



CAP Strategic Plans

Overview of Eco-schemes in the CAP Strategic Plans

DG for Agriculture and Rural Development, unit B2

CDG 21 June 2023



Plan

- Eco-schemes - main features
- Overview of schemes and practices

Main features

- Objectives and scope
- Main features
- CSP allocations (ring-fencing)

Eco-schemes: scope

- **Art. 31** of the final SPR : schemes for the climate, the environment and animal welfare
- Main intervention within DP (Pillar I) for delivering on environmental and climate objectives, as well as animal welfare and combatting antimicrobial resistance (AMR)
- EU-wide and **simple** legal framework that leaves **flexibility** to Member States while ensuring a **level playing field** and ambition of eco-schemes



Climate
Change (S04)



Natural
resources (S05)



Biodiversity and
landscapes (S06)

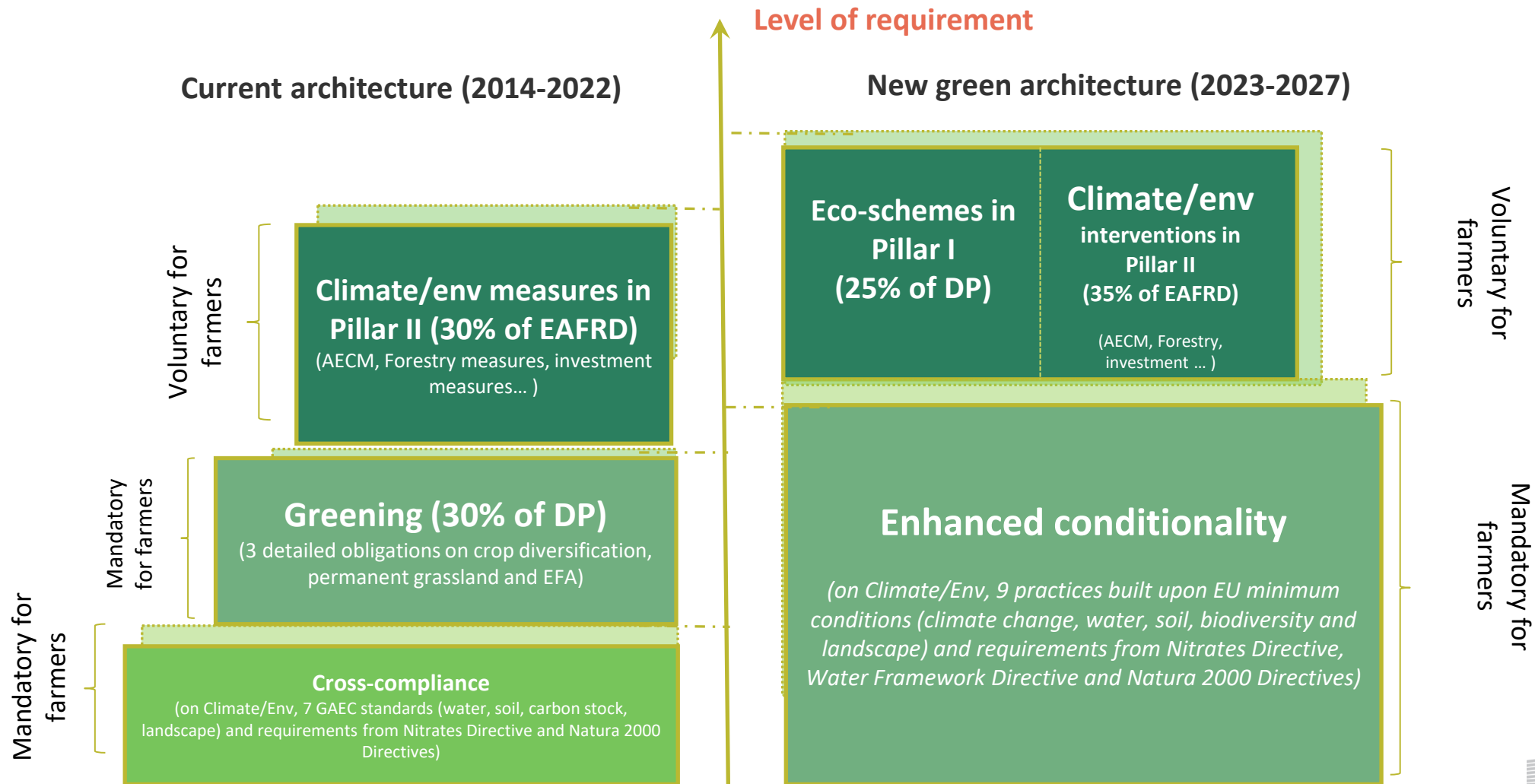


AW, AMR, pesticides
(S09)

