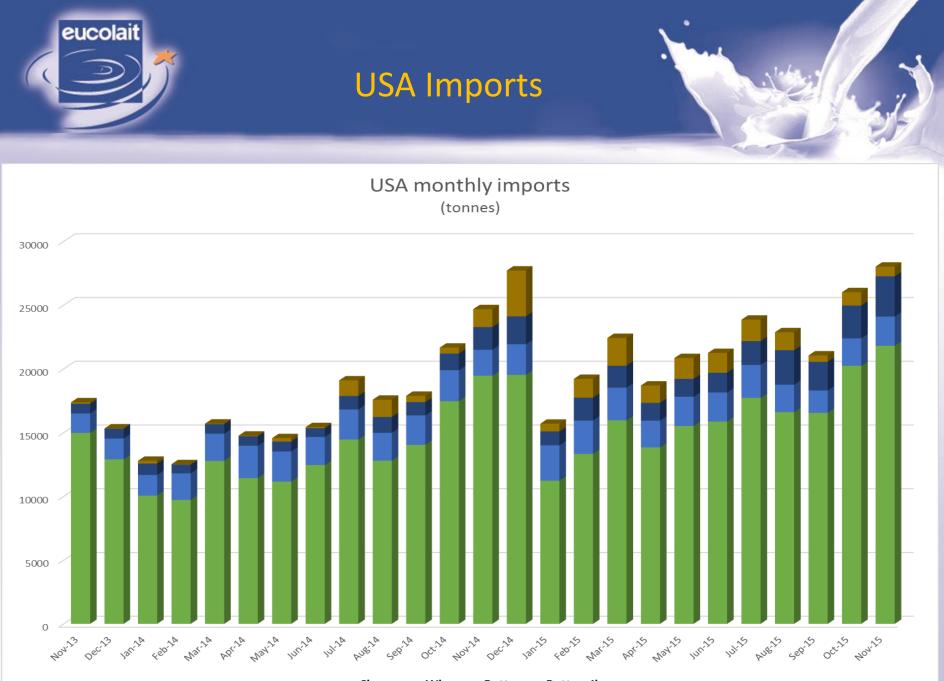


Algeria monthly imports (tonnes)









Cheese Whey Butter Butteroil



## Conclusions

- EU milk production growth outstripping reductions in other regions
- Global trade is still relatively dynamic (at low prices) mainly due to demand in 'developed markets' but buying power of oil producing countries is affected
- The impact of Russian embargo and slow down in China is still visible. Some recovery of Chinese imports in December?
- Bearish market conditions persist
- Continued strong EU export performance and a strong adjustment on the supply side required to bring market into balance



# **Thank You**

<u>Sources used in presentation</u>: GTIS, EU Commission, USDA, Dairy Australia, DCANZ, Fonterra, Clal, Inale,

Eucolait <u>www.eucolait.eu</u> info@eucolait.eu

## ANNEX 4

## Trends in sales of Milk & Dairy products – a retail perspective

EUROCOMMERCE





# TRENDS IN SALES OF MILK & DAIRY PRODUCTS- A RETAIL PERSPECTIVE

Milk Market Observatory 26 January 2016





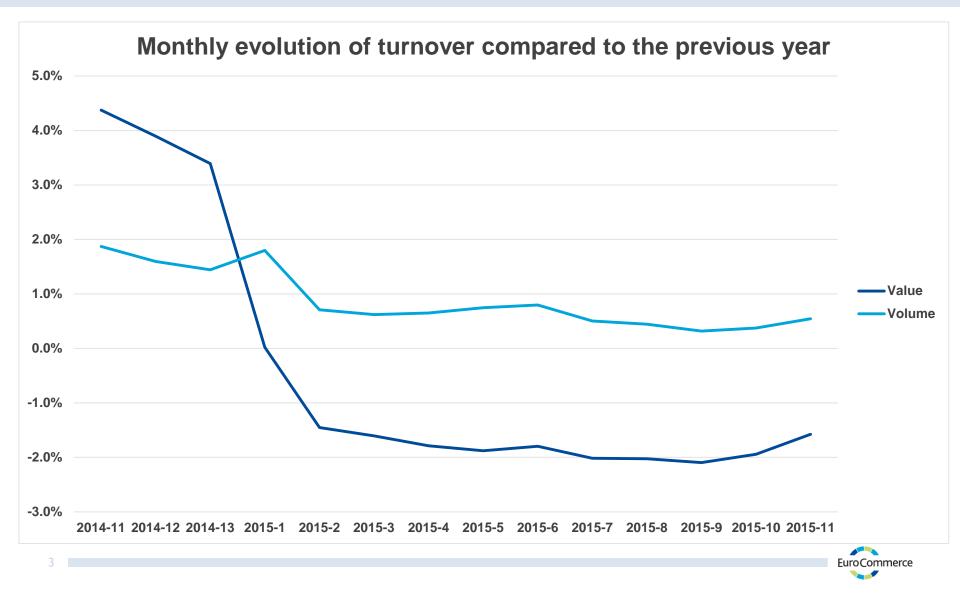
		10 A	ver (value 8 2014-13	2015-1	2015-2		2015-4
Value	4,4%	3,9%	3,4%	0,0%	-1,5%	-1,6%	-1,8%
Volume	1,9%	1,6%	1,4%	1,8%	0,7%	0,6%	0,7%
	2015-5	2015-6	2015-7	2015-8	2015-9	2015-10	2015-11
	- <mark>1,9%</mark>	-1,8%	-2,0%	-2,0%	-2,1%	-1,9%	-1,6%
	0,7%	0,8%	0,5%	0,4%	0,3%	0,4%	0,5%

