



FARMERS OF THE FUTURE 2040-2050

Civil Dialogue Group

Common Agricultural Policy

October 2019



An initiative
of **DG Agriculture and Rural Development**
For a **study**
carried out by the **Joint Research Centre**
Including **communication elements**

DG Agriculture and Rural Development
AGRI C Strategy, Simplification, Policy analysis

JRC Joint Research Centre

I.2 Foresight, Modelling, Behavioural Insights, Design for Policy
“Policy Lab”



FARMERS OF THE FUTURE 2040-2050

More than a study

1. People-centered: panorama on farmers of the future

2. Participative:

Commission services: AGRI-JRC-other DGs

Stakeholders/experts: workshops, interviews....

3. Strategy for future CAP, R&I Policy

4. Outreach: Commission, Member States, stakeholders

-> contribute “to vision for rural areas,
sustainable food”



Timing & steps



Scoping –
literature review,
Commission workshops

**Exploration of the future -
Participatory workshop - June**
Megatrends and their impacts on farmers
towards 2040
Autumn
Workshops & case studies with farmers
- Panorama of farmers 2040

Outreach
Develop and use tools
- discuss future policy implications

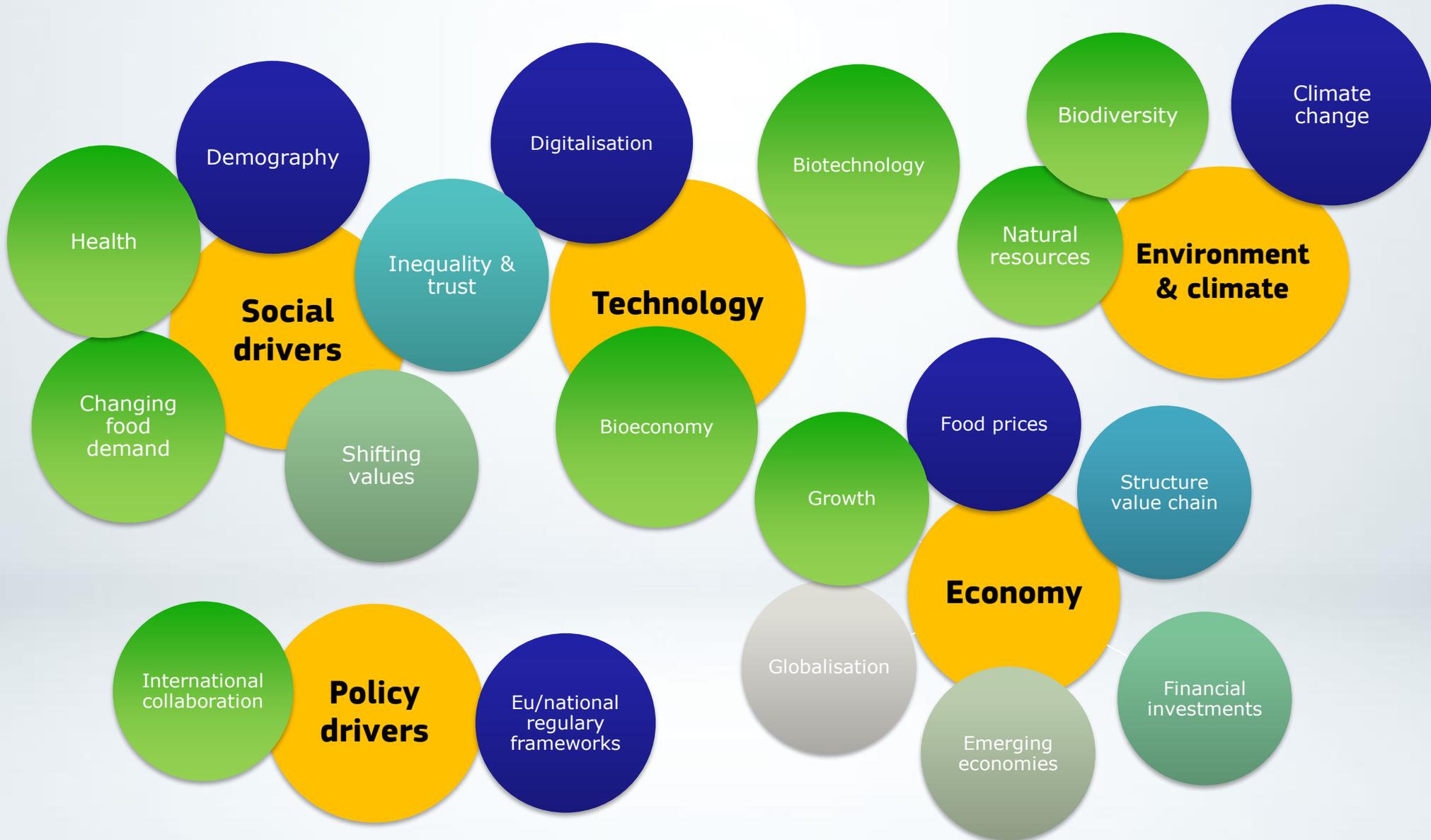
INITIAL STEPS

JRC-AGRI and other Commission services



- Brainstormings, horizon scanning, literature review
- [Mega trends](#) (JRC) & Drivers of change
- Mapping interactions of farmers with their working environment + stakeholders
- Drawing up **12 farmer profiles**
- Contacts for participation (CDG March) to workshops and interviews