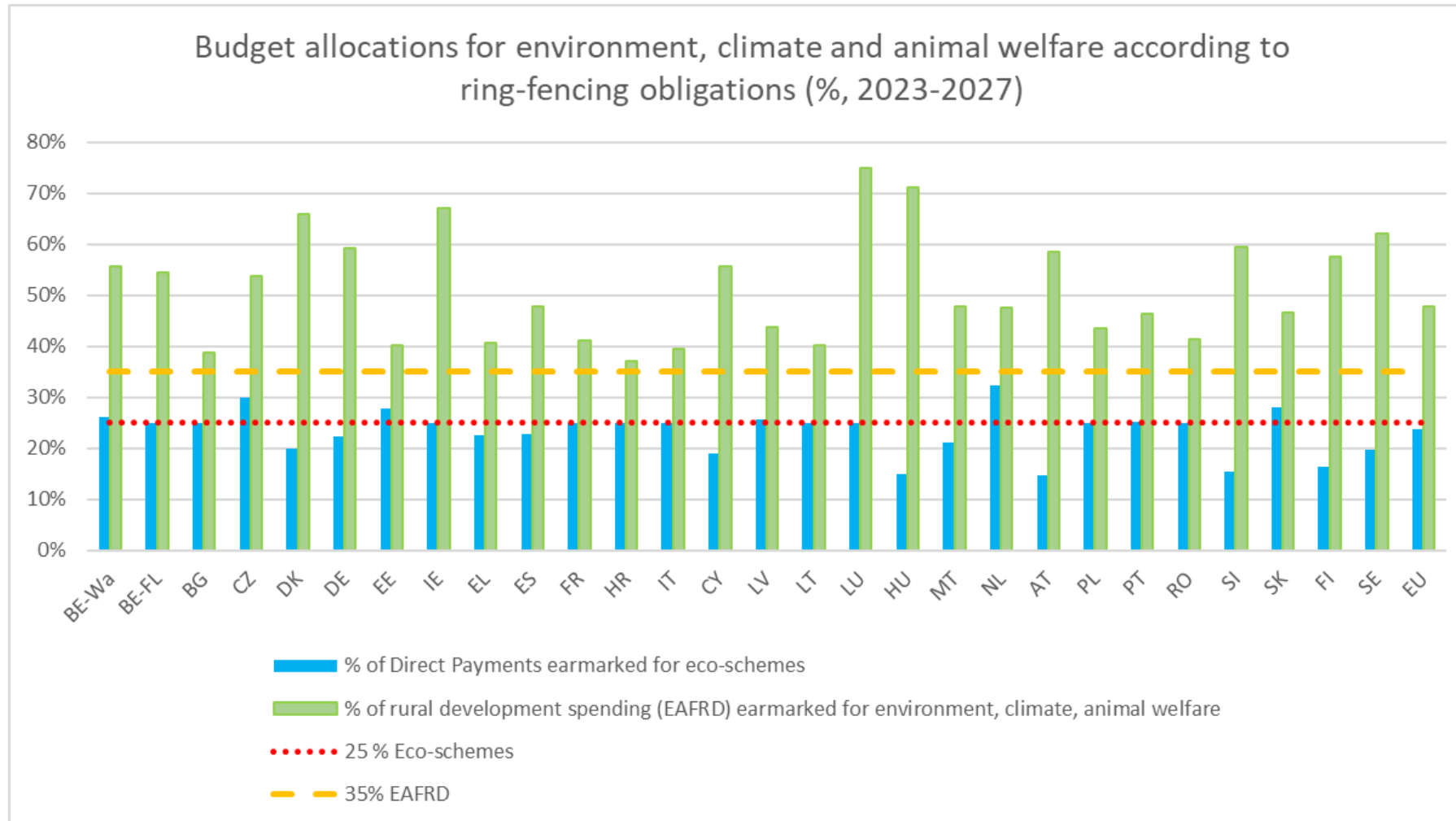
Eco-schemes: main features

- Eco-schemes (ES) support farmers to apply **practices** that are beneficial for environment, climate, animal welfare and combatting AMR and evolve towards more **sustainable** farming models
- **Compulsory** for MS: should propose ES on environment/climate but may propose ES for AW/AMR
- **Voluntary** for farmers and groups of active farmers
- Support for a **broad** range of practices going beyond a « **baseline** » (conditionality, other national and EU legal requirements (fertiliser, PPP, AW),
- **Derogation** (24 months) for new requirements going beyond EU minimum
- **Ring-fencing**: 25% of national DP's envelope annually, lower if use of “rebate”
- **Flexibility** granted to MS both at the level of **planning** and **implementation** (learning period)