	National Brands		Private Labels		Overall	
	Evolution	Turnover (k€)	Evolution	Turnover(k€)	Evolution	Turnover (k€)
Dairy	-0,76%	1.343.244	1,03%	928.341	-0,04%	2.271.585

Source : Nielsen, MAT ending june 2015







### France

**Period**: P12 2014 vs P12 2015 (P12 2015= 4 weeks ending 29 november 2015)

Product category	volumes (% change) 4 weeks period (P12 2014/P12 2015)	volumes (% change) Year on year (P12 2013-P12 2014 / P12 2014 –P12 2015)	value (% change) 4 week period (P12 2014/P12 2015)	Value (% change) Year on year (P12 2013-P12 2014 / P12 2014 –P12 2015)
Total liquid milk	-6,5%	-1,4%	+4,2%	+1,2%
Of <b>wich</b> UHT skimmed milk	-6,6%	+4,1%	+4,9%	+1%
Yoghurt & fresh cheese	-1,7%	-1,9%	+0,1%	+0,7%
Butter	-1,7%	+0,6%	+5%	+0,6%
Cream	+0,4%	-0,4%	+0,6%	-1,4%
Cheese	-2,9%	-0,4%	+0,7%	-0,5%

Source: Kantar World Panel via FranceAgriMer (Min. de l'Agriculture)



### **Italy** Period: Y 2015

Product category	volumes (% change)	value (% change)
Fresh milk	-5,6%	-5,7%
UHT milk	-5,2%	-6,1%
Joghurt	1,4%	0,8%
Fresh cheese	-0,2%	-0,6%
Butter	-2,6%	-8,1%
UHT Cream	-3,2%	-3,1%
Fresh desert	2,7%	2,7%
Cheese <sup>1</sup>	3,2%	1,1%
Cheese <sup>2</sup>	-4,8%	-0,7%

Source: Nielsen (Market Track - Totale Italia)

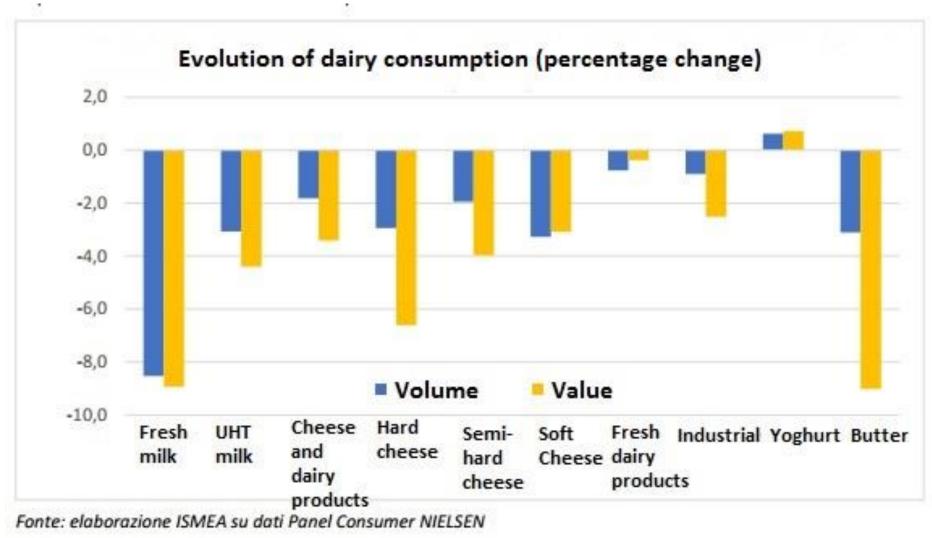
<sup>1</sup> Peso imposto

<sup>2</sup> Peso variabile (universo iper+super) => source: Nielsen (Totale Negozio Analisi Area Comparto Famiglia)

5



### **Italy** Period: Year-to-date (04/10/15)



EuroCommerce

## Portugal

#### Period: Year-to-date (29/11/2015)

Product category	volumes (% change)	volumes (% change) Year on year	value (% change)	Value (% change) Year on year
Fresh milk	-11,0	-10,8	-8,2	-8,1
UHT milk	-7,2	-7,2	-16,2	-15,6
Joghurt	-4,9	-4,8	-6,3	-6,1
Fresh cheese	-2,1	-1,7	-2,3	-2,0
Butter	0,1	0,3	-3,6	-3,3
UHT Cream	-4,2	-4,2	-2,6	-2,2
Fresh desert	12,6	12,8	13,8	13,5
Cheese	2,8	2,6	-0,6	-0,4