DRIVERS OF CHANGE relevant for the future of farming



WORKSHOP on Farmers of the future

18&19 June 2019 - Brussels



- **Expert** views on future roles of farmers
- 50 participants: farmers & other entrepreneurs, food, retail, academics, EIP...
- Current **farmer profiles** validated
- 6 profiles selected and brought to 2040
- **Interviews** - videos
- Exhibition of 12 objects to foster discussion on farmers of future

EU Farmer profiles

green – those selected by participants in the June workshop

All will remain studied – additional workshops

| Current | Emerging |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Adaptive - diversified | Regenerative |
| Intensive - specialised | Indoor – controlled environment |
| Patrimonial- family | Urban micro-farming |
| Corporate | Lab/Cellular food |
| Semi-subsistence | Community – Social farming |
| Hobby | Lifestyle- neo-rural |

Interviews



Commissioner Hogan



*Jannes Maes
President CEJA*



Catherine Geslain-Lanéelle

SOME PRELIMINARY OUTCOMES



- Farmers can get ready, **future-proof**
- « **adaptive** » in all cases, with more or less disruptions
- More **robots**, but farmers still needed !
- Need to be **managers**, skilled, innovative, resilient, connected, etc
- No more a job for life, but life-long learning
- **Sustainability** and **circularity** are key drivers. This includes:
 - *requirements on economic profitability, business models*
 - *coping with more pressure on resources and climate change*
 - *social interactions, including changes in urban-rural relations*
- **Technological change:** opportunities and challenges

SOME PRELIMINARY OUTCOMES



- **Several types** of farming will still co-exist
- Still **family** farming, but more **partnerships** (3-4 associates)
- **Entrepreneurs**
- **Corporate** structures can become sharper - farmers employees/ contractants with more or less integration with (new) asset owners
- **Neo-rural** (choice) and **semi-subsistence** (buffer) still present
- No clear conclusions on relative importance and **size** of farms
- More pressure on animal production, competition for proteins
- -> need to anticipate

NEXT STEPS & Role CDG



- Civil Dialogue Group on CAP
- Interviews
- Workshops with farmers in 5 Member States (JRC/AGRI/CEJA)
- Thematic workshops
- **Interested?**
 - E-mail to AGRI-C1@ec.europa.eu
- Communication – release - 2nd semester 2020

Thank you !

Farmer profiles - established



A

KEYWORDS

Diversification;
Adaptive.

OBJECTIVES

Make best use of all potential resources of the farm to maximise profit through diversification of activities and adapting to new societal demands.



B

KEYWORDS

Intensive;
Production-focused;
Specialisation.

OBJECTIVES

Maximise production of the agricultural goods of best possible quality as demanded by the food supply chain in order to maximise profit.



C

KEYWORDS

Tradition; Family;
Heritage.

OBJECTIVES

Maintain the farm as heritage from the past generations to pass it on to next generations, generating adequate profit to make a living.



D

KEYWORDS

Recreational;
Non-profit; Hobby.

OBJECTIVES

Operating farm business as recreational activity (or semi-retirement) without expectation of making a profit (and accepting some losses)



E

KEYWORDS

Subsistence.

OBJECTIVES

Maintaining farming as means of self-provisioning and subsistence.



F

KEYWORDS

Corporate;
Business unit.

OBJECTIVES

Maximising shareholder value of the company and adapting the role of the farming activity to overall corporate strategy.

Farmer profiles - emerging

G

KEYWORDS

Regenerative;
Conservation,
Agro-ecology.

OBJECTIVES

Creating a sustainable food system through regenerative farming activity which enhances the state of the farm ecosystem.

H

KEYWORDS

Social and health
sector; Community;
Social-inclusion.

OBJECTIVES

Maintain farm activity as a service to improve health and increase wellbeing of nearby communities through social and care activities.

I

KEYWORDS

Lifestyle; Neo-rural;
New entrant.

OBJECTIVES

Moving to countryside to improve the quality of life, take up farming lifestyle and contribute to development of rural areas.

J

KEYWORDS

Urban; Microfarm;
Local.

OBJECTIVES

In a sustainable way (permaculture) embed food production in cities, where most of the human activity and demand for food is concentrated.

K

KEYWORDS

Agtech start-up;
Indoor agriculture.

OBJECTIVES

Develop start-ups in agtech domain which disrupt the current agricultural model and allow producing food in new ways (such as controlled environment agriculture)

L

KEYWORDS

Biotech start-up.

OBJECTIVES

Develop biotechnology processes to produce food without farming activity (such as cellular agriculture).