The new Green architecture



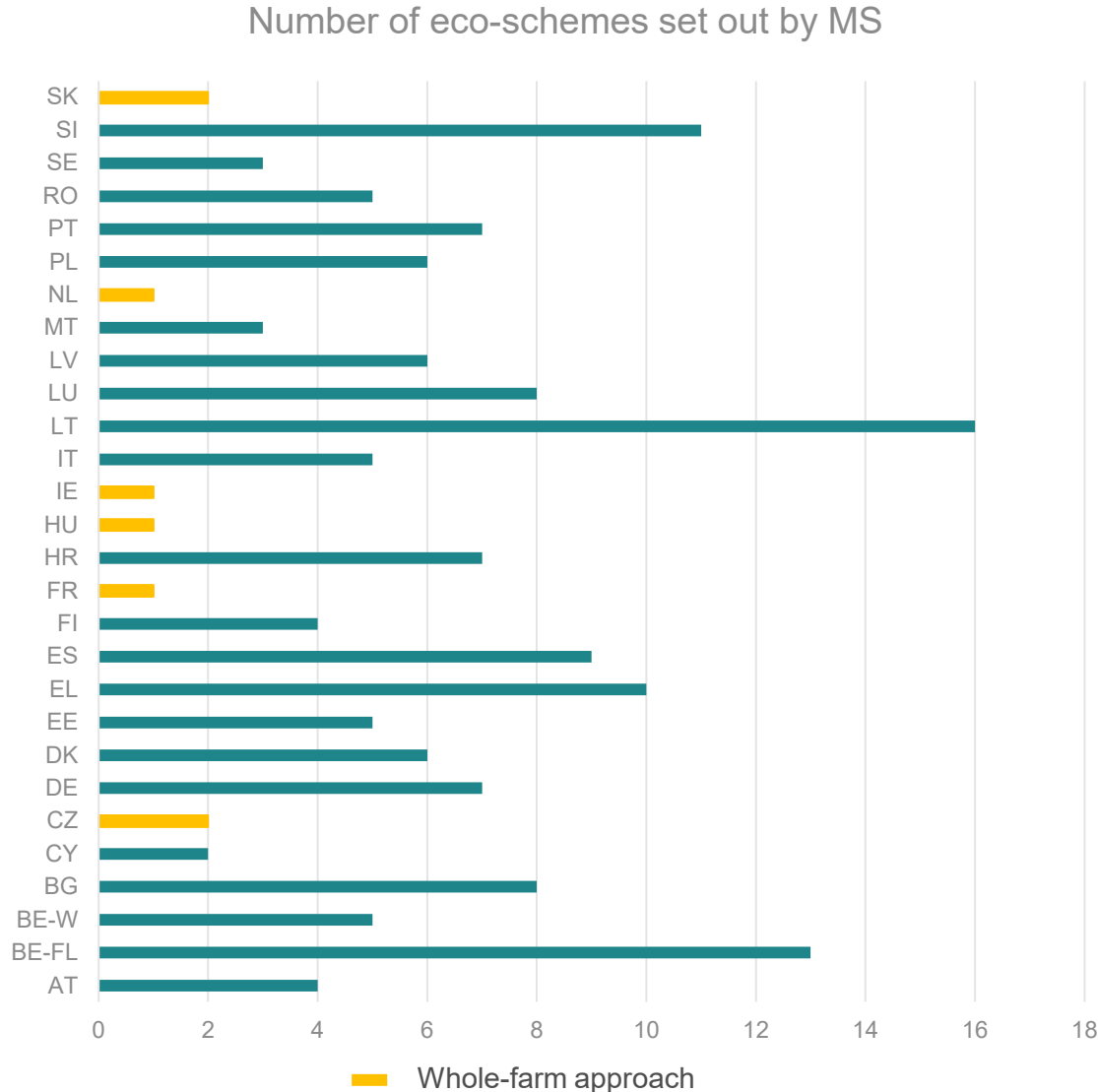
Eco-schemes' allocations (ring-fencing)