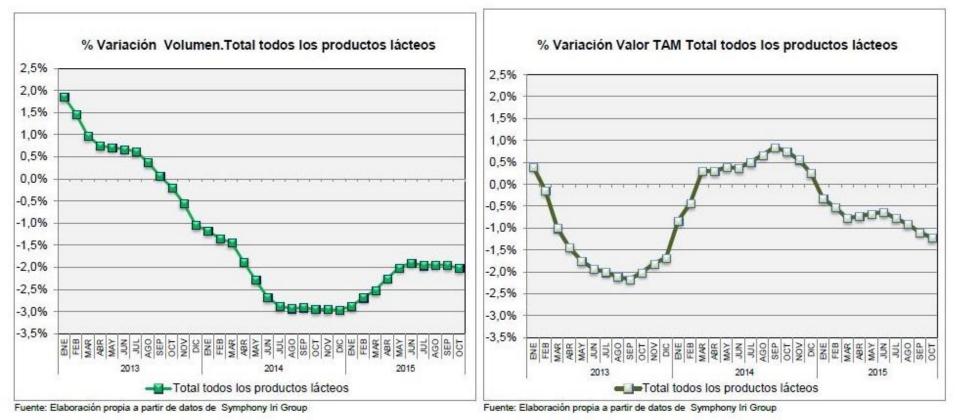
## Spain

	Sales	in Euro	Evolution
	October 2014	October 2015	Value Change
Total milk and milkshakes	2.260.973.281	2.176.060.051	-3,80%
Liquid milk	1.505.772.800	1.409.410.688	-6,40%
Other types of milk	604.076.577	608.060.531	0,70%
Milkshakes	151.123.904	158.588.832	4,90%
Total yoghurt, fermented milk and fresh desserts	2.159.337.184	2.141.262.080	-0,80%
Yoghurt and fermented milk	1.685.699.904	1.654.053.184	-1,90%
Fresh desserts	473.637.280	487.208.896	2,90%
Total cheese	2.170.221.365	2.191.228.993	1,00%
Fresh cheese	422.816.108	421.003.958	-0,40%
Fraditional national cheese	818.119.008	821.276.576	0,40%
Processed cheese	211.377.458	209.989.866	-0,70%
mported cheese specialties	302.417.348	311.356.238	3,00%
Grated cheese	195.989.856	199.657.792	1,90%
Others	219.501.587	227.944.563	3,80%
Total other dairy products	290.112.467	288.110.296	-0,70%
Cream	137.091.408	133.994.056	-2,30%
Butter	84.997.600	84.489.112	-0,60%
Desserts and yoghurts with a long shelf life	5.030.509	6.689.972	33,00%
Powdered milk	62.992.950	62.937.156	-0,10%
Total dairy products	6 880 644 296	6.796.661.419	-1,20%



#### Variation in sales volume

Variation in sales value





#### **UK Dairy Product Retail Price Indices**

In November 2015, the RPI increased by 0.12% compared with October and is 1.05% higher than the same month last year. The fresh milk price index decreased by 1.48% on the previous month and decreased on the year by 8.66%. The butter index increased on the month by 7.5% and increased on the year by 0.87%. Cheese saw an increase on the month of 1.43% and a decrease of 4.85% on the year.

PRODUCT PRICE INDICES						
		compar				
	Nov-15	1 month before	12 months before			
RPI price index	259.8	0.12%	1.05%			
Fresh Milk	219.5	-1.48%	-8.66%			
Butter	326.4	7.05%	0.87%			
Cheese	241.3	1.43%	-4.85%			

Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

Please note: the reference base is January 1987.

Source: http://dairy.ahdb.org.uk/market-information/dairy-sales-consumption/gb-retail-prices /

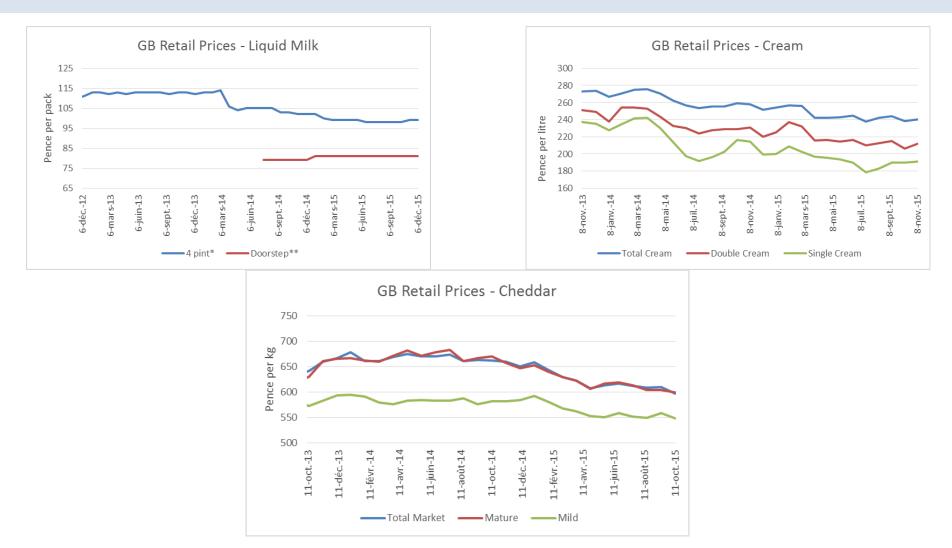


The League table: prices paid to producers on a selection of contracts for milk with a standardised composition (AHDB Dairy Standard Litre) (Published December 7<sup>th</sup>) (top 10)

Companies	Price	Average	
	Oct	Annual	
Dairy Crest M&S - Profile 1	33.31	33.38	
Dairy Crest M&S - Variable 1	35.31	33.30	
Müller Wiseman Dairies Booths	35.11	32.92	
Müller Wiseman Dairies M&S	34.58	32.37	
Müller Wiseman Dairies Tesco 2	33.37	31.30	
Dairy Crest Sainsbury- Profile 1	30.72	30.78	
Müller Wiseman Dairies Sainsbury	32.93	30.74	
Dairy Crest Sainsbury -Variable 1	32.72	30.71	
DC Waitrose Profile	30.62	30.68	
First Milk Tesco 2	30.61	30.65	

http://dairy.ahdb.org.uk/market-information/milk-prices-contracts/milk-calculator-and-contracts/league-tables/#.VIbLcnYvcdV





Source: http://dairy.ahdb.org.uk/resources-library/market-information/dairy-sales-consumption/#.Vi5bDX4vcdV

EuroCommerce

unit price (p)		06-Dec-15	08-Nov-15	Month Diff.	07-Dec-14	Annual Diff.
	Retail (4 pints)*	99	99	n/c	102	-3
Liquid milk†	Doorstep (1 pint)**	81	81	n/c	79	+2
ppl		08-Nov-15	11-Oct-15	Month Diff.	09-Nov-14	Annual Diff.
	Total Cream	240	239	+1	258	-18
Cream††	Double Cream	212	206	+5	231	-19
	Single Cream	191	190	+2	214	-23
. // .		44.0.4.45	40.0.145		00 1 1 4 4	
p/kg		11-Oct-15	13-Sept-15	Month Diff	20-Jul-14	Annual Diff.
	Total market	596	609	-13	662	-66
Cheddar++	Mature	600	604	-4	670	-70
	Mild	549	558	-10	582	-33

*† updated monthly ; †† updated quarterly ; \*pasteurised (private label) \*\*<u>milkandmore</u> monthly spot price - semi-skimmed glass bottle* Source: Kantar Worldpanel Online

13

## ANNEX 5

## **EU-Dairy Market: Outlook 2016**

ZMB



# EU-Dairy Market: Outlook 2016

Meeting of the Milk Market Observatory Brussels, 26. January 2016 Monika Wohlfarth

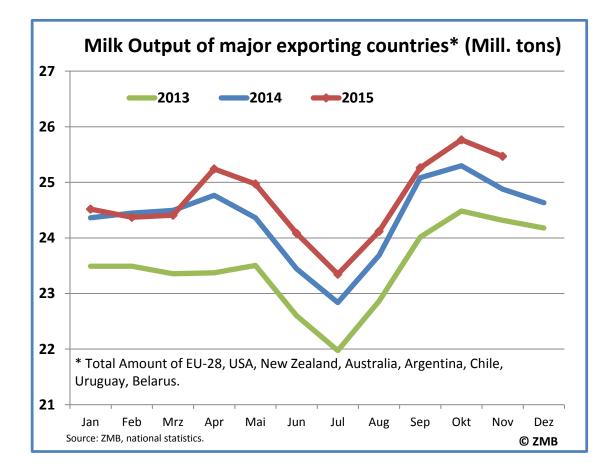
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### **2015 – Weaker Market Conditions**

Policy	<ul> <li>End of Milk-Quota at 31st of March</li> </ul>
Milk intake	<ul> <li>Increased further with reduced speed in EU and world-wide</li> </ul>
EU-Exports	<ul> <li>Reached a new record, but not enough to avoid intervention</li> </ul>
Demand	<ul> <li>Internal demand increased further, but international demand decreased for the first time since 2008</li> </ul>
Milk prices	<ul> <li>Dropped in the most regions of the world</li> </ul>



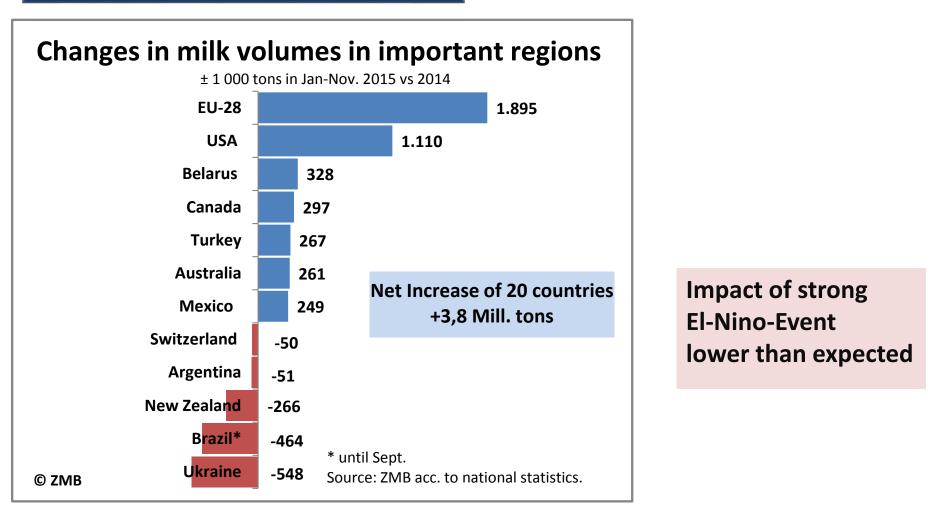
# Reduced growth of milk supplies in exporting <u>countries</u>



Change against PY (mill. tons)					
Jan. to Nov.	2014	2015			
EU	+6,4	+2,5			
USA	+1,9	+1,0			
New Zealand	+1,6	-0,3			
Australia	+0,5	+0,3			
Argentina	-0,3	-0,1			
Total	+10,1	+3,4			