Eco-schemes in CSP

- Main features
- Main practices – EU and MS

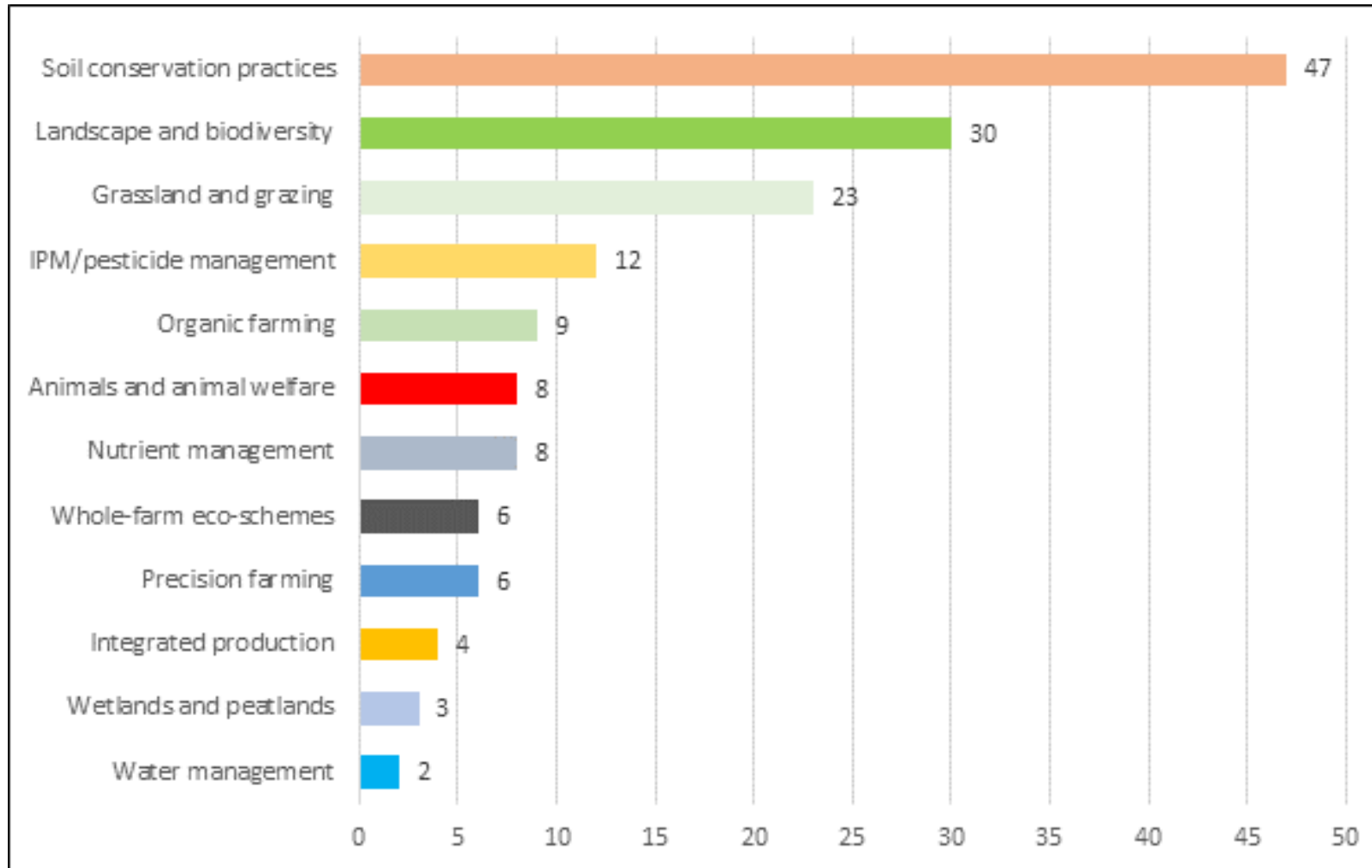
Main features



- The 28 CSPs have set out **158 eco-schemes**
- Most CSP propose **several eco-schemes**, each of which is **relatively specific** to a given objective
- 6 CSP « whole-farm-approach » (CZ, SK also planned a more specific one)
- High **variability** of **design** and environmental **ambition** – overall framework, individual practices
- **Payments**: only 18% are based on payments additional to the BISS and the rest are “compensatory” (limiting WTO rules)
- Most are **annual**, with few exceptions
- Usually defined per main land use (arable, grassland, PC), **not sector-specific**