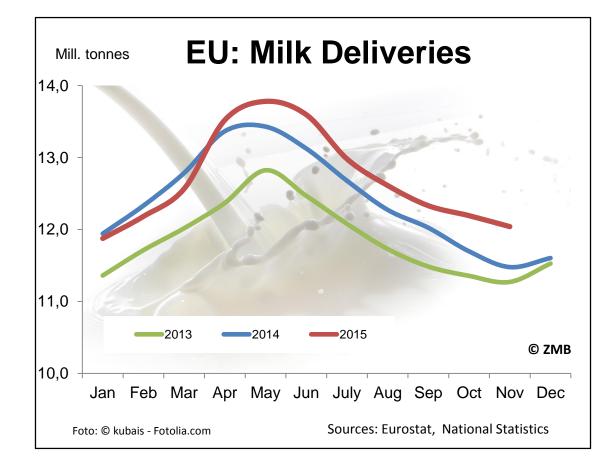


# 2015: Growth of milk production mainly in Northern-Hemisphere



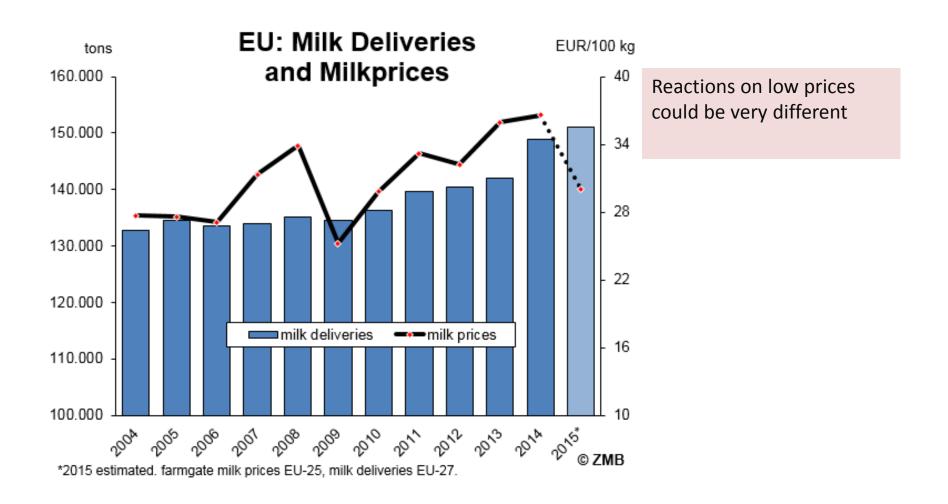


# EU milk deliveries: Growth gained speed at the end of 2015 – partly due to an unusual mild winter



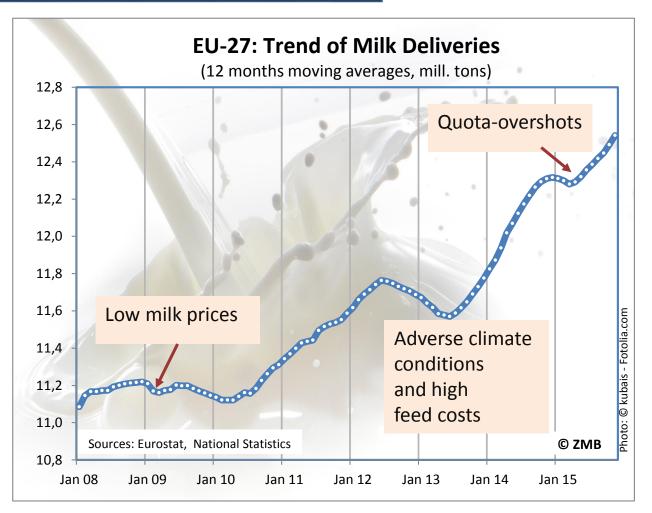


# Will farmers react to lower milk prices and when?



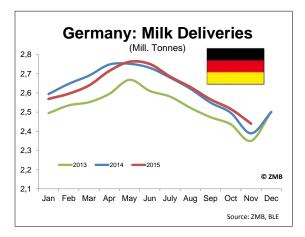


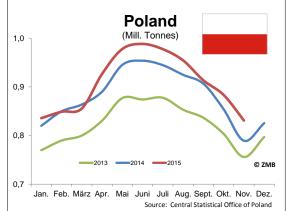
# Rising trend of milk deliveries with short-term interruptions

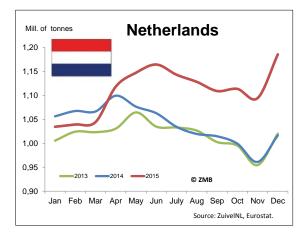


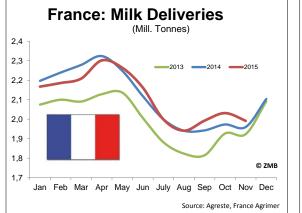


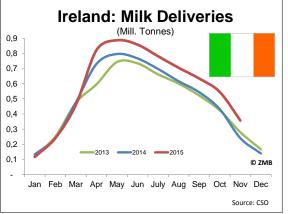
## Different devolpments, but growth in general

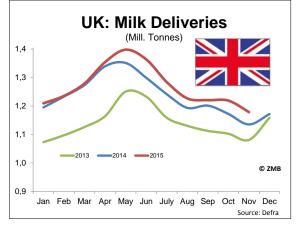






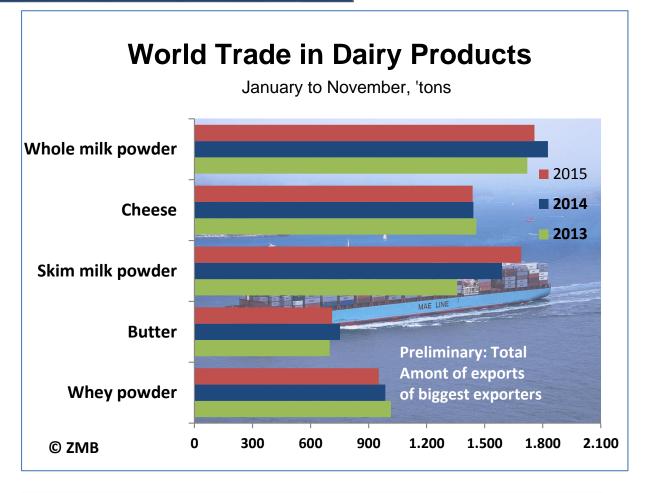








# World Dairy Trade decreased slightly in 2015 against the long-term trend



#### Demand shifted from China and Russia to other countries



## Oil-exporting countries are important buyers of dairy products

Milk Imports of Oil-exporting-Countries (2014 or last available)						
					Share in oil-	
	Whole milk	Skimmed			export (%)	
000 tonnes	powder	milk powder	Butter	Cheese	2010	
Algeria	204,3	167,7	22,4	25,0	1,7	
Saudi-Arabia	91,8	52,2	51,6	133,9	16,0	
Mexico	7,3	203,2	16,6	99,2	3,5	
Venezuela	166,9	7,4	2,9	35,5	3,8	
Nigeria	51,6	28,8	6,6	0,6	5,9	
Russia	37,4	94,8	150,4	316,1	13,5	
Iran	1,7	9,7	45,0	0,2	5,4	
UAE	120,9	26,8	28,8	58,1	4,9	
Kasachstan	4,0	23,1	10,4	22,3	3,6	
Kuwait	16,7	15,5	9,5	37,3	3,4	
Lybia	16,3	12,3	2,3	43,3	2,7	
Total of list	718,8	641,6	346,6	771,5	64,4	

Source: ZMB, Comtrade, FAO

#### Low oil-prices are a risk for international demand for dairy products



## More milk powder and cheese produced

EU-Production of Dairy Products							
	Jan	Nov.					
000 t	2014	2015*	15:14 *	15:14*			
Liquid milk	29.968	29.815	- 0,5%	+ 1,4%			
Cream	2.415	2.480	+ 2,7%	+ 8,2%			
Fermented Products	8.031	8.045	+ 0,2%	+ 4,2%			
Butter	1.841	1.901	+ 3,2%	+ 10,4%			
Cheese	8.148	8.275	+ 1,6%	+ 6,0%			
WMP etc.	663	632	- 4,8%	+ 3,0%			
SMP	1.405	1.513	+ 7,7%	+ 11,1%			
Condensed milk	920	925	+ 0,6%	- 7,1%			
*) Provisional.							

Production of liquid milk and fermented products is stagnating despite of growing population and increasing export

Sources: ZMB, Eurostat, national statistics.

#### **EU: Change in Production of Dairy Products**

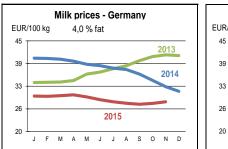
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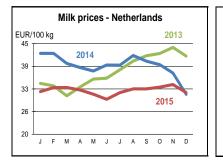
(January-November 2015 vs. 2014, in '000 tons)



## Milk prices decreased world-wide

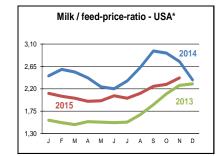


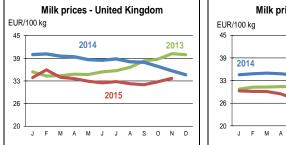
















## Cheese Market: Higher production, but difficult <u>export markets</u>

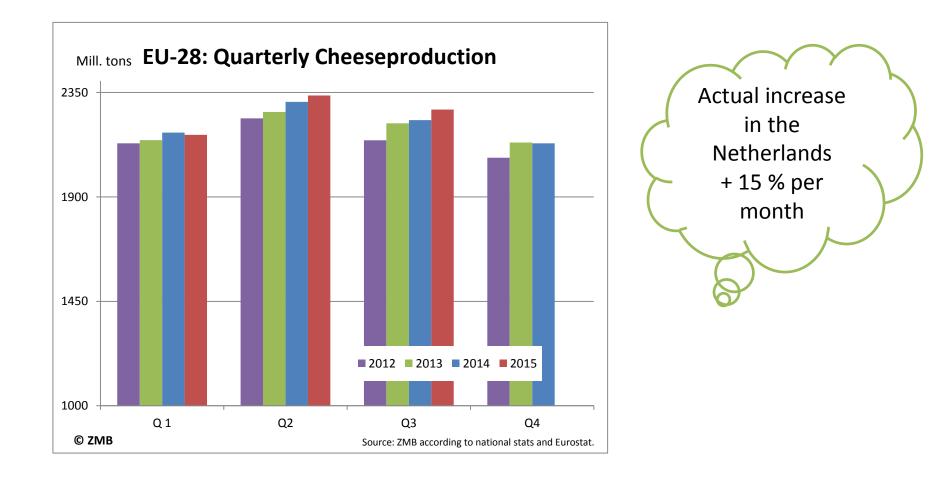
EU Cheese Balance Sheet					
'000 t	2012	2013	2014*	2015*	2016**
	EU 27	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28
Production	9.461	9.514	9.692	9.780	9.900
- from cows' milk in dairies	8.641	8.709	8.892	8.980	9.100
- on farms	100	100	100	100	100
- from other milk	720	705	700	700	700
Imports	77	75	76	60	50
Processing addition <sup>1)</sup>	235	240	210	210	210
Available	9.773	9.828	9.978	10.050	10.160
Exports	776	788	721	700	730
Stock Change	-5	-5	50	50	20
Consumption	9.001	9.046	9.207	9.300	9.410
- per capita (kg)	18,0	17,9	18,2	18,3	18,5