Main practices – EU level

Number of schemes by main practice



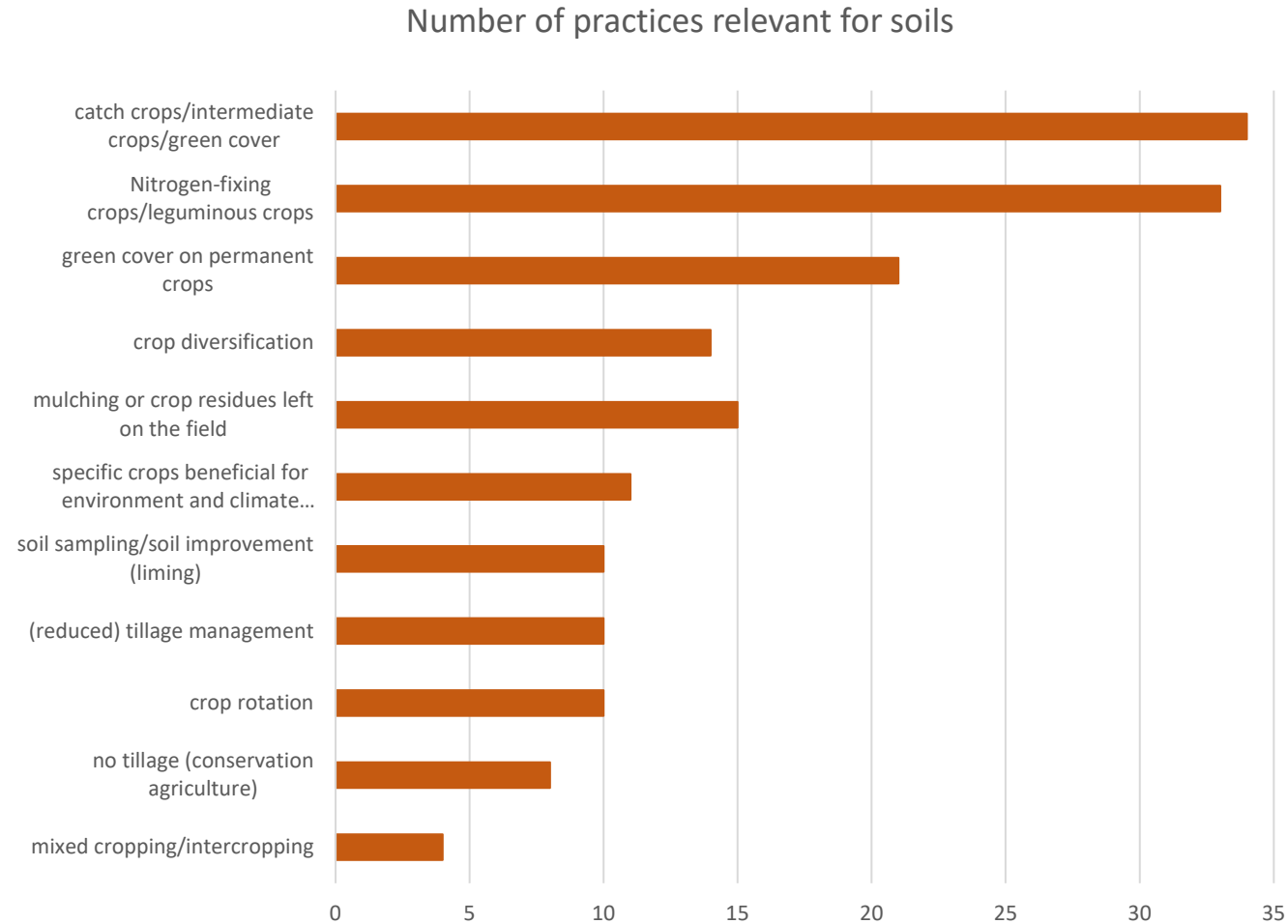
Main practices - MS

CSPs according to thematic coverage of eco-schemes (CSPs addressing the topic through at least one eco-scheme, including 'multi-dimensional')

	AT	BE-FL	BE-W	BG	CY	CZ	DE	DK	EE	EL	ES	FI	FR	HR	HU	IE	IT	LT	LU	LV	MT	NL	PL	PT	RO	SE	SI	SK
Integrated production/High environmental value													HEV															
IPM/pesticide management																												
Fertilisation																												
Soil conservation practices																												
Organic farming																												
Landscape and biodiversity																												
Wetlands and peatlands																												
Grassland and grazing																												
Animals and animal welfare																												
Precision agriculture																												
Water management																												

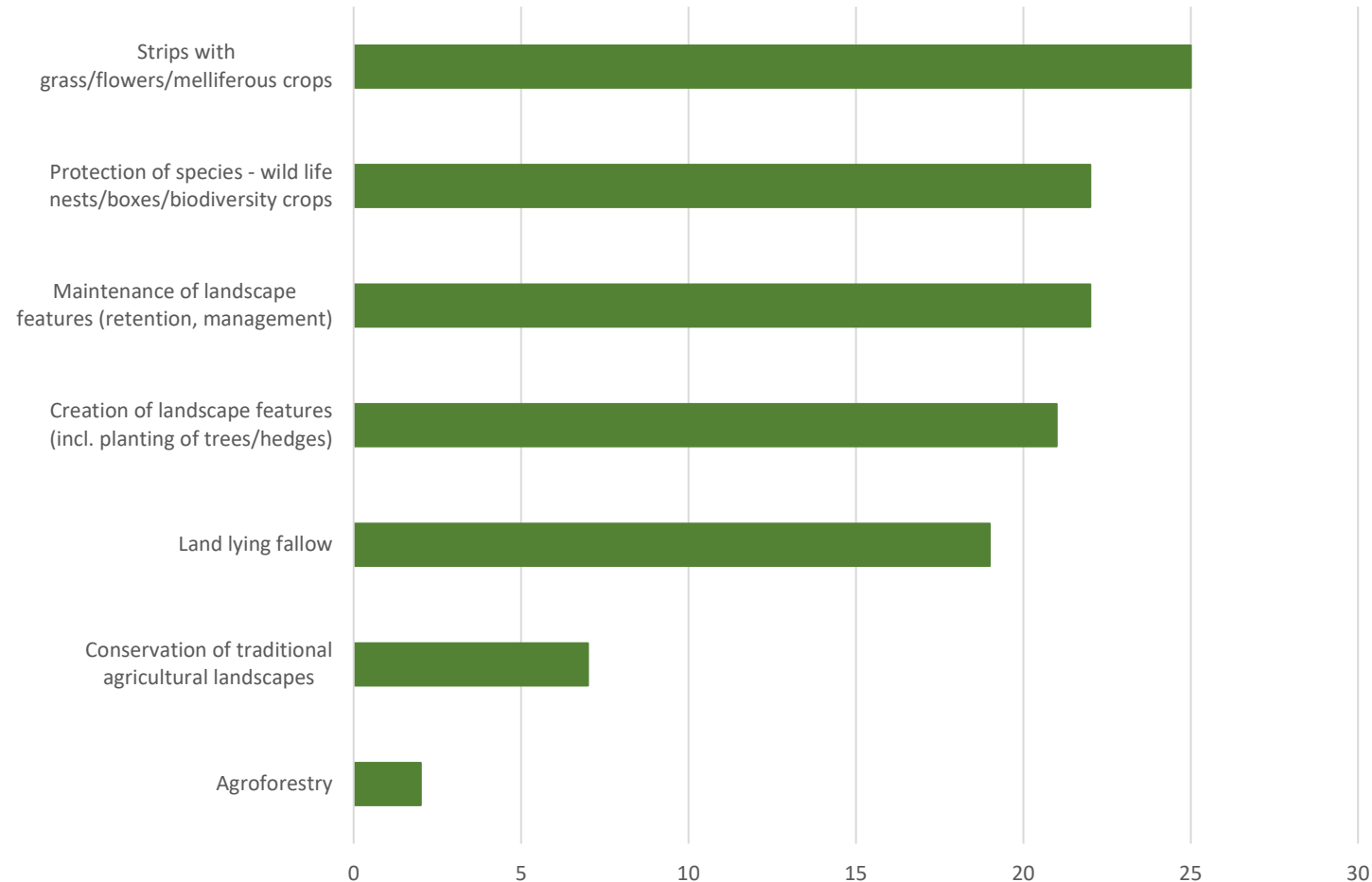


Practices - soils



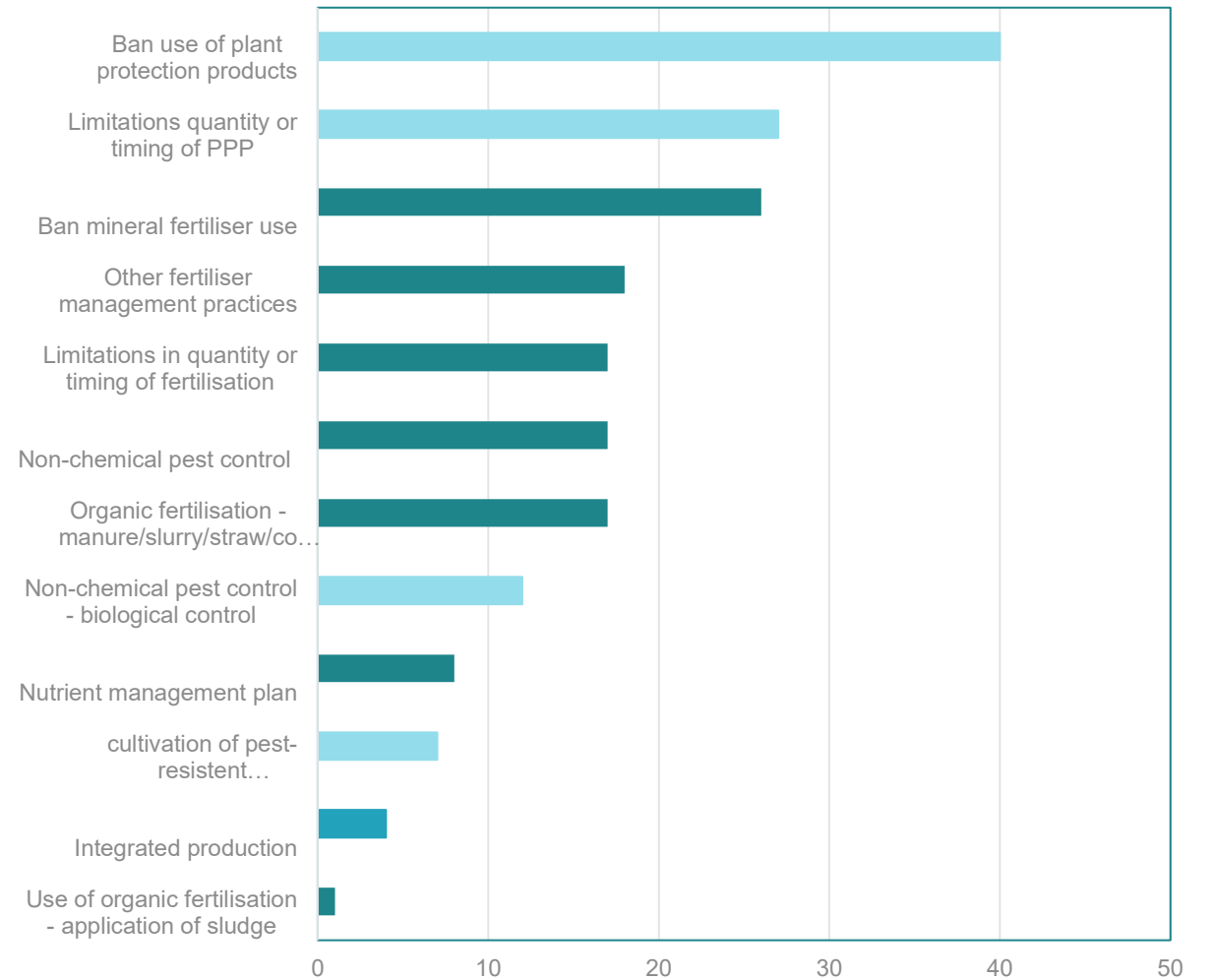
Practices – landscape and biodiversity

Number of practices relevant for landscape features and biodiversity