1) From processed cheese. \*)Provisional \*\*) Forecast. Source: ZMB

Updated December 2015

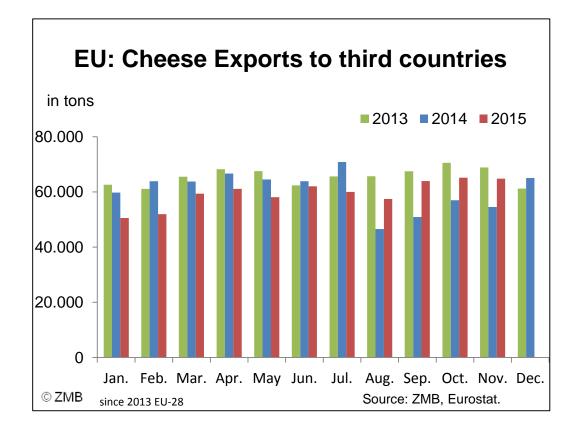


### More cheese produced since Q2





## Cheese export reduced because of Russian import stop



So far 70 % of losses in Russia compensated

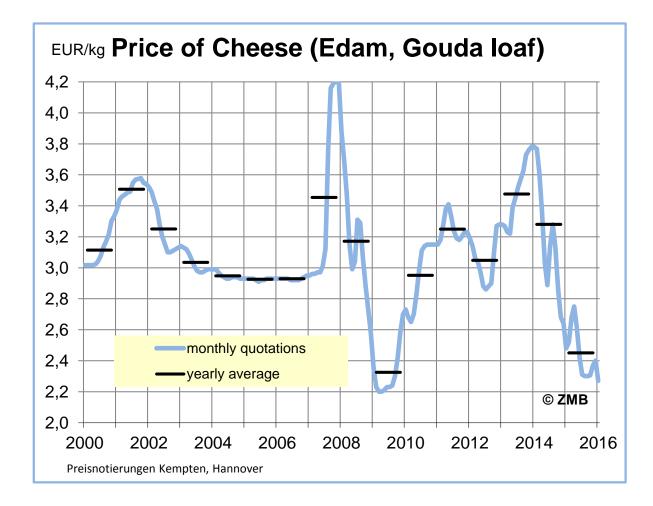


## No growth of international cheese trade

					More competition
Exports of Cheese					🦯 from Oceania again, 🔨 🔨
tonnes		2014	2015	± %	less from US and
EU - 28	Jan Nov.	662.248	654.344	- 1,2	
Switzerland	Jan Nov.	61.027	61.657	+ 1,0	South-America
New Zealand	Jan Nov.	247.219	291.741	+ 18,0	
Australia	Jan Nov.	136.772	154.299	+ 12,8	
USA	Jan Nov.	341.066	291.900	- 14,4	
Belarus	Jan Nov.	150.000	165.000	+ 10,0	Hore to Russia
Argentina	Jan Oct.	51.303	39.247	- 23,5	
Uruguay	Jan Dec.	45.602	32.111	- 29,6	
Egypt	Jan Oct.	95.047	87.657	- 7,8	
Turkey	Jan Nov.	39.231	38.250	- 2,5	Young player
Iran	Jan Oct.	32.891	39.910	+ 21,3	
Total amount		1.862.407	1.856.116	- 0,3	
Sources: ZMB, EU-Comm., GT	A, national statistics			© ZMB	



### **Cheese Prices on historical low**





## **Butter supply will increase further**

EU Butter Balance Sheet					
'000 t	2012	2013	2014*	2015*	2016**
	EU 27	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28
Initial stocks	80	100	100	130	110
Total production	2.030	2.015	2.105	2.150	2.200
- in dairies <sup>1)</sup>	2.010	1.995	2.085	2.130	2.180
- on farms	20	20	20	20	20
Imports	56	45	53	25	25
Exports	128	130	154	190	200
Final stocks	100	100	130	110	110
thereof public stocks	0	0	0	0	0
Disappearance	1.938	1.930	1.974	2.005	2.025
Per capita (kg)	3,9	3,8	3,9	3,9	4,0

\*)Provisional \*\*) Forecast. 1)incl. An estimation for Butteroil made from cream and mixtures.

Source: ZMB

Updated December 2015

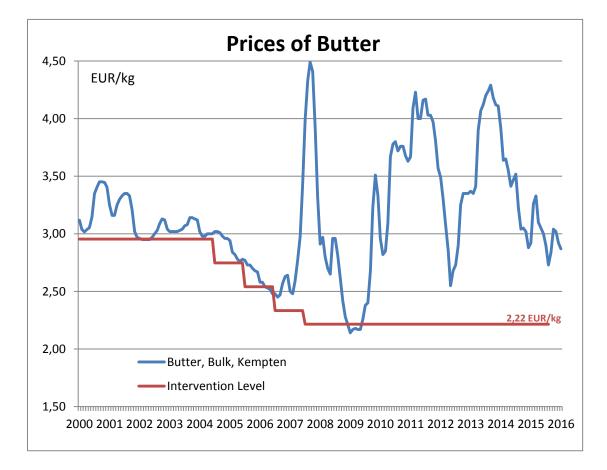


## **Increasing market-share for EU-Butter**

Exports of Butter a	nd Butteroil				
tonnes		2014	2015	± %	
EU - 28	Jan Nov.	137.164	173.205	+ 26,3	
New Zealand	Jan Nov.	456.127	438.488	- 3,9	
Australia	Jan Nov.	36.071	29.314	- 18,7	
USA	Jan Nov.	69.146	20.385	- 70,5 🛑	Net-importer a
Switzerland	Jan Nov.	3.475	3.175	- 8,6	
Belaruss	Jan Nov.	63.292	80.985	+ 28,0	
Ukraine	Jan Oct.	3.807	8.366	+ 119,8	
Argentina	Jan Oct.	12.593	7.385	- 41,4	
Uruguay	Jan Dec.	21.077	20.330	- 3,5	
Mexiko	Jan Sep.	5.498	6.386	+ 16,2	
Singapore	Jan Nov.	8.218	6.480	- 21,1	
India	Jan Oct.	7.275	6.767	- 7,0	
Total amount		818.244	794.880	- 2,9	
Sources: ZMB, EU-Comm.,	GTA, national statistics			© ZMB	



### Butter Prices reduced, but more stable than SMP





EU SMP Balance Sheet					
'000 t	2012	2013	2014*	2015*	2016**
	EU 27	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28
Opening stocks	152	65	77	153	268
Production	1.225	1.220	1.550	1.640	1.720
Imports	2	5	2	5	5
Available	1.379	1.290	1.629	1.798	1.993
Consumption	790	805	830	860	890
- other than feed	650	685	700	720	740
- in feed	140	120	130	140	150
Exports	524	408	646	670	750
Ending stocks	65	77	153	268	353
- in intervention	0	0	0	40	200

\*)Provisional \*\*) Forecast.