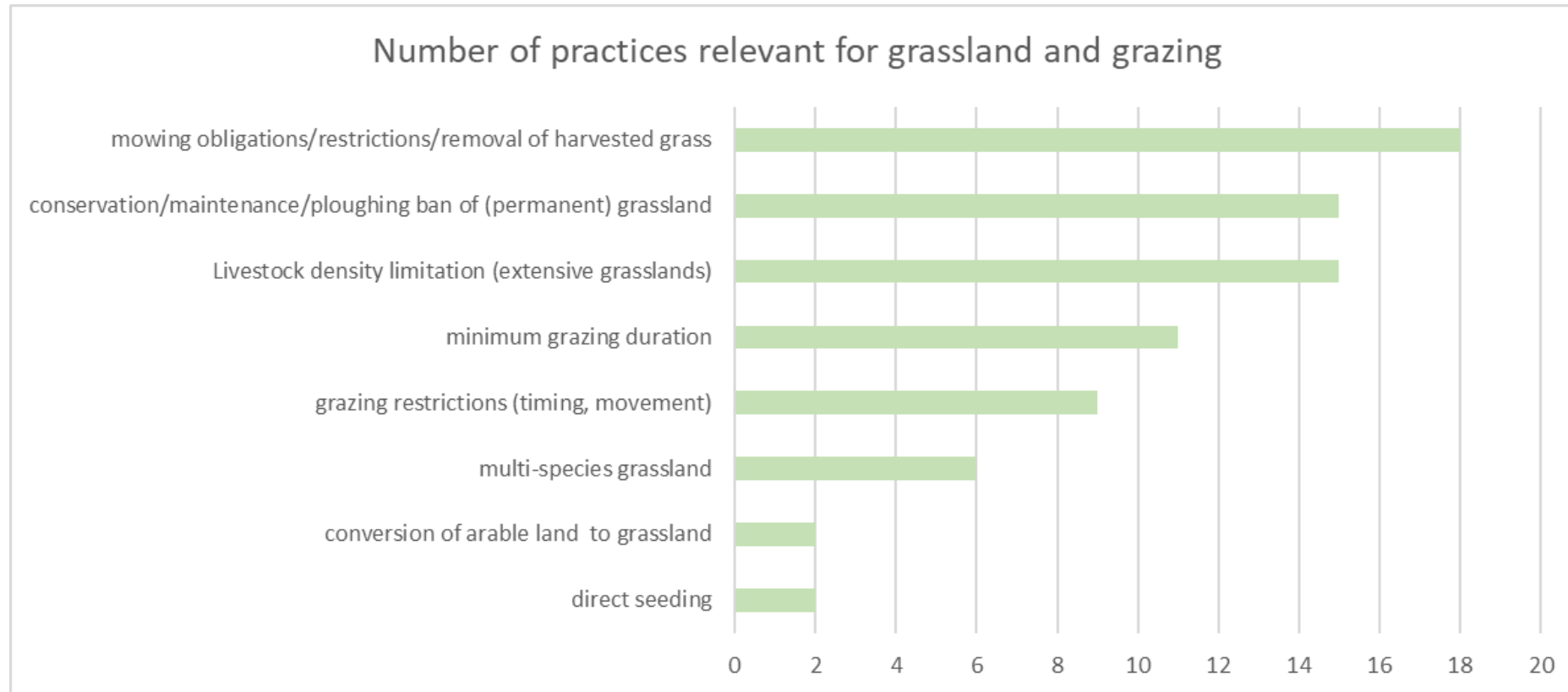


Practices – pesticide and fertilisation

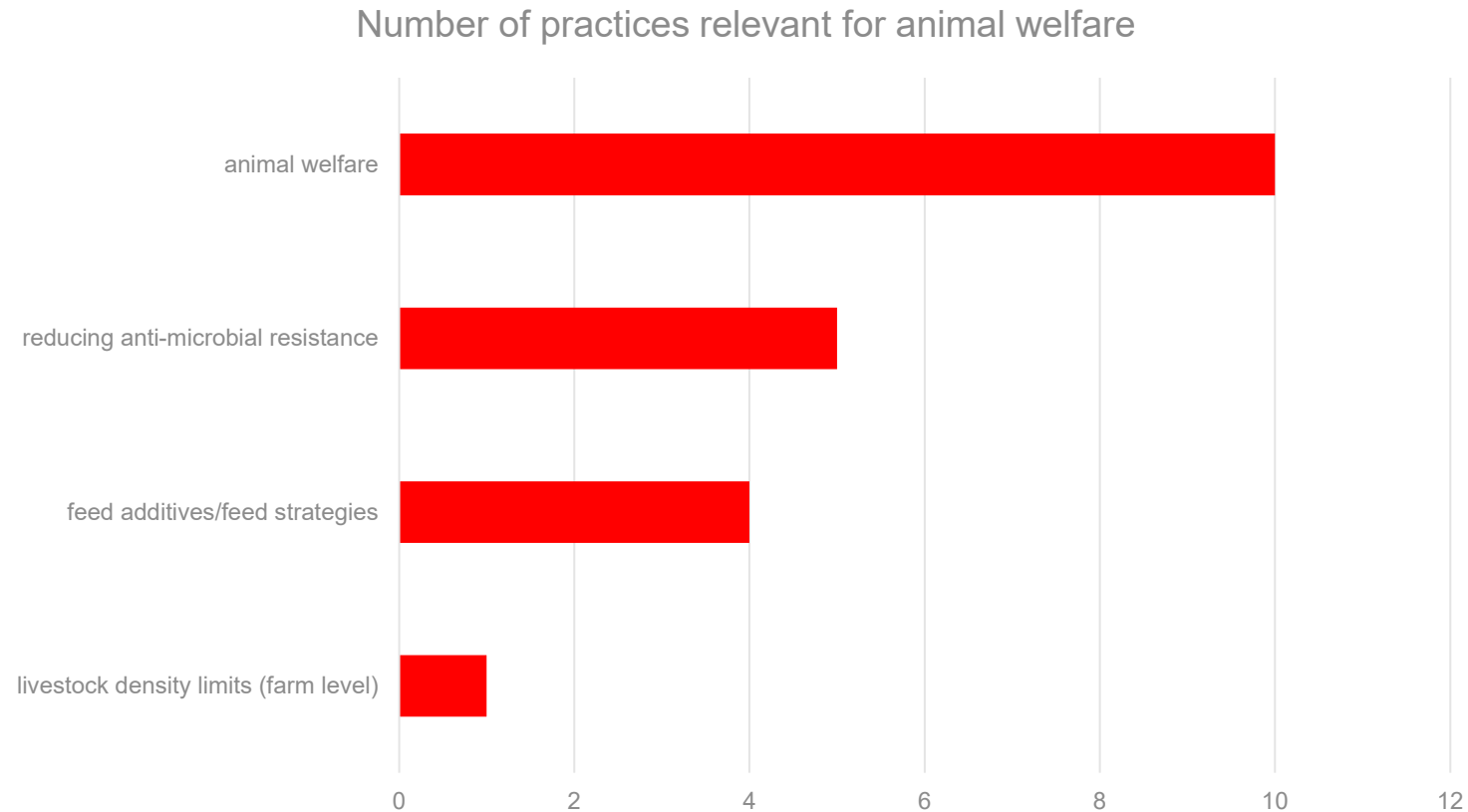
Number of practices relevant for pesticides and fertilisation



Practices – grassland and grazing



Practices – animals and animal welfare



Questions or comments?

- *Are there observed difficulties in the uptake of certain eco-schemes in Member States during the first year of implementation, and what causes this low uptake?*