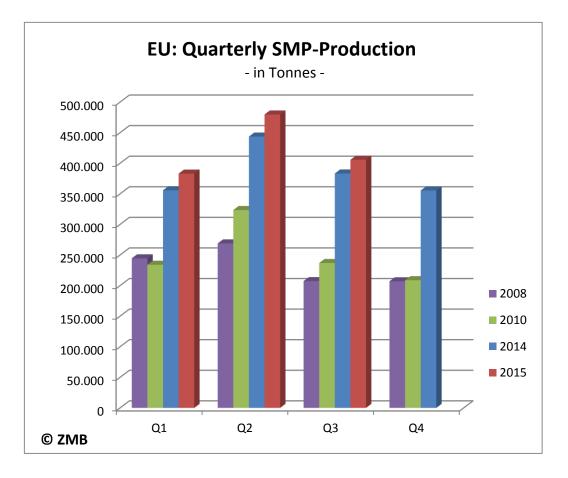
Source: ZMB

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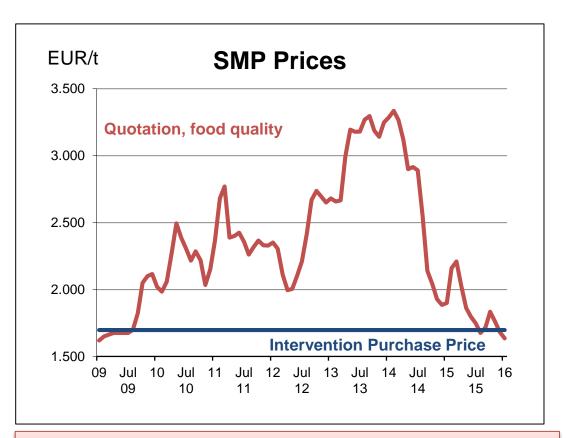
## Production substancially higher than some years

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# SMP Prices closed to intervention level, more <u>competition on international market again</u>



#### **Further sales into intervention expected**



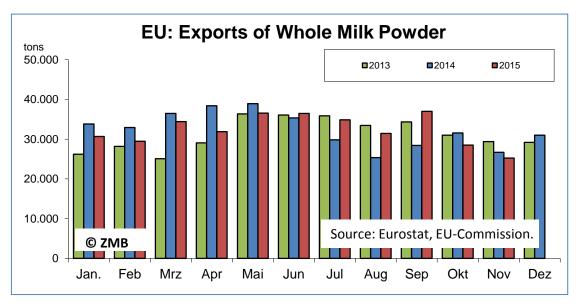
## WMP: International market is suffering from lower chinese demand, but EU-export stable

EU Balance Sheet of Whole Milk Powder							
'000 t	2012	2013	2014	2015**	2016**		
	EU 27	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28	EU 28		
Production	715	770	820	780	800		
Imports	2	3	1	3	3		
Exports	388	374	389	380	400		
Change in stocks	-20	10	20	10	0		
Sales	349	369	378	383	403		

\*)Provisional \*\*) Forecast.

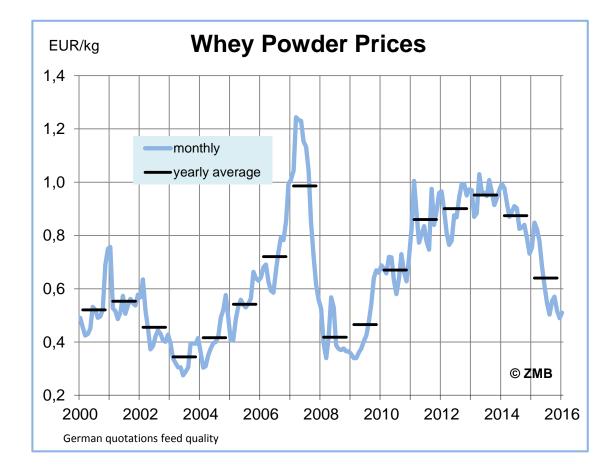
Source: ZMB

Updated December 2015





## **Whey Powder Prices decreased substancially**





## **Summary and Outlook**

- Milk output in exporting countries increased with reduced speed and mixed developments in 2015
- Growth concentrated in the Northern Hemisphere, biggest additional volumes in EU
- Expected and unexpected growth in EU-member states
- Processing capacities limited or full, f.e. in NL
- Growth in EU will continue, especially in Q1 because of reductions in Q1 2015.
- Milk prices decreased in 2015 after two years with recordhighs
- Milk prices will decrease further because of lower valorisations
- Farmers production-responses will be different



## **Summary and Outlook**

- Demand didn't grow in line with production, stocks are growing
- Import demand shifted from China and Russia (markets with highest returns) to other markets
- International prices decreased due to strong competition, esp. from Oceania
- Milk output outside EU is likely to increase:
  - Faster growth in USA expected for 2016
  - Policy-change in Argentina
  - El-Nino is weaking in the Southern-Hemisphere
  - Reactions in New-Zealand to low prices?



# **Determinants for export opportunities – actually more uncertainties**

#### Pros

- Iran will come back into the market after end of sanctions
- Weak Euro is supporting competitiveness

#### Uncertainties

- Real economic situation in China
- Purchasing power of oilexporting countries
- Political relationship to Russia
- Political instability in different regions
- Currencies (China, Russia, Brazil, South-Africa
- Stock situation in importing countries



# Thank you for your attention!